THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

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A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, on the most reasonable terms.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 10—No. 7. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, August 18, 1849. Whole No. 461.

SELECT FEMALE SCHOOL.

MISS ANNE MARKLE, has just opened a Female Select School, in Fort Wayne next door East of the old Presbyterian Church.

Tuition.

For the primary branches, Orthography, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, $3 00 per quarter. Geography, Grammar, History, Watts on the Mind, Physiology, Natural Philosophy, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Rhetoric, Evidences of Christianity and Compositions, $5 00 per quarter.

All the scholars are expected to recite in the Bible.

Miss Markle has recommendations from Rev. Dr. Junkin, Rev. Dr. McGuffey, Jno Dawson Esq Uniontown Pa., and others.

Fort Wayne, April 28, 1849. y43.

Fresh Drugs.

H. B. REED has just returned from the eastern cities, and is now receiving his *Fall and Winter Supply* of all articles in his line; making the largest and most complete assortment that he has ever before brought to this market, or that can be found at any other point in the State.

He respectfully requests the attention of Physicians, Druggists and dealers generally, to his stock, as he is enabled to offer greater inducements than ever.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 4. 1848. 18

New Arrival of Stoves

At the Old Tin Shop.

R. SUTHERLAND returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large stock of Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, &c., and will keep on hand or make to order every description of

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Ware,

which he will warrant to be as well made, and will sell as cheap as in any shop west of Buffalo

He has just received from the East a superior lot of



Of all sizes & of the most approved patterns

which he offers very cheap for Cash. Among others he has the highly popular PREMIUM STOVE—so well known that it is unnecessary to say anything in its praise.

The highly improved HATHAWAY *Hot Air Cooking Stove,*—the best and most economical stove in use.

The NIAGARA *Hot Air Cooking Stove,*—a new pattern, but which promises soon to take the lead of all others.

PARLOR and BOX STOVES. Sheet Iron Stoves made to order.

The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.—Shop on Columbia Street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, Nov 21 1848 6m21.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure farms. THOS. HAMILTON.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 22, 16 by 20, 12 by 18, 14 by 20, 12 by 16, &c. H. B. REED.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL

EDGAR CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD

CONKLING, WOOD & CO.

North side of Court Street, East of Broadway CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Manufacturers of

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, "fire dried"	Assorted Col'd Paints,
Paris White,	Cider Vinegar.

We have adopted the most approved method, as practiced by the best Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction. Offered at the lowest prices on usual time, or discount for cash. y2

IMPORTED CIGARS.—30,000 of the best brands; also a cheap article, 50 in a box, for sale low. H. B. REED.

150 Lbs. PARIS GREEN G'd in Oil, 6 lb. cans; also, 500 lbs. dry, a superior article for blinds. H. B. REED.

20 Bbls. TANNER'S OIL, warranted of the very best quality, for sale at the very lowest rate. H. B. REED.

HAVANNA SUGAR.—Best white Havanna Sugar for sale by H. B. REED.

EXPRESS.

Leo Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, *on the little St. Joseph river,* in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.

May 13, 1848. 1f46.

BOOKS OF UNIVERSAL UTILITY.

SEARS' POPULAR PICTORIAL WORKS.

THE most splendidly-illustrated volumes for families ever issued on the American continent, containing more than two thousand beautiful engravings, designed and executed by the most eminent artists of England and America.

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I.

A SIX-DOLLAR BOOK AT HALF PRICE!

The Christian's Gift for 1848.

Just published, the most splendid work on Bible History ever offered to the American public, embellished with several hundred new and fine engravings. The whole Work (two volumes in one), making 700 large octavo pages, elegantly printed, and bound in the most finished style of modern bookmaking, is offered at the low price of $3 per copy.

SEARS' NEW AND COMPLETE

History of the Holy Bible,

As contained in the Old and New Testaments,

From the Creation of the World to the full Establishment of Christianity: containing a clear and comprehensive account of every remarkable transaction recorded in the Sacred Scriptures during a period of upward of four thousand years: with copious Notes, critical and explanatory: forming an Illustrated Commentary of the Sacred Text.

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The following new and valuable Illustrated Volume consists of 592 pages, large octavo, elegantly bound in gilt pictorial muslin, printed from new Long Primer type. Price $2 50.

Sears' Pictorial Sunday Book:

Designed for the use of Families, Classes, and Sunday School Teachers: derived principally from the Manners and Customs of the Jews; the Rites, Traditions, and Antiquities, of Eastern nations, explanatory of many portions of the Old and New Testaments; together with interesting descriptions of the principal places mentioned in the Bible, illustrated by numerous Landscape Scenes, &c., from sketches taken on the spot

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*** In the above volume we have offered to all classes, at the cheapest rate, a complete description of the Parent Land, by the publication of the largest collection of Engravings, with explanatory letter press, that has ever been published in America. Our Work is intended for THE PEOPLE; but the KNOWLEDGE which it seeks to impart will be as scrupulously accurate as if it were exclusively intended for the most critical antiquary. To describe the Work would occupy the whole sheet. It must be seen to be admired; and read, to be appreciated. Every American will desire a copy, after he has seen the beautiful style in which the Work is got up.

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The following Important and interesting Work consists of Five hundred pages octavo, containing several hundred new and beautiful engravings, fine paper, handsomely bound in gilt and lettered, and is afforded at the low price of $2 50.

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Or the Lives and Characters of the principal Personages recorded in the Sacred Writings.

Practically adapted to the Instruction of Youth and Private Families: together with an Appendix, containing thirty Dissertations on the Evidences of Divine Revelation, from Timpson's Key to the Bible: being a complete summary of Biblical Knowledge, carefully condensed and compiled from Scott, Doddridge, Gill Patrick, Adam Clarke, Pool, Lowth, Horne, Wall, Stowe, Robinson, and other eminent writers on the Scriptures. ROBERT SEARS, Editor. Embellished with numerous Engravings, illustrative of Scripture Scenes, Manners, Customs, &c.

V.

NEW AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL WORK.

JUST PUBLISHED.

SCENES AND SKETCHES IN CONTINENTAL EUROPE;

Embracing descriptions of *France, Portugal, Spain, Italy, Sicily, Switzerland, Belgium, and Holland,* together with Views and Notices of the principal objects of interest in Paris, Rouen, Lisbon, Madrid, Barcelona, Pisa, Leghorn, Rome, Naples, Herculaneum, Pompeii, Pæstum, Palermo, Malta, Venice, Milan, Geneva, Furnes, Brussels, Tyrol, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Waterloo, &c., &c. Carefully compiled from the best and latest sources, by ROBERT SEARS. Embellished with numerous Engravings. Complete in one imperial volume 8vo., of 350 pages, elegantly bound in gilt pictorial muslin. Price $2 50.

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*** A copy of the Bible is given, gratis, to every person who shall obtain ten subscribers to the Magazine, and remit Fifteen dollars, free of postage.

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher, 128 Nassau Street, N. Y.

6w29

POETRY.

From the Detroit Free Press.

BIDE YOUR TIME.

To learn to wait is to the young
A lesson hard to learn,
Their name, and fame, and fortune yet
Are from the world to learn.

Patience that virtue of the wise,
Young natures cannot brook,
They laugh to scorn the olden way
That sage experience took.

With quick blood mounting in their veins,
They cannot think to wait;
The world is all before them, and
Hope whispers of their fate.

And airy structures touch the sky
Like tales of old romance,
And magic visions o'er the way
In roseate colors dance.

No bounds to future and to fame—
What others done, they'll do;
Success is certain, and the toil
Is nothing, for 'tis new.

The daily wear and tear of life
They yet may live to prove,
And disappointment teach to fate
Where they did falsely move.

Then "bide your time," and "wait a wee,"
The Scotsman truly said;
A "better time" will come full soon,
And patience be repaid.

SUGGESTIONS ON HEALTH.—Children should be taught to use the left hand as well and as much as they do the right.

Infants should be sponged with cold water every day. They should be carried into the air every day of the season. They should be nursed at regular intervals once in about three hours.

From the time they are weaned until they have passed the first dentition, children should be fed on bread and milk.

Coarse bread is better for children than fine.

Children should sleep in separate beds, and where it is practicable, in separate rooms, and should not wear night caps.

Children under seven years of age should not be confined over six or seven hours in the house—and that should be broken by frequent recesses.

Children and young people must be made to hold their heads up and shoulders back, while standing, sitting and walking.

The best beds for children are of hair, or in winter of hair and cotton.

At proper times and at proper places, children should be indulged in the free use of their limbs and lungs. A play room is a useful appendage to a house.

After the second dentition is passed, children may eat all kinds of wholesome food.—Young children should drink only water. One pint of liquid to a person a day is sufficient for health; and that should neither be very hot nor very cold, and should be taken at some interval after eating.

From one to one pound and a half of solid food is sufficient for a person in the ordinary vocations of business.

Persons in sedentary employments should drop one third of their food, and they will escape dyspepsia.

Young persons should walk at least two hours a day in the open air.

Young ladies should be prevented from bandaging the chest.

The author has known three cases of insanity terminating in death, which began in this manner.

Every person, great or small, should wash all over in cold water every morning.

Reading aloud is very conducive to health.

The more clothing we wear, other things being equal, the less food we need.

Sleeping rooms should be furnished with a fire place, or some other mode of ventilation besides the windows.

The proper temperature of sleeping rooms is from fifty-five to sixty-nine degrees of Fahrenheit.

The temperature of a room warmed by an open fire place is sufficiently high for health and comfort at seventy degrees Fahrenheit, but in a room warmed by an air tight stove, needs to be at seventy-two degrees. Air tight stoves are not good for health, unless the room is plentifully supplied with cracks and crevices.

Young people and others cannot read and study much by lamp light with impunity

The best remedy for eyes weakened by night use, is a fine stream of water frequently applied to them.

When eyes fail by age, the aid of spectacles should be called in, instead of being deferred as long as possible.—*Dr. Warring's Tract on Health.*

☞ A correspondent who has much chemical skill and experience, furnishes the following receipt, which may be especially interesting at this time, as rice is almost the only vegetable that persons afraid of cholera permit to be used in their families:

BOILING RICE.—Take one pint of rice, wash it, and put it in soak for two hours. Have ready two quarts of boiling water, with a little salt in it in a stew-pan. Half an hour before you wish to use it, pour the water in which the rice is soaked from it, and, with a table-spoon, shake the rice into the stew-pan without stirring it, and let it boil ten minutes, then strain the liquid from the rice. Return the rice to the stew-pan and let it steam for fifteen or twenty minutes, when it will be done, and the grains will be separate. Add a little butter, and send it to the table.

Boiling Potatoes.—A correspondent of the London Times says: "The following method of dressing potatoes will be found to be of great service at this season of the year when the skins are tough and watery. Score the skins of the potatoe with a knife lengthways and across quite round, and then put the potatoe in plenty of water with salt, with the skins on. The skin readily cracks where it is scored, and lets out the moisture, which otherwise renders the potatoe soapy and wet. The improvement to bad potatoes by this method of boiling is very great, and all who have tried it find a great advantage in it, now that good potatoes are very difficult to be obtained."

Utility of Nettles.—It is a singular fact, that steel dipped in the juice of the nettle becomes flexible. Dr Thornton, who has made the medicinal properties of our wild plants his peculiar study, states that lint dipped in nettle juice, and put up the nostril, has been known to stay the bleeding of the nose, when all other remedies have failed—and adds, that fourteen or fifteen of the seeds ground to a powder, and taken daily, will cure the swelling in the neck, known by the name of goître, without in any way injuring the general habit.—*Medical Times.*

Prussic Acid.—A German paper says that suspension of life caused by prussic acid is merely apparent; life is immediately restored by pouring acetate of potash and common salt dissolved in water, on the head and spine. In this country, rabbits have been at once restored from the effects of prussic acid by this means.

Cultivation of the Tomato.—Mr. W. F. Boyakin, of Jacksonville, concludes a most rhapsodical communication to the Prairie Farmer, on the subject of tomatoes, as follows:

"The plant soon after transplanting, becomes heavy and needs support. Well, here now, is your stake, six feet high, and strong *enough to support it. So soon as your plant* needs support, tie a soft string, say some old piece of linen or soft wrapping twine, round the tender plant and at the same time round the stake—notice that you do not tie the string so tight as to choke the plant, or prevent its further enlargement. The plant in four or five days you will observe, has grown five or six inches, and needs another string tied round it and the stake, tie again. In four or five days tie again; and so continue, whenever the plant needs any support, till it gets up as high as your head, or until there is as much fruit formed as will ripen by frost; then top off, as the Virginia Farmer does his tobacco, and keep off all the suckers, young shoots, worms, &c, About the middle of August I usually top off. This manner of propping them has these advantages over any other I have tried: It lets the light and air circulate freely through them, which is indispensable. It elevates the fruit, after the first branch or two, above the chickens, for they are *feloniously* fond of the tomato; and it is the *cheapest* and involves less trouble."

PROUD AND POOR.—The family of Mrs. Brown, a good widow, consisting of six daughters, had the misfortune to be poor and proud. Above the gross vulgaricy of manual labor, though not above necessity, they lived in 'stuck up' idleness and depended mainly on the hard earnings of the mother for support.—Finally, Maria, who was the youngest, and rather pretty, managed to win the heart and hand of the village physician, and got married. The alliance being considered as a decided step 'up in the world' by all the family, the single sisters became prouder and lazier than ever, while the doctor's wife took a new and improved set of airs to match her advancement in the scale of 'good society.' Being comfortably bestowed in her new house, she began to feel the need of somebody to mind the pots and kettles; and seeing a neighbor (a thrifty mechanic who used to be 'boss' to her father in the same shop,) going past the door, she called out to him in an effected manner, to know 'where she should find a servant?'—expecting to get an offer of one of his daughters. 'Well, I don't know,' said the carpenter; 'help is a little hard to be got just now, but there's the widow Brown's girls, who I should think you might get, as they are dreadful poor, and seem to be always out of work.' Some neighbors who overheard the colloquy say that madam retreated into her house with a precipitancy that was quite alarming to behold, and never spoke of the carpenter afterwards, but as a 'vulgar fellow who knew nothing of the proper distinctions of society.'—*Boston Post.*

Farmer Thorow.

Years ago—and for what we know, it still exists—there was a statute in vogue in New Hampshire, legislating the annual election of hog-reeves throughout the towns in that state. The office was a lucrative one in some places, though it was generally made opprobious, and the most obnoxious individuals in the community were usually selected to fill the post.

Farmer Thorow resided in a small town above Nashua, and prided himself upon the neatness of his cattle, the cleanliness of his fields, the symmetry of his fences and the thriftiness of his orchards—but Farmer T. was a nervous man, penurious and close-fisted.

Waking early one morning, he discovered on a sudden, from his chamber window, that four large hogs had broken into a nice young orchard of his just below the house, and in his usual exciteable manner, he hurried on his clothes, and made the best of his way down to 'Squire Lookshurp, (the hog-reeve was called "'Square,") whom he quickly aroused with his vociferous complaint.

"Now, 'Squsre," he said, "hurry up.—There's four o' my neighbor's hogs got into my little apple orchard, and 'f you'll hurry, it'll be a good job for you; they're fat ones and no mistake."

"Be right straight along," said the 'Squire, who remembered the details of the law relating to this sort of seizure—one-half to the hog-reeve, and the other half to the poor of the town—and, within half an hour he had peaceable possession of four animals such as the neighborhood couldn't otherwise boast of.

The seized hogs were quickly slaughtered by the town official, and were "hung up to dry" in the 'Squire's storehouse. Farmer T. righted up his broken fence, and then repaired to his yard to see that all was snug at the pig pen; he had no idea that his hogs would trouble his neighbors—not he—when lo! he found that a board had been forced from the side of the enclosure and the sty was empty!

In the meantime, 'Squire Looksharp had had the seized hogs dressed; and now sent for his good wife, who appeared at the storehouse door.

"Betty," said the 'Square, "the statoot pervides in case of seizure, that one-haff the pigs shall go to the official, an' the other half to the poor. Now, Betty who's poorer than *yeou* are?"

"Sure enough," said the 'Squire's wife obediently, "sure enough! if anybody's poorer'n *I* am I'd like to hear about it."

"Well—so I cal'late. An' thairfore, one-haff these pigs goes to the poor, (that's *yeou.*) and tue other haff, as I said afore, goes to the officer and that's *me!*" and the four hogs very soon found their way into 'Squire Lookshurp's pork barrels.

An hour afterwards, Farmer Thorow arrived at the 'Squre's, sprang over the stile, into the house, through the back kitchen, out again into the yard, where he encountered the 'Squire quietly at work.

"I say, 'Squire!"

"Hello!"

"What are you doin'!"

"'Baut what?"

"Where,s the pigs?"

"Distribooted according to law."

"*What?*"

"Haff to the hog-reeve, haff to the poor."

"*They're mine!*" shouted Farmer T., half crazed at his loss. "They're mine, 'Squire—broke out o' *my* pen"—

"You made the complaint yourself,"

"I know—but"—

"An' it's too late, farmer; the property is dewly divided—can't go behind the statoots."

The farmer squirmed, and threatened to be revenged on somebody at the first opportunity; but seeing his mistake, at length returned home; and from that day forward had no occasion for a similar lesson. He never afterwards complained of his neighbors' hogs!—*American Union.*

☞ Why is a lady getting married in an error? Because she is *miss-taken.*—*Burlington Gazette.*

How about the widows who are a second time married, friend Gazette.—*Providence Star.*

☞ As to the widows, they are *ex-pair-ed,* as all errors ought [illegible] as possible.

Another Stump Meeting Homicide.—Judge James Campbell killed Mr. Benedict Austin, at Paducah, Ky., last week. They were both candidates for the Constitutional Convention, and the affray occurred at a public meeting in the Court House. They were personal friends, but had previously had some slight misunderstandings. At the meeting here referred to, Mr. Austin was very abusive, and charged Judge Campbell with a falsehood.—The Paducah Kentuckian states that the Jhdge politely asked for an explanation, and inquired of Mr. Austin if he intended to say that an anecdote which he had told was untrue, or that he, Judge C., had uttered a falsehood. In reply, Mr. Austin in a very insulting manner remarked, "your statement was as false as hell," advancing towards the Judge, thrusting his face in that of the latter, and clinching his fist in a hostile and menacing attitude. They were on the Judge's platform. Campbell struck Austin a feeble blow with his fist, when Austin struck the Judge several blows in the face; the Judge was driven back to the steps, as far as he could retreat without danger of being thrust backwards over the steps some five feet high, and still facing Austin he drew a pistol and fired, killing Mr. A. instantly. The Judge immediately gave himself up. The next day he was taken before a court of inquiry four magistrates sitting, and was discharged without a dissenting voice.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Fatal Mistake.—Night before last a man fell down a flight of steps in a house at the corner of Walnut and Main streets, and was badly stunned. A physician was called in who attempted to bleed the injured man, but, as no blood followed the lancet, and as there was no sign of remaining life, the doctor pronounced him dead. He was laid out and left in a room by himself. Yesterday morning it was discovered that during the night he had come to, and subsequently bled to death from the wound in his arm made by the doctor's lancet.—*St. Louis Union.*

☞ We learn that James Summons, the young man against whom the Grand Jury found a bill for poisoning his father's family, was brought out yesterday morning and given the choice of courts by which to be tried—the Criminal Court now in session, or the Supreme Court which sits in the spring. A motion was then made by his counsel, Mr Piatt, to admit the prisoner to bail, which motion will be discussed next Saturday. His counsel claims to be in the possession of sufficient evidence to establish Summons' insanity.—*Cin. Enq.*

Two indictments have been found against Summons, for murder in the first degree—one for the murder of Mrs. Rives, and the other for the murder of the child Henry Armstrong

Affecting Incident of Premature Burial.—We are assured that the following is true in every particular:—A poor man, residing in the upper part of the city, left home at the usual hour some days since to perform his daily labor, and on returning in the afternoon found that his wife had been seized with the cholera during the forenoon and conveyed to the hospital in 13th street. He immediately went there, and as he entered the place six coffins were carried out to be conveyed to Potter's Field. The poor fellow proceeded to the room and inquired for his wife, when he was informed she was dead, and that one of the coffins he had passed contained her body, but which of them they could not tell, as no marks were placed upon them to distinguish one from the other. The man, in agony of grief, started in pursuit of the conveyance, and accompanied it to Potter's Field, when he pleaded so hard to be permitted to look once more on the face of his wife, that permission was given and the coffins were opened. The body of the woman was exposed, he seized it frantically in his arms and pressed it to his bosom. For a moment he fancied he felt the beating of her heart and seizing her wrist, he exclaimed, "My God, she lives!"—At that moment the woman opened her eyes and recognized her husband. She was conveyed home, and is now quite recovered. If this be true—and our informant affirms that it is—what a frightful reflection it conjures up that perhaps others, bearing only the semblance of death, has been prematurely hurried to the grave.—*New York Mirror, July 30th.*

REVOLTING.—We understand that an old man whose wife died a few nights ago of the cholera, early the next morning directed his attention to the acquisition of another. Before noon him and his new partner had tied in bundles all that was worth carrying off, and after fastening the door, departed, leaving the dead body of his deceased wife in the house. The sexton was obliged to break into the house, to remove and bury the woman.—*Rochester Democrat.*

The Boot on the other Leg.—A prefect of one of the French departments mentioned some days since, as a curious instance of the instability of human affairs, that about twelve months ago he received the following telegraphic despatch:

"Monsieur le Prefect—Arrest by all possible means the citizen Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, should he present himself in your department.

Signed LEDRU ROLLIN."

A year later the same prefect received another despatch in the following terms:

"Arrest by all possible means the citizen Ledru Rollin, if he present himself in your department. Signed

DUFAURE, Minister to Louis Napoleon.

Royalism.—The following remarkable announcement is published, with great prominence, as the leading article in the London Morning Post of the 22d:

"We are assured that M. Theirs arrived in London yesterday, and it is added that the object of his visit is to open negotiations for a matrimonial treaty between the President of the French Republic and Madame la Duchesse D'Orleans. We have not heard in what way it is proposed to settle the question of precedence between the Comte de Paris and the possible issue of the proposed marriage; but this point doubtless, has not escaped the penetrating mind of M. Theirs."

MR. WALKER.—A report has reached us, said to be well authenticated, that Hon. R. J. Walker has publicly declared his approval of the course and opinions of Colonel Benton—in other words—that he is in favor of the Wilmot Proviso, and the application of "free soil doctrines to the new territories." We are not prepared to believe this, but it comes to us from such a source as to justify the mentioning in our columns.—*Vicksburg Sentinel.*

☞ General Taylor's route to the north will be through the cities of Baltimore, York, Lancaster, Harrisburgh, &c.—*Boston Transcript.*

General Taylor's "rout" this spring was through the States of Virginia, Connecticut, and New Hampshire; and we apprehend his summer "rout" will be through Indiana, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, [illegible]

AN ATROCIOUS FALSEHOOD.—The statement of the Washington Republic, General Taylor's organ, that Patrick Collins, the late surveyor of the port of Cincinnati, is a public defaulter, is pronounced by the Enquirer of that city, "an atrocious, unmitigated and malicious falsehood." The Enquirer says:

"Patrick Collins is no defaulter, and we defy the slanderers that conduct the Republic to show the contrary. Mr. Collins himself is utterly ignorant of the fact if he be a defaulter. He was stricken down by sickness about the middle of June—has been confined to his house since, at death's door more than once—several of his family carried off by the scourge—and not yet able to leave his house. His successor, Colonel Bond, has also been sick—has been compelled to leave the city on account of sickness, leaving his business in charge of a deputy.

"Such being the condition of Mr. Collins and Mr. Bond Mr. Collins could not well deliver to his successor the books, papers and monies in his hands. The safe containing the monies, &c., belonging to the Government, Mr. Collins has not seen or touched since the 15th of June, when he was stricken down by sickness. He is ready to deliver all over to his successor when he is able and ready to receive them. Is Colonel Bond ready to count and receive the money? If so, the Government will receive, through its agent, all that belongs to it."

The Alleged Defalcation of Mr. Denby.—The Washington Union thus refers to the alledged defalcation, in the sum of $155,508 48, of Mr. Nathaniel Denby, United States' navy agent at Marseilles, France:

"We do not hesitate to express our belief that the amount of the defalcation may be considerably over-stated. We are personally acquainted, too, with Mr. Denby, and we are much mistaken in his character if he has wilfully *robbed* the treasury of such a sum, or even one cent. The defalcation, whatever its amount, was not occasioned by *robbery,* but by the commercial embarassment of a house in Richmond, which was to transmit the government funds to Mr. Denby, in France, and that house was ruined because of the ruin which the revolution in France had brought down upon the house there to which the Richmond house had made its consignments. The drafts were returned protested from France, and Mr. Denby's drafts shared a similar fate. Such is the account which we have heard of this transaction; and we do not hesitate to express our firm conviction, that the transaction will leave no stain upon the integrity of Nathaniel Denby, however liable he may be in law on his official bond."

"REMOVAL FOR CAUSE."—About 2 months since, an "office-hating" whig, named G. L. Remick living in the town of Pittsfield, New Hampshire, sent on his petition to the Department at Washington, supplicating for the charge of the Post Office in that town. The virtuous Fitz Warren returned the petition, and informed Mr. Remick that the occupant of the office could not be removed unless some good cause therefor could be assigned—that it was a position which the Department had taken on the 4th of March, and had ever since strictly adhered to—adding that it was considered sufficient "cause" for removal, if the occupant of the Post Office "opposed Gen. Taylor's election." Remick immediately started another petition, prefacing it with the satisfactory testimonial of Mr. Knowlton's democracy, that he "*opposed the election of Gen. Taylor!*" Seven signatures were obtained in the whole town during a week's solicitations, but not one of the men who signed his petition voted for Taylor. The petition thus corrected, was transmitted, and the return mail brought the commission, duly authenticated. "Removal for cause," therefore, does not extend to incompetency, incapacity, or neglect of duty, but simply "opposing the election of Gen. Taylor." That's "cause sufficient—such is the true definition!

GENERAL TAYLOR—*A True Picture.*—The Charleston Mercury draws a life-like picture of General Taylor in the following paragraph. It seems to us that no man, who ever made any pretension to greatness, has so soon completely *flatted out* as General Taylor. He is most evidently 'the last of the early Presidents.'

'For passing popularity, General Taylor has been fortunate in being the first in order of time to win a fresh and brilliant military fame. For enduring reputation he was unfortunate, in that his victories were indecisive in character, meagre in results, and humble in the display of military skill, compared with those which followed under other leaders.—The tide of his military popularity lasted just long enough to carry him into the presidency; and that greater tide of fame, crowned with the honors of other and more illustrious chieftains, came to swallow up its predecessor, just at the moment that the people of the United States had submitted to the conviction that, excepting his claims and merits as a soldier, General Taylor had not a solitary title to distinction, not a solitary quality redeeming him from the common herd of men. By common consent he seems to have dropped out of remembrance—his enemies not caring to treat him as game worth the expenditure of powder and shot, and his friends wisely judging, that the respectability of their chief could only be secured, like that of the Grand Lama, by keeping him in darkness, and surrounding him with silence. Save by here and there an individual, with whom sycophancy was a blind poison, and babbling an uncontrolable disease, General Taylor has scarcely been mentioned by his friends since his induction into office.—The presidency itself has seemed as much a blank, as the political opinions of the incumbent. It has been asserted indeed that he has been allowed to vote in the cabinet; but as no effects could be traced to such an influence, the statement is in great need of confirmation'

"THE SECOND WASHINGTON."—A correspondent of the Boston Post, writing from Washington, says he had the curiosity to call on old Cincinnatus, was introduced, and after explaining to his surprise that Nova Scotia was further down-east than Boston—goes on to say—

"Well, general," I remarked, to change the topic, "I am happy to see you have recommended a national fast. Under the circumstances, it is very proper." "Fast—fast?" said the President—"No, I believe not—but what do you mean?" I explained. "Ah," said the President smiling, "that's some of Tom Ewing's work, I'll bet a negro. I never heard of it before, but the fact is, my secretaries bring so many papers for me to sign, that I can't tell what I do put my name to."

THE CUNARD STEAM SHIPS.—The new steamers now building in Greenock for the Cunard line will be more noble ships, if that is possible, than those now running, with a great deal more power, to wit: 96 inch cylinders with 9 feet stroke, the largest ever cast in the country. They are expected to make the passage from Liverpool to New York, in any thing like moderate weather, with ease in ten days, and very little over nine days to Boston.

☞ "Alligators have a high relish [illegible] and little niggers, and cholera for Dutch democrats."

The above disgusting exhibition of party malignity appeared in a late number of the Louisville Journal. We merely copy it to show the depths of degradation to which whig partisans are capable of descending. A fellow who can thus speak of the dreadful scourge which is now sweeping through the land, is unworthy the name of man; he and the paper that publishes his blasphemous productions should be scouted from decent society; and the party which tolerates such a sentiment should be frowned down by the people.—*New Albany Democrat.*

An efficient first Majistrate.—General TAYLOR promised to arrest proscription. He has done more—he has committed it.—*Boston Times.*

Florida, whose motto is "Let us Alone," appears to be doing things in its own way, and different from all her sisters in the Union. It has two Governors. Governor Mosley, the old Democratic Executive, still holds on to his office, and intends doing so until October next. Governor Thomas Brown, Whig, who was elected last fall, has been installed, so that Florida will be in no want of rulers for the next few months. The cause of this superabundance of Governors is not stated.—*Philadelphia Ledger*

Mrs. Madison's Annuity.—The New York Journal of Commerce, speaking of Mrs. Madison's death says:

"Congress, two years ago, purchased the remaining Madison papers, and gave Mrs. Madison the interest of a fund of twenty thousand dollars which was put in the hands of trustees.

"Mr. Madison retired from the Presidency with a handsome competency, but it was impaired before his death. Through the indiscretion of Mrs. Madison's son by her first husband, she had become impoverished, notwithstanding the receipt of forty thousand dollars after Mr. Madison's death, from the Congress, for the first series of the Madison papers.—Congress was willing to give her twenty thousand dollars more, but it was known that the sum would not enure to her benefit. With her death, the annuity ceased, and the fund goes back into the treasury. She was, however, enabled to make some provision for a devoted neice, who has been the prop of her old age."

Question and Answer.—'Where were you all this afternoon?' inquired the master.

'No where,' answered the boy, carelessly.

'*No where,* echoed the master, assuming a wise look, and casting his eyes around the room, to see if the boys noted him—his custom always when about to utter an impressive remark—'that *no where* must be a great place, for a good many boys go there I find. But how came you to go there, Patrick?'

'Because,' answered the little delinquent, 'I had *no where's* to go so *I went there.*'

A loud laugh from the whole school followed in which the master heartily joined.

"*Stewed Monkey.*"—We judge from the following extract of a letter from a Californian in Gorgona, that some of the 'universal Yankees' are feeding in 'tall clover.' He says:

"We killed two boa constrictors, nine feet long, one day, both of which were found by one of our party, coiled up in an old house above the town. I went out another day, with one of our party, and we killed a monkey, had him dressed for dinner, and ate him, he was very nice—as good as a squirrel."

Men who can dine off a roasted monkey, will not likely be alarmed at 'the elephant,' or even the whole 'caravan.'—*N. H. Register.*

Consolation.—We see it stated that a passenger on board the ship Regulus, of Boston, in a letter home, states that they had on board their vessel a thin and feeble member of their company, who had been sea-sick all the way out to the line. One day this man went to the doctor, and in a sad, supplicating tone, accosted him with:

'Doctor, can you tell me what I shall be good for when I get to San Francisco, if I keep on in this way?'

'Tell you? To be sure I can. *You're just the man we want to begin a grave yard with.*'

☞ There's many a hook and crook in the affairs of life; but the latest hooking process we have heard of, was a little chap on Monroe street, the other day, fishing for rats! Seated quietly upon the pavement, he would drop his line and hook baited with meat, into a cellar below, and in a few minutes up he would haul Mr. Rat, dangling and squealing in the air.—*Wheeling Commercial.*

Business Maxims.—He who wishes to sell should advertise his wares.

He who wishes to buy cheap should buy of those who advertise.

He who wishes to pay twenty per cent more for goods than they are worth, should go to those who do not advertise.

The man who wishes his carriage to run well should grease its wheels, and the man who wishes his business to thrive should advertise.

One of the 'Glories of War.'—A correspondent of the Delta, writing from Saltilo, Mexico, where some of our 'Mexican heroes' resided for a short time, says:

The Senoritas are anxiously awaiting the annexation of this part of the country to the United States. They say that they can not enjoy themselves since the Americans left here. I have noticed in my trip from Matamoras to this place several beautiful white children, about twelve or fifteen months old, and their mothers the color of a *new saddle.* I inquired who the fatherr of these children were, and they answered me, *quien sabe.*

The School Mistress at Home.—"My dear boy," said a kind hearted country school mistress to an unusually promising scholar, whose quarter was about up, "my dear boy, does your father design that you tread the intricate and thorny path of the professions, the strait and narrow way of the ministry, or revel amid the flowery fields of literature?"

"No, marm," replies the juvenile prodigy, "dad says he's going to set me to work in the tatur patch."

Miss Julia Long, of Indiana, went recently before the Squire to get married. He is ra[illegible] er an absent minded man and in going th[illegible] the ceremony, he said:

'Julia Long—is your name Julia [illegible]

'Well, Squire,' said the amia[illegible] reply, 'it ain't nothin' sh[illegible]

A Hint to Bachelors.—[illegible] Mary Ann Aldridge, had oc[illegible] note to a gentleman, and put t[illegible] first name in the signature, thus: [illegible] nn Aldridge.' The man was a bache[illegible] d consequently took the hint.

A new patent stove for the convenience of travellers has just been invented. It is placed under the feet, and a mustard plaster upon the head draws the heat through the whole system.

The good old Way, Girls.—It is time our young ladies dropped the play of refering the boys to their parental relative, on receiving an offer of marriage. Come, girls, lay aside the old fashion, and on a man of the right stamp offering himself don't look off on one side and stare some particular figure in the carpet out of countenance, and simper, 'ask pa,' but fling your arms around his neck, kiss him, look him in the eyes and say, '*Well, I will!*'

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1849.

THE CHOLERA appears to be subsiding in Huntington, Toledo, and Lafayette. In Cincinnati and St. Louis it has entirely disappeared; and the accounts are cheering from almost every direction. In Buffalo and New York, the mortality is still great, though not so much so as it was a week or two ago.

INDIANA ELECTION.—The majorities of Wright and Lane, the democratic candidates for Governor and Lieut. Governor, will be from 8,000 to

10,000!!!

The democrats have elected 9 out of 10 members of Congress! a majority of 8 in the Senate, and 17 in the House of Representatives!! and have carried their county tickets in several counties which have hitherto invariably given heavy whig majorities—Wayne county for instance. Taylorism is evidently no go in Indiana.

The majority in favor of a convention to amend the constitution is 15,000. The new School Law has been adopted in nearly all the counties in the state.

We will publish the full official vote as soon as we receive it.

Tenth Congressional District.

We have received official returns from all the counties, except Jay and Steuben. The Marion Western Union puts Harlan's majority in Jay at 160, being 60 more than we stated in our last; and the official returns give Kilgore a majority of 45 in Randolph, instead of 3 for Harlan. Delaware only gives 621 for Kilgore, instead of 650 as reported. Allowing our last week's report from Steuben, and the Union's report from Jay to be correct, Harlan's majority is 677. It will not, we think, vary much from this.

The *Delaware Chief* is evidently not the Chief of the Tenth District.

P. S.—We have just got the official vote of Steuben, which is 20 for Kilgore—making Harlan's majority 717.

INDIANA.—*Members of Congress Elected.*

1st District—N. Albertson, democrat.
2d " C. L. Dunham, democrat.
3d " J. L. Robinson, democrat.
4th " G. W. Julian, *free-soil dem!!*
5th " W. J. Brown, democrat.
6th " W. A. Gorman, democrat.
7th " E. W. McGaughy, *whig!!!*
8th " J. E. McDonald, democrat.
9th " G. N. Fitch, democrat.
10th " A. J. Harlan, democrat.

Nine democrats to one whig. What does Truman Smith think of the effects of his electioneering letters and attempt to bribe the citizens of Indiana by offer of office. We had no democratic candidate in the 7th district, or we should probably have elected the entire delegation.

O, what has caused this great commotion, motion, motion, otion?

Democratic Victory in Tennessee.

Whiggery has been entirely used up in Tennessee, and Democracy has swept over the state with a perfect tornado. Trousdale(dem.) is elected Governor by over 3,000 majority.—We have GAINED THREE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS! and have elected a large majority in each branch of the Legislature!!

KENTUCKY, TOO!

In [illegible], the Gibraltar of Coondom, we have gained a Member of Congress, and reduced the majorities in the districts which elected [illegible] a mere fraction of what they have usually given. One or two year's more experience of the administration of the Second Washington.—the last of the earlier Presidents—will bring Kentucky out "right end up."

The delegation to Congress is equally divided—5 whigs and 5 democrats.

AND NORTH CAROLINA!

Old Rip is waking up, and seeking admittance into the democratic ranks. We have gained a Member of Congress—making the delegation now stand—5 whigs to 4 democrats!

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIA.

NEW YORK, August 16, 3 P. M.

The Hibernia arrived at Boston about midnight last night.

LIVERPOOL, August 4, 1849.

Trade continues quiet but steady. Cotton has a moderate demand. The prospects of harvest are of the most favorable character.—Business going forward.

Under the prospect of a good harvest, breadstuffs of all descriptions are depressed, particularly Indian Corn. White and yellow quoted at 21a25s per quarter.

Sales of flour limited and prices in favor of buyers.

American round hoop and good scarce.—Sales to a limited extent at 24a25s. per bbl. quiet. Inferior and uninspected is offering in quantity at 20a21s.

ENGLAND.—The Queen having quitted Osborne House for Ireland on the 1st inst., Parliament was prorogued by the Commissioner. The speech delivered at the close contains nothing novel. The inhabitants of Cork, Dublin and Belfast are making most active preparations for a loyal and enthusiastic reception [illegible]. Politicals feeling are almost forgotten.

HUNGARY.—The Hungarians continue successful. They have defeated and out manœuvered the enemy, placed the Austrians in peril, and cut off the Russians from their base of operations.

The three great generals are now in communication with each other, and ready to act together if necessary. Their respective positions are rendered secure by the nature of the country, while there is nothing to prevent their emerging from their fastnesses, when an occasion presents itself. The whole population serve them heart and hand, and bring them food, horses, and intelligence of the enemy's movements.

The London News of August 3d, has Vienna dates to July 28th. Gen. Georgey having beaten the Russians at Japeo, had entered Raschan, crossed the Theis, and at Vienna already there were rumors of intentions to negotiate peace.

Lenswere is reported to have surrendered to the Magyars, the Ban of Jallachich continuing to retreat towards the south of Smynia.

A postcript to the Liverpool Courier, says: Accounts from Hungary, through Paris, Vienna, and Cologne, announce another battle in Hungary, and the victory of the Hungarians, at Jaytean. It appears that the troops of Dembinski and Paskeewitch came to an engagement which ended in the defeat of the Russians. Paskeewitch was cut off from his line. Dembinski, Bem, and Georgey were in communication.

On the 15th of July a desperate battle was fought at Weitzen, between the Russian commander, Paskeewitch, and the Hungarians, under Georgey, in which the former were defeated.

The army of Georgey had broken through the Russian lines, and marched north, effecting a junction with the main army.

A letter from the seat of war says, the attack of the Hungarians upon Pasker was tremendous. The Russians were borne down, and compelled to retire, before the terrible onslaught of the Magyars, who fought with unexampled courage.

Another letter described the Russian retreat as a disorderly flight before Dembrinski's hussars, and states that the Russians were only saved from annihilation by the arrival of Kemberg.

It was admitted at Vienna on the 20th that the victory at Weitzen had been complete.

FRANCE.—The President had been on a tour to the south, and on his return to Paris is to review the whole army of the Seine, amounting to one hundred and fifty thousand men.

There seems every prospect of a most abundant harvest through France, in some departments wheat is already cut under the most favorable circumstance.

Funds are on the advance.

The President is accused of aiming at the Imperial crown.

The Liverpool Journal says he received a reception in the provinces which did not warrant the hopes he entertained of being re-elected for ten years.

BUFFALO, August 16.

Thirty-nine cases and sixteen deaths by cholera.

ALBANY, August 16.

Eleven deaths by cholera.

NEW YORK, August 16.

Ninety-two cases and thirty-nine deaths by cholera.

TOLEDO, August 17, 5 P. M.

Active demand with receipts, and free transactions. Sales 60 bbls. Parish Mills flour at $4.80, destined for Cincinnati. Two thousand bushels wheat to arrive, at 98 cents free on board vessel. One hundred and thirty bushels do. from teams at 98 cents. High wines 19a 20 cents. Salt from dock, 98 cents.

Arrived this morning from Montreal Canadian Steamer Commerce, with 400 bbls. mackerel—return cargo, corn meal.

No report from the East, the Cleveland line being down.

Arrival of the Steamship America.

ST. JOHN'S, Aug. 9.

The Steamer America arrived at Halifax at 12 o'clock this morning.

The advices from Paris are to the 26th July, and we have London papers of the 27th.

A very large and enthusiastic meeting has been held in London, at the London Tavern, to express public sympathy with the efforts being made by the Hungarians for the achievement of their independence, and to urge upon the English Ministry of the Crown the recognition of de facto Government. It is mentioned, as a significant fact, that a Quaker moved the first resolution. That would go to prove the friends of Hungary are appreciated extensively, when they overcome in a member of the Peace Society something like an abhorence of war.

The feeling was strikingly evidenced by the meeting, when some of the speakers, instead of mincing expressions of sympathy, boldly proposed to aid the Magyars by taking up arms against Austria. The scene which ensued baffles description. The whole assemblage, packed together to suffocation, rose as one mass, and never, to use the well remembered expression of Byron, "was the yell of war in London Tavern shouted more vehemently." The petition agreed to by the meeting has been laid before Parliament, and elicited an interesting debate upon the affairs of Hungary.

Lord Palmerston demonstrated the impossibility of the Government interfering, except in urging the beligerents, for their own interest's sake, to come to some reasonable accommodation.

THE NEWS FROM HUNGARY.—It is certain that up to the hour the very latest intelligence from the seat of war, there are only reasons for entertaining the greatest confidence in the strength and glory of the Hungarians, who, under the enthusiasm created by Kossuth, are routing in all directions the formidable armaments of two stupendous despotisms.

It is admitted on all hands, that the treacherous Ban of Crotia, Jellachich, has been completely defeated by the Magyars under Bem. It appears that Bem crossed the Bascer or Franzen's Canal at the head of five thousand men, took the the intrenchments of the Croats by storm, and after a series of conflicts which lasted four days, compelled the Imperialists to raise the seige of Pterwardein and to evacuate the country.

The troops of the Ban, disappointed by the defeat and diminished by sickness, can make no head against those who have marched to the South and the Imperialists fear that he will enter Servia and Sulavonia.

The Ban has been driven over the Danube into Servia—and the Servia Chief, Chickanim was forced to leave his position at Titel.

The Commissioner of the Hungarian Government writes from Hermanstadt under the date of the 3d of July, that the Russians had been forced to retreat to Cronstadt. Bem was preparing to attack that city on the 8th or 9th of July.

The seat of the Hungarian Government had been transferred to Ared on the 14th of July. The last circumstance proves the assurance of hopes to finish with the Russians in Transylvania, and on the other hand, it cofirms the defeat of Jellachich, because if the army of the South was still formidable, the Hungarian Government would never dare to select the city of Arad for its residence, as it would be placed between two fires.

ITALY—*State of Rome.*—Under the military rule of Gen. Oudinot order and general tranquillity prevails at Rome. All public acts are rendered in the name of the Pope.

His Holiness still continues at Gaeta, but beyond the fact that he will remain there until the accouchment of the Queen of Naples, nothing seems known. It is said he will afterwards proceed to Rome in the full and unrestrained possession of both temporal and spiritual authority, and that that the Priesthood around him, having learned nothing from their past misfortunes, resolutely refuse all concessions to the popular party.

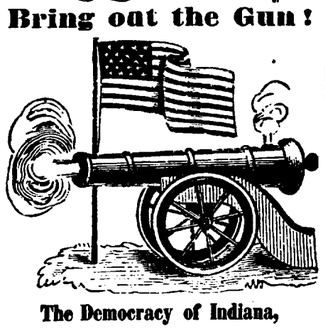
It is not stated how the French army is to be paid, but it is reported that Russia has agreed to send his Holiness 10,000,000 without interest—the principal to be paid at the rate of half a million annually.

The American Consul at Rome had not resumed his functions since the outrage committed on his flag and family by the French soldiers. The Consul after strongly protesting against the indignity, withdrew.

INDIANA ELECTION.



Bring out the Gun!



The Democracy of Indiana,

TO THE

Democracy of the Union, Greeting:

WE HAVE ELECTED

A Democratic Governor and Lieut. Governor, by 10,000 majority!

9 out of 10 Members of Congress!!

A majority of 8 in the Senate!!!

And 17 in the House of Representatives!!!!

GLORY ENOUGH FOR ONE DAY!



VICTORY! VICTORY!

Make room for the glorious Hoosier State at the Head of the DEMOCRATIC Column!!

WHIGGERY IS DEFUNCT

THE COON IS SKINNED!



DEMOCRACY TRIUMPHANT!

AND WHIGGERY ROUTED,



Horse, Foot, and Dragoons.

Zachary, the second Washington, has become a President without a Party! and

TRUMAN SMITH,

may quit writing electioneering letters, and go to

Peddling Wooden Nutmegs,

—a business better suited to his capacity

Ninety-Nine Cheers for INDIANA!

☞ Intentions of marriage are now advertised in all Massachusetts papers, according to the spirit of the law, which requires ante-nuptial notices. Right.—*Times.*

☞ In Massachusetts it may be "right" to publish such notices in the papers; but it is totally unnecessary to do so in Fort Wayne. The ladies here take that business into their own hands, and with the aid of a few kindred spirits of the masculine gender, so effectually publish the glad tidings to the world that the printer's aid is entirely needless;—one sewing society is worth two papers any day, in giving circulation to such notices. They even go ahead of the spirit of the Massachusetts law, which only requires ante-*nuptial* notices of intention; in many instances their notices are ante-*intention* of nuptials.

OLD WHITEY.—The Cincinnati Enquirer says there is a report in circulation that Gen. Taylor was offered three thousand dollars for the use of Old Whitey for one year, with a *pledge* that his life should be insured for one thousand more should he die within that time. The object was to exhibit him in the eastern cities to the whigs at a dime each, but as the General was naturally suspicious of those making a *pledge*, knowing that those most ready to make, pay the least regard to them, he declined. Before peremptorily refusing however it was made a cabinet question.

To the Editor of the Sentinel.

An apology may be deemed necessary, and doubtless is, for troubling your readers with an article on a subject which I presume they are already as much enlightened as they will be by reading newspaper articles. I mean on the subject of cholera. But why should I not thrust my views upon the public? why not see some ostentatious article in a newspaper and know that I am the author of it? why may I not carefully revise and select words to reflect the opinion of some great man? Unfortunately, I know of none whose name comes near my own, nor have I ten European authors now before me from whom to quote.—But suppose, for instance, I should use such language as the following: "destroying the susceptibility of the receiving organism, for the disease without reference to animal system is not on that accout incapable of being under certain circumstances influenced and augmented by the living chemistry of the animal frame." Would not this appear very scientific, and give to the world the opinion that I was a great man, profound in learning, possessing wonderful medical attainments?—Or suppose I should say to the public, "keep the inside and outside well scrubbed, none ever take this disease or any other when they are clean, or if they do they never die with it"—(a sad eulogy on the departed.) But this is not my object. I do not wish to appear wise, neither is it my intention to write for fame, nor to bring my long and neglected claims conspicuously before the public, but for the purpose of saying to every one that they should inquire of the physician to whose care and judgment, in case of an attack, they expect to intrust the lives of themselves or their families, the course of treatment he expects to pursue; compare it with the opinion of those you have already received from gentlemen who stand high in the profession, whose age, experience, and intelligence entitle them to public confidence. I cannot agree with the opinion advanced by *a very distinguished writer*, that every one should be kept ignorant as to the treatment; but this may suit the views of some. They may perhaps heretofore have given an opinion adverse to the known and acknowledged one at this time. Perhaps they may feel a little chagrined and disappointed by their views not meeting with public favor. Perhaps some croaker who has made pitiful attempts to ride into practice by disclaiming against remedies of tried and known utility, may not now find it popular, and he will therefore say do not trouble yourselves about the treatment, only keep clean inside and out; do not think that the disease is contagious; and this is all that is necessary. Perhaps I might appear better to give a long dissertation on the disease. I might tell of its appearance in India; its course, duration, and its appearance on this side of the Atlantic, and much more, but of what use would this be to your readers? what practical information would be derived from it? what else would it evince than a desire to gratify my vanity? I might describe the symptoms, the different stages, treatment, &c., and much more to make a display; but when I was done, I think it would read thus:—Diagnosis, *simple*; symptoms, characteristic; treatment, *contempt*.

In conclusion, I would say to your readers, that there has existed and still exists in this community unusual dispositions to derangement of the bowels. With some, diarrhœa prevails; with others the opposite extreme is troublesome; articles of food that could heretofore be eaten with impunity are more necessarily abstained from. In this assertion I believe the most of our citizens will bear me out.

Several cases of cholera have occurred, all of which can be attributed to some impropriety in diet, producing at first a diarrhœa, which finally terminated in cholera. Many eminent writers on the subject have said that the diarrhœa is veritable cholera, and urge upon every one so affected to apply immediately for medical advice, and take some sanative, not sanatary remedy. This is at least a safe course, and I would advise my friends to adopt it. I would say, be prepared with remedies, and you have a right to know what they are, and in case of a violent and sudden attack take them; then procure a physician as soon as possible; or, to use the language of the justly celebrated Dr. Cartwright, (I have a right to quote great men) take your medicine first, and send for your physician afterwards. I have no hesitation in saying what I believe that remedy to be. In my opinion, it is calomel.—The opinion of those who are trying to operate on the credulous by crying out too much medicine, to the contrary notwithstanding.—Perhaps the combination of Dr. Cartwright is as good as any other, if not the best. I have used it, and it has done well; but if the quantity recommended by him should prove insufficient, I would give more and repeat it at proper intervals until it produced the desired effect, which would be manifested by a change in the character of the discharges. I look upon it as the only reliable remedy; all others in my opinion are mere auxiliaries. I might give my reasons for relying upon it, but I have indulged my egotism sufficiently far, and should not have done so had I not an illustrious precedent.

AN OLD PRACTITIONER.

From the Savannah Georgian, Extra, Aug. 1, 1849.

FROM FLORIDA.

Report of further Depredations.

From passengers by the Florida boat, we learn that another express arrived at Palatka, just as the boat was leaving, giving information of the murder, by the Indians, of six or seven negroes, the property of some of the settlers on the Manatee, between Tampa Bay and Charlott's Harbor. It is stated that the Indians first attempted to carry off the negroes, but they resisting, were killed upon the spot.

It is further reported that the company of troops from Tampa, with a few volunteers, came upon the trail of the Indians and pursued it to the banks of a stream, (the name of which we did not learn,) where the bridge used for crossing had been destroyed, and the Indians, to the number of one hundred, appeared on the opposite side, armed and painted, giving the war whoop, daring the troops to cross. Being so small a number in comparison to the Indians, the troops felt obliged to decline the invitation, and returned to Tampa.

These reports, which are said to be well authenticated, evince a disposition to hostility we have heretofore suggested, and of another regular outbreak.

An editorial in the Jacksonville News of the 28th July, written before the receipt of the news by the last express, intimates that these depredations are not the consequence of a general rising of the Seminole nation, stating as reasons, that Billy Bow Legs, one of the principal chiefs, had been met by the United States troops from Tampa, who solemnly disclaimed all participation in the affair, and charged it upon a band of outlaws of the tribe.

All the plantations are deserted, and the frontier towns along the St. Johns, Lake Monroe, &c., are placed under military discipline. Dwellings on plantations most exposed are being picketed in, as during the last war.

For a long time the Indians have had every opportunity of providing themselves with the means of defence. They have been laying up provisions, and have secured a full supply of powder and lead. They have increased in numbers, and feel themselves ready for another attempt to gain full possession of the country.

It is rumored, but we do not credit it, that reinforcements of other Indians have made their way into Florida from Alabama and other quarters. There are a few Indians left in West Florida who might have joined the Seminoles, but their number were few and unimportant.

Whether our details are strictly correct or not, one thing is certain—they are believed in Florida, and the authorities of the State are promptly acting in reference to this belief.

Governor Moseley has issued a requisition for a large number of volunteers, and will prosecute a war of removal or extermination.—We have heard of the requisition amounting to the number of five hundred, and that if necessary it will be further increased. One company has already left Tallahassee. One hundred men will be mustered into service at Jacksonville, by Colonel Pons, to-morrow, and double that number we learn are in readiness. Requisitions have likewise been made on the other counties in East Florida. There will be no lack of volunteers from the State. And from the well known character of Governor Moseley, we are satisfied that the Indians will be removed—if not by the General Government, by the State authorities.

From the Ohio Statesman.

The Government of California—Efforts of the Administration to stave off action on the Wilmot Proviso, &c. &c.

During the last Presidential campaign General Taylor was supported in the South as an extreme southern slave propagandist, and the fact that he was the largest slave owner ever nominated for the Presidency, was urged with much effect in the slave states, in his favor.—In Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and other states, the tune was changed, and the letter of General Taylor, to the Cincinnati Signal, tho' afterwards repudiated, was shows as evidence that the owner of two hundred and eighty slaves was in favor of "free soil," and strange to say free soil votes in Pennsylvania give him the vote of that state, without which he could not have been elected.

The Administration thus gaining power by a fraudulent concealment of principles,—by making the North believe one thing, and the South another, before inauguration took place, and the new President and his cabinet was enducted into office, set itself to work, to settle the question at issue, so as to throw the responsibility on Mr. Polk, for it dare not meet the question, upon which, by blowing both hot and cold, it had succeeded in getting power. Foiled in their attempt to pass the Walker compromise through congress, and finding that the question must be met at the next session, unless the people of California could be induced to erect a state government, without authority of law, General Riley, the military Governor of California, who it is acknowledged acts under the orders of the cabinet at Washington, has issued his Proclamation for the election of delegates to form a state constitution, the sole object of which is, by the assumption of authority, to skulk the question of the Wilmot Proviso, which is believed will be attached to the bill for the erection of a territorial government in California at the next session.

Some days since, we published the proceedings of a public meeting in California, in opposition to the assumptions of power in the proclamation of General Riley.

The following, which we find in the Cincinnati Chronicle, shows the powers of General Riley, and it covers the acknowledgment of the New York Tribune, that General Riley, in his "civil capacity is directly responsible to the authorities at Washington," and of course acts under the instructions of the administration.

The New York Tribune thus explains the reasons why General Riley acts as quasi Governor of California:

"Some inquiry has arisen, since the arrival of the Crescent City, on account of the intelligence that General Riley is the acting Governor of California, and not General P. S. Smith, as was previously supposed by most people. It seems that Major General Smith commands the whole Pacific Military Division, which includes Oregon. Brigadier General Riley commands in the District of California, and, being such, exercises the functions of civil Governor, as he states in his proclamation which we published last Saturday, by virtue of the Mexican laws and of the instructions from the War Department. General Smith's office is merely a military one, while that of General Riley—though he is inferior to General Smith in military rank—is civil also. In that civil capacity we understand him to be independent of General Smith and responsible directly to the authorities at Washington."

The following, from the Washington Union of Monday also contains a similar acknowledgment of the Republic, General Taylor's new organ at Washington, besides showing up the utter profligacy of the whig press and the imbecility of the President and his cabinet:

More Blunders of the Administration.—Governor of California.

The following article from the Washington Republic in reference to the government of California, furnishes another proof of the "little wisdom" with which our government is now administered:

"It has been generally known that General P. F. Smith, United States army, had gone to California in command of the troops intended to garrison that country; and, therefore, some curiosity has been excited on account of the recent proclamations, &c. having been signed by General Riley, without the presence or existence of General Smith being in any manner alluded to. The state of the case is as follows: The troops in Oregon and California compose a division commanded by General Smith; who, of course, in Oregon, where there is a civil government, exerts neither directly nor indirectly any authority, the mounted rifles, under command of Brevet Colonel Loring, merely occupying the posts. The troops in California are under the immediate command of Brevet Brigadier General Riley, who, in the absence of all government lawfully established, discharges the functions of the civil magistrate. General Smith yet remains on the Pacific coast, and, in a military point of view, commands General Riley, who, however, so far as his civil functions are concerned, reports directly to the seat of government at Washington."

The above is a specimen of the confusion of ideas and of the very contradiction of terms which characterize the present imbecile administration. The organ admits that there is now *no government* in California *lawfully established*; and then, in the very face of this declaration, affirms that General Riley is authorized by the administration to "discharge the functions of civil magistrate"—that is to say, to act as a civil magistrate where there is no lawful government. Congress would not organize a government for California, admitting, at the same time, that there was no civil government there; and yet here is the President of the United States usurping the power of erecting a government and a civil magistrate. Again, this usurpation presents another anomaly. When the last administration conquered New Mexico, and under the legitimate authority of the laws of war, determined to preserve their conquest by a necessary but very limited organization, Mr. Polk was charged with violating the constitution, and usurping the power of erecting a government. All that he did, however, was strictly according to the laws of war; and here are the very same politicians, who denounced Mr. Polk assuming powers which Congress had declined to confer upon them, in a period of peace, and without the slightest sanction of the laws of war. These men usurp powers and violate the constitution, without color of authority, which they had denounced Mr. Polk for exercising according to the acknowledged laws of war.

Some descendant of Solomon has wisely remarked that those who go to law for *damages* are sure to get them.

Intelligence from California.

Life and Business at San Francisco—Speculation in Lands.—Labor, Wages &c.

The Boston Evening Traveller, on the authority of Mr. Jarvis, from San Francisco, communicates the following interesting facts, in regard to the state of things in California, which are not furnished by the newspapers:

The number of arrivals of passengers at San Francisco in June, by sea, was about 1,000 per week. By land, at the mines, from Lower California, Senora, Durango and Mexico generally, the immigration is computed at 15,000, with many thousand mule loads of merchandise, which has thus found its way into California, duty free, to the great dissatisfaction of the sea-board merchants.

Coin was scarce at San Francisco, being absorbed by the custom-house for duties.—The average price of gold dust was $15 50 to $16 per ounce. It is computed that on the 20th June, $100,000 worth of flour was exposed in open air, and more than $500,000 worth of other merchandise, chiefly dry goods, for want of storage. Storage was from $1 to $3 dollars per month.

Rents of the smallest lodging rooms were 100 to $350 per month; stores from 500 to $1,000 per month. The rents of the Parker House amount to $142,000 per annum—one gambling room letting for $18,000 per annum; two others, small sized, say 12 by 18 feet for $6,000 each. The city hotel rented for $16,000 per annum, is underlet for $45,000. A small room in it, about twenty-five feet square rents as a retail shop at $9,000 per annum.

Land which a few years since was purchased at $700 will now command $200,000 cash. Central business lots, not exceeding 100 feet square, command from 10,000 to $20,000—buildings in same proportion. Money loaned on good security at from 2½ per cent to as high as 10 per cent per month.

The average receipts of the French restaurant are $1 per minute. Mr. Jarvis informs us that his first dinner in San Francisco, ordered from a hotel, for two gentlemen, two ladies and four children, consisting only of meats and pastry, cost $90. Eggs $3 per dozen.—Boat hire to go to steamer, 30 minutes pull, $8. Ordinary day labor, $6—varying from that to $20—mechanics in proportion.

Buildings were springing up very rapidly, mostly of the cheapest character. At present, one half the population live in tents.—The population increases slowly as the departures for the mines about equal to the arrivals. The risk to property at San Francisco to fire is very great. The buildings are all of the most frail and combustible description.

Good order in general prevailed both at the Bay and Mines. Capt. Grayson was robbed on the 5th of June of $15,000, by a Chilian servant, in whom he reposed confidence. He would undoubtedly be hung as soon as apprehended. Another robbery of $6,000 occurred a few days after. As a general thing property is respected, evil doers being kept in check by fear of the Lynch law.

Provisions were abundant and comparatively cheap at the mines—say $2 per meal, consisting of game, potatoes, preserved meats, &c. As to gold, it is found every where, and is generally considered inexhaustible. A moderate computation gives as this year's product at least $50,000,000. At present the waters are high. September, October and November are considered the best months.—More gold, it is said, can be gathered in those months than during the other nine months of the year.

Col. Fremont and lady arrived, and left for a rancho below the Puebla de los Angelos, which he had purchased for $200,000. It is well stocked with cattle, some 10,000 head, and has good buildings on it. He will probably be a candidate for the Governorship.

Many shipments from the United States and Europe will prove a total loss, not paying expense of landing. Scow hire per day, taking but one load, is $150; men to discharge, $15. Sailors receive $100 to $200 per month; mates and captains from $300 to $600 per month.

An immense amount of lumber was ready at Oregon for shipment to San Francisco.—Every vessel that could be got to sea, even at an expense of $5,000 per month, was sent to the River. By September and October a very large amount; besides frame buildings, will have been landed from Oregon. Mechanics will be in great demand at this season, to erect buildings to shelter the mining population during the winter.

In June, good prints were selling at 6c, and prime brown cottons at 4c; Flour 5 to $6; Pork $9; Beef $2 50 per barrel, at auction; Salmon $8; Copper nails 8c; Shovels $2 per dozen; Shirts $6.

Speculation in lands is pushed to a great extent. Every available site for villages or towns on the bay or rivers, has been taken up and laid out. Lots in Benicia, which in February sold at $100 each, are now held at $6,000. This town has been laid out to rival San Francisco. Com. Jones and other prominent officers are said to be interested in it.—Stockman, New York, Suttersville, and Sacremento City, each promise to be of importance.

The U. S. steamship Massachusetts arrived at San Francisco June 20, from Oregon.

Ship James Munroe, loaded at Honolulu at $20 per ton freight for San Francisco, took back a portion of her cargo at $10 per ton without landing. Consignments of vessels and cargoes are daily refused.

Clerks at San Francisco get from $2,000 to $4,000 per annum and their board; 10 per cent is charged on sales of merchandize, and 1 per cent storage. A private mint has been established, which has issued thus far half eagles. Silver coin, less than dollars, is generally refused. Merchants will not take the trouble to count it. A drayman of one mercantile house receives a salary of $6,000 per annum, and the house finds the dray and mules and feeds the animals. At this rate it is a source of profit to the house, as besides their own carting, the drayman receives $1,800 a month. $1,000 per month has been offered and declined, to command a river launch.—Washing 6 to $10 dollars per dozen.

FROM THE SACRAMENTO.—*Row among the Miners.*—A letter from the New York Tribune, dated Spanish Bar, Middle Fork of the Sacramento, June 3, 1849, says:

"Some ten miles from here, on the North Fork of the Sacramento, last week, the Americans and Chilians had a grand row, which resulted in taking all the gold from the Chilians and their expulsion from the River. They were first warned to take their provisions and gold, and leave in a certain time, but did not go; so, Oregon-like, the Americans came down on them, and made a "fine day's digging" in the language of one who was in the affray.—No lives lost.

"On the Stanislaus digging the foreigners were the most numerous, and trampled on the rights of the Americans, and there were so few Americans they could not resist, so the Oregon men from the North Fork sent them a deputation of sixty well-armed men to act in concert with about the same number already there, to drive some 700 to 1,000 Chilians from their diggings. The result we know not as yet, but we can find notices on almost every tree that Chilians found in the mines after the month of June will be shot down unless sufficient excuse can be given for their delay, and you may rest assured that if the President and Congress will not do any thing to protect the citizens in California, there is sufficient force (though in comparison a handful—not one to five) to protect themselves against the aggressions of the armed powers of Peruvians, Chilians, Portugese, Mexicans, Indians, &c., and they will do it."

Elkhart County elects one whig and one democrat to the Legislature.

A HARD TIME.—The following extract of a letter from one of a party who left New Orleans in January last, for California, shows that the "promised land" is to be reached only through privation and suffering. We copy from the New Orleans Crescent:

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, May 4, 1849.

DEAR S.—I once again have an opportunity to address you. * * * Since I started we have been near starving three times—once for provisions, and twice for water. Once we were five days without water, and once three; we were six days without anything to eat except a few snakes and hawks which we found on the road and shot. Moreover, we have had two fights with the Indians—had two of our men killed and eight wounded. My bed is made nightly on the ground; that is, I sleep on one blanket and cover with another. I eat dried beef and venison, with coffee and bread of my own making. I work hard, drive mules, butcher deer, physic the company, fight the Indians, and trade with the Mexicans for corn, flour and beef. * * * My spirits are low and my hopes are flagging. Write to me at San Francisco, &c.

Facts for the People.

More than fifteen years of unrivalled success in the cure of every variety of external diseases and injuries such as sprains, cuts, bruises, burns, cutaneous eruptions, sore lips, sore breasts, chapped hands, chilblains, biles, ulcers, corns, pains in the back, sides, or other parts of the system, rattlesnake bites, &c., bears ample testimony that Sloan's Ointment is just the thing for the hour.

Certificates without number have been received by the proprietor, many of which have appeared in our columns, from disinterested individuals, giving details of remarkable cures effected by its use.

☞ See Agents' names at the head of Sloan's Column.—For further particulars and testimonials, get pamphlets of agents.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL,
Fort Wayne, August 18, 1849.

There has been a warm competition among buyers this week. Wheat sells at 85a90 cents—according as the fever rages among buyers. No change in other articles.

Buffalo, Aug 16.—Flour 4,94a5,12; Wheat 1.04; Corn dull at previous rates; High wines 21½a22.

New York, August 16.—Common brands Flour 5,37a5.44; pure Genesee 5,50a5,62½; Rye 60; Corn 62a64.

MARRIED,—On Tuesday, the 14th inst., by Rev. S. Brenton, JOHN G. WALPOLE, Esq. to Miss ELIZA J., eldest daughter of the late Philo H. Taylor, all of this city.

DIED.—In this city, on the 17th inst., of Congestion of the Brain, Mrs. MARY VAN SCHUYVER, aged 30 years.

Funeral Service on to-morrow afternoon, at the Episcopal Church, by the Rev. Mr. Large.

☞ Cleveland and Rochester papers please copy.

On Tuesday last, Mr. JOHN C. ITEN, of this city.

On Tuesday afternoon, of dysentery, EDWARD BEECHER, son of Hugh and Susan McCulloch, aged two years.

In this city, on Sunday morning, the 12th instant, CUTHBERT HARRISON SLOCUMB, eldest child of Susan M. and C. B. Black.

Selling Off, Cheap.

T. PRITCHARD having bought out the entire stock of GOODS of the Niagara Store offers the same at such

Greatly Reduced Prices

as will make it an object for Country Merchants to give him a call, as they can replenish their stocks with him on as good or better terms than in Cincinnati or Elsewhere.

The stock consists of

Dry Goods, Hardware,

Glassware, Crockery, Patent Medicines, &c.

and as it must be sold off *immediately*, those wanting BARGAINS had better call at once.

WANTED—Any amount of *Land Warrants*, and *City and County Orders*, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash or Goods.

Fort Wayne, Aug. 17, 1849. tf7

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—The property is now improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood wi hout the slightest injury unusual freshets that caused more or less damage to all other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 4½ feet stones, Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, In. August 18, 1849. tf7

☞ *Ohio Statesman* (Weekly) publish 3 months and send account to this office.

Sale of Land.

THE undersigned will sell at public sale, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, on Saturday the 20th day of October next, the East half of South West quarter section 16, town 30, Range 14 east, being part of the school land of said township, containing 80 acres, purchased by John Scannell & Patrick Gallaher, and forfeited for the non payment of interest. It will be sold to make the sum of $190 and costs of advertising Sale to commence at one o'clock.

H. W. JONES, Auditor,
T. T. DE KAY, S. C. A. C.

Aug. 17, 1849. 9w7

State of Indiana, } Allen Circuit Court,
Allen County, ss. } October Term, 1849.

DIVORCE.

Catherine Lloyd vs. Henry J. Lloyd.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of Allen Circuit Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the above named defendant Henry J. Lloyd, is a non resident, of the state of Indiana: It is ordered that said defendant be notified by publication in a paper of general circulation, according to law, of the filing and pendency of said suit, and that unless he personally be and appear before the Judges of the Allen Circuit Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on the second Monday of October next, to plead answer, or demur to said bill, the same will be taken as confessed and true against him.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

M. Jenkinson, Sol. for Compl't.

August 17, 1849. [$2 20] 3w7

A CALL.

ALL persons indebted to us by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment at the office of the late Receiver, over our old store, where there will be a person in constant attendance for a short time to settle with all who will favor us with a call.—This notice is intended for no person in particular, but for "every body" indebted to us, and we hope none will consider themselves excused.

We shall attend to this matter but a short time personally, when the accounts will be handed over *without reserve* to proper officers for *prompt collection*. Duty to our creditors as well as ourselves demand this course, and when it is borne in mind that we have never yet sued *one* of our customers, we trust our past lenity will prompt a ready response to this call.

BARNETT & NELSON.

August 17, 1849. 7tf

BARK AND HIDES

WANTED—Delivered at the Red Tannery (late P. H. Taylor's.) Inquire at the Tannery, or at the Store of

Aug. 16, 1849 R. M. LYON.

GROCERIES.

JUST Received—Rio and Java Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Raisins, Pepper, Spice, Madder, Goodwin's patent Honey Dew Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Rice, &c. For sale low by

Aug. 16, R. M. LYON.

Attorney for prosecuting Claims at Washington.

THE subscriber undertakes the collection, settlement, and adjustment of all manner of Claims, Accounts, and Demands against the Government of the United States, or any foreign state or country; before Commissioners; before Congress; or before any of the Public Departments.

The procuring of Patents, Army and Navy Pensions, Bounty and other Land Claims, Soldier's Dues, Drawbacks, the collection of accounts against the Government, and every demand or other business of whatever *kind, requiring* the prompt and efficient services of an attorney or agent.

A residence of fourteen years at the seat of the federal government, with a thorough and familiar acquaintance with the various systems and routine of public business at the different offices and in Congress; added to this, free access to consult the ablest legal advisers if needed justifies the undersigned in pledging the fullest satisfaction and utmost despatch to those who may entrust their business to his care.

Being well known to the greater part of the citizens of this district, and to many gentlemen who have been members of both Houses of Congress in the last twelve years, it is deemed useless to extend this notice by special references.

Communications must be pre-paid in *all* cases.

CHARGES or FEES regulated by the nature and extent of the business but *always moderate.*

Address, H. C. SPALDING,
6w7 *Attorney, Washington, D. C.*

"THE SABBATH WAS MADE FOR MAN."

Barbers are Men; therefore the Sabbath was made for Barbers.

WILLIS ELLIOT *to his Customers*, GREETING:

GENTLEMEN:—It has been my sincere desire to give satisfaction in my humble though *important* calling, to all my patrons; my door has been opened at all times, and on all *days*, for your accomodation; and I am very thankful for the extensive patronage with which I have been favored.

I shall continue to perform my duties faithfully, and in the best style at all times hereafter, *except on Sunday; that day I have resolved to keep as a day of rest.* Will you sustain me in this resolution? I hope you will.

My motto, in future, shall be "*sink or swim, starve or grow fat. I'll shave no more on Sunday!*"

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIS ELLIOT.

Fort Wayne, August 8, 1849. 3wp.

NOTICE

To the Tax Payers of Allen County

THE following Taxes have been assessed for the present year, 1849, on each one hundred dollars valuation, to wit: 50 cents for State purposes; 75 cents poll tax for State purposes; 40 cents on each $100 valuation for county purposes; 25 cents on each $100 valuation of Town lots, and 2½ cents on each acre of land for road purposes.

The following Townships have levied a township tax for township purposes:

Wayne	Township	18	cents on each $100 val.
Washington	"	5	" " " "
Springfield	"	12	" " " "
St. Joseph	"	6	" " " "
Perry	"	10	" " " "
Madison	"	8	" " " "
Monroe	"	20	" " " "
Marion	"	4	" " " "
Milan	"	5	" " " "
Lake	"	7	" " " "
Jefferson	"	6	" " " "
Eel River	"	5	" " " "
Cedar Creek	"	4	" " " "
Adams	"	10	" " " "
Aboite	"	10	" " " "
Pleasant	"	15	" " " "
Scipio	"	8	" " " "
Lafayette	"	15	" " " "

The following School Districts have levied the following taxes, to wit:

Dist. No 4	Wayne tp.	20	cents on each $100
" " 2	Cedar Creek	" 20	" " "
" " 3	"	" 25	" " "
" " 1	"	" 25	" " "
" " 8	"	" 25	" " "
" " 1	Aboite	" 25	" " "
" " 4	"	" 25	" " "
" " 2	Springfield	" 25	" " "
" " 4	"	" 25	" " "
" " 5	Lake	" 25	" " "
" " 2	Jefferson	" 25	" " "
" " 3	Eel River	" 25	" " "
" " 6	"	" 25	" " "
" " 5	St. Joseph	" 25	" " "
" " 4	Adams	" 25	" " "
" " 4	Pleasant	" 25	" " "
" " 1	Scipio	" 25	" " "
" " 2	Perry	" $20	no per centage
" " 4	"	"	"
" " 7	"	" "	"

Persons neglecting to attend to the payment of their taxes on or before the 1st day of January, 1850, there will be a penalty of 10 per cent added thereto.

Those who are owing delinquent taxes will save farther costs by calling and settling the same immediately. S. M. BLACK, *Treasurer.*

Fort Wayne, Aug. 7, 1849. 4w6

State of Indiana, } In the DeKalb Circuit Court
DeKalb County, ss } after April term 1849.

Bill for a Divorce.

Seneca Coll, vs. Nancy Coll.

IT appearing by affidavit filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court that the above named Nancy Coll is not a resident of said State of Indiana: Notice is hereby given to said Nancy Coll of the filing and pendency of said Bill for divorce, and that unless she appear at the next term of said DeKalb Circuit Court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be determined in her absence. S. W. SPROTT, Clk.

Morris, Sol. for Comp't.

August 9, 1849. [$1 50] 3w6.

For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware house, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. tf5

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and duly qualified as administrator of the estate of Isidore Corrillion, late of Allen county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them legally authenticated for settlement within one year from this date; and all persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment. The estate is supposed to be solvent

GEORGE L. SITES, Adm'r.

August 4, 1849.

Notice.

THE firm of H. B. REED & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

H. B. REED,
27, 1849. W. WALL.

Pianos! Pianos!

THE undersigned has two Pianos which he intends to sell cheap for Cash.

He also will tend to tuning and repairing Pianos at the most reasonable terms.

July 21, 1849. F. SMALLHOUSE.

NOTICE.

PHYSICIANS, Merchants and others desirous of securing *good* articles at fair prices, are invited to call and examine my

STOCK OF DRUGS, &C.

which is now complete, and not to be excelled in this city. JAMES B. SHOAFF,
y4. DRUGGIST, Fort Wayne.

Old Dr. Townsend's SARSAPARILLA,

THE GENUINE AND ORIGINAL.

JUST received Twelve Dozen of the above and for sale by

JAMES B. SHOAFF.
Only Agent in Fort Wayne.

Paint Brushes, &c., &c.

JUST opened, a superior lot of Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, Shoe Brushes, Blacking, &c. and for sale low by JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Calhoun St. Fort Wayne.

CANARY SEED,

COME on now, and get your supply of Canary Seed. I have just received a superior article, JAMES B. SHOAFF.
Calhoun St. Fort Wayne

Deer Skins.

THE highest price, in cash, will be paid for any quantity of well handled Fall and Summer Deer Skins, delivered in Fort Wayne.

HENRY R. COLERICK.

July 13, 1849. 3w3.

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

Medical Card.

DR. ROBERT McNEILL (late Surgeon in the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.—In addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.

He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to *any* business entrusted to him; and at *all times* when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

Notice

IS hereby given, that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: Four Dollars on each share of stock subscribed in money, payable to O. W. Jefferds, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the 9th day of September next.

SAM'L. HANNA, *Pres't.*

O. W. JEFFERDS, *Clerk*

Fort Wayne. July 7, 1849

WESTERN Military Institute,

GEORGETOWN, KY.

BOARD OF VISITORS.

THE *Adjutant General*, together with five fit persons, to be annually appointed by the Executive, to attend examinations at least once in the year, according to law.

FACULTY.

INCORPORATED with all the powers, privileges and rights exercised by the *Trustees* and *Faculty* of any other College.

*COL. T. F. JOHNSON, *General Superintendent.*
*COL. E. W. MORGAN, *Joint Superintendent, and Professor of Engineering and of Natural History.*
*LIEUT. COL. B. R. JOHNSON, *Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy.*
†MAJ. W. A. FORBES, *Professor of Mathematics.*
RICHARD N. NEWELL, A. M., *Professor of Ancient and Modern Languages.*
JAMES G. BLAINE, A. B., *Adjunct Professor of Languages.*
REV. J. R. SWIFT, A. M., *Professor of Ethics and Belles Lettres.*
JAMES H. DAVIESS, Esq., *Professor of Law.*
REV. H. V. D. NEVIUS A. M., *Principal of the Academy.*
CAPT. C. E. MOTT, *Teacher in the Academy.*
CAPT. W. W. GAUNT, *Adjutant of the Institute.*

*Educated at West Point. †Educated at the Virginia Military Institute.

Two hundred and thirty Cadets, from fifteen different States, have entered this Institution since it was organized, in 1847. It is entirely free from the control or domination of any sect or party, either political or religious. Economy in dress, in the adoption of a cheap Uniform, for Winter and Summer, is rigidly enforced. Every student is required to select a College guardian, with whom all funds brought or received must be deposited, and no debt must be contracted without the consent of such guardian.

An Institution combining the science of the West Point Academy and of Polytechnic Institutes, with the classical literature of our best Colleges, adding the modern languages, and superadding practical schools of Law and Engineering, nearly realizes the long-felt desideratum of a university able to meet the wants of Western progress—a university where all may select a course of study to suit their time, means and professional destination.

Mr. DAVIESS, the Professor of Law, is known in the various Courts as a practitioner of great ability, varied learning, long experience and exalted character. His eminent qualifications, the wholesome exercise and discipline of the Institution, and the convenient observation of the forms of judicial proceedings, offer unusual inducements to those who are earnest to achieve distinction as sound Lawyers.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

Will be *thoroughly* and *practically* taught in the Western Military Institute—the Professor, Col. MORGAN, being one of the most skillful and experienced Engineers in the United States. All the instruments connected with that department, have been procured at considerable cost, and of the best quality.

The Superintendent takes the liberty of stating that he is now offered seventy-five dollars per month for competent assistant Engineers. One of his former pupils receives at this time $2,500 per annum as Principal Engineer of a Railroad now under construction in Kentucky—whilst others of the same class are receiving in different parts of the United States, $2000, $1500, and $1200 a year as assistant Engineers.

The time is rapidly approaching when there will be a great demand for such as have been prepared for that vocation at the Western Military Institute. Nothing is hazarded in saying that they will *readily* command $1200 or $1500 per annum. Every man of observation must see that the gigantic enterprise already proposed, will give birth to hundreds of others, tributary to them. The rapid advancement of our whole country, and the eagerness of our people for exploring the hidden resources of the new States and the newly acquired territory, will give ample scope for ages to come, to the skill and enterprise of the Engineer, the Geologist, the Mineralogist, the Surveyor, and the Architect. Young men who have an *aptitude* for the Mathematical and Physical sciences, will have a wide field opened to them for engaging in an honorable, a healthful and a lucrative pursuit, for which they may be *thoroughly* and *practically* qualified, in a short time, and at small expense, at the Western Military Institute.

TERMS:

In the *Academy*,	$30 00	per annum.
In the College,	40 00	" "
For music and use of arms and accoutrements	3 00	" "
For fuel,	2 00	" "

Boarding can be had in private families, at from two to two and a half dollars a week. When in Barracks, it is designed to furnish Commons at a uniform rate. Students from a distance will be required to board at the Institute, and have no communication with the town, except as allowed by written permits.

☞ The next session will commence on the first of September and continue ten months.

August 3, 1849. y—5.

DRIED APPLES.—150 bushels, first rate, for sale at the Farmers' depot.

Aug. 10, 1849. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Weaving.

HENRY GEBHARDT informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country that he is now prepared to weave every description of

Carpets, Coverletts, Jeans, Linseys Cloths, Rag Carpets, &c.,

on short notice, and reasonable terms, and feels confident he can give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with a call.

He will also keep on hand Coverletts, Carpets, &c., for sale. His shop is on Main Street, south of Robinson's Tannery.

July 28, 1849. 3m6—pd

AN ENTIRE

New Stock of Goods.

THE undersigned is now opening and offers for sale a new and well assorted stock of GOODS embracing almost every article called for in this market. The stock was bought low, and shall be

Sold Cheap for Down Pay.

No time for particulars. Suffice it to say these goods will be *sold* RIGHT—and *no mistake.*—The business men of Fort Wayne are clever fellows. They must and will make this a desirable market town for people in this part of Indiana—the place to sell Produce and buy Goods. *I shall do my part towards it.* For the present call at the Brick Block (late Bartlett's Store) next to A. B. Miller's, R. M. LYON.

Fort Wayne, July 7, 1849, 6m1.

OUR BONNETS are Super China Pearl, Persian, Florence, Split Straw, Jenny Lind, Misses' Jenny Lind (for summer or winter,) and Queen's own, a style *just out*—for sale low. R. M. LYON.

July 20, 1849.

For Rent, & For Sale.

TO RENT—A House. To Sell—a few Bees. The "Daily Labors," &c.

R. M. LYON.

AFTER ALL—What one *does* is the thing—A man may *say* one thing, but *do* quite another. He may say, for instance, he will sell goods cheap—but will he? Call next door to A. B. Miller's, and see if I don't—see what can be *done.* R. M. LYON.

HARVEST & HAYING TOOLS—Of the best quality—Scythes, Sneaths, &c., &c. for sale low at R. M. LYON'S.

To Dealers and Pedlars.

300 Dozen Green's SPOOL THREAD—A new article—A. No. 1, 200 & 250 yds. on consignment. R. M. LYON.

FANCY GOODS.—Lawns, Silks, &c., the very latest styles, and at latest low prices—going—going—a look at them will do you good; whether you buy or not—but to buy is the practical thing. July 7. R. M. LYON.

REMITTANCES of any kind of Property to California—or making enquiries. Can put any one on the track of the very person to do that business right. July 7. R. M. LYON.

THE CREDIT Business.—Of no use whatever. July 7. R. M. LYON.

THAT READY MADE CLOTHING—Is to be sold, whether or no—and those Gentlemen's Hats—do. and Palm Hats do. selling at the lowest prices. Summer Clothing—price next to nothing. R. M. LYON.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Turk & McMaken is dissolved this day by mutual consent. The notes and accounts are left with James P. Turk for collection; the said James P. Turk alone having the right to use the name of the late firm in closing up the unsettled business

JAMES P. TURK.
E. V. McMAKEN.

Fort Wayne, July 19, '49 4w3.

Notice.

THE firm of Turk & McMaken having been disolved, all persons indebted to said firm on book account will please call on the subscriber and settle either by payment or note. Speedy attention to the above will oblige

July 19, 1849 JAMES P. TURK.

Groceries.

50 Bags Coffee;
5 Hhds. Sugar;
10 Kegs 6 Twist Tobacco;
15 Boxes 5 plug "
10 Bbls Molasses;
Pepper, Spices, Raisins, Nuts, Herring, Rice &c. just received and for sale at the lowest prices. HILL, WILSON & Co.

May 8, 1849.

FOR SALE.

A First rate THRESHING-MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.

Fort Wayne, June 29, 1849. 1t52

Cutlery Manufactory,

THE subscriber informs the public that he has commenced the Cutlery business on Calhoun Street, south of the Palo Alto Hotel, and is prepared to make Knives, Scissors, Carpenter's Tools, and every description of Cutlery, to any pattern desired. He will also grind Razors, Scissors, Surgeon's Instruments, &c.

Locks repaired and Keys fitted; Silver & Brass Plating; Turning in Wood, Brass, Ivory, Iron, &c.

Having worked in some of the most celebrated Cutlery manufactories in Europe, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call

FREDERICK SEIGWALT.

Fort Wayne, June 16, 1849. 3mpd.

Undertaking.



THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry, flat and raised lids;—also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House.

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

NAILS.—100 Kegs just received and for sale by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Wabash & Erie Canal Lands.

I Will attend at Fort Wayne on the 10th, 11th, and 12th September next, for the receipt of principal or interest on Canal Lands.

Persons residing in Kosciusko or Noble counties can pay at Fort Wayne, if they desire so to do.

JOHN W. WRIGHT, Clerk.

Land Office, Logansport, }
June 25, 1849. } td52

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, for Cash, a valuable farm on the St. Mary's river, near the Bluffton road, and within two miles of Fort Wayne. The property consists of one hundred and nine acres of land, seventy five acres of which are under cultivation; a good frame dwelling house of two stories, an excellent frame barn with stables below, and other out buildings; and a young orchard of choice grafted fruit.

This farm, from its location and other advantages offers uncommon inducements to any desirous to purchase. The farm will be sold cheap as the owner is about to leave the country.

HOUGH & TURNER.

Fort Wayne Mar 31, 1849. 39.

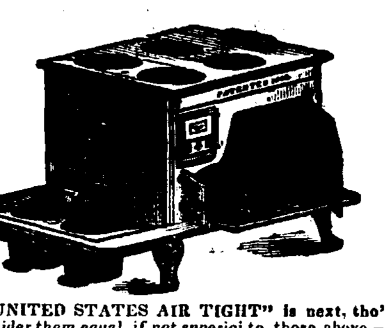
B. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and is still coming; so that by the close of navigation *all* demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.



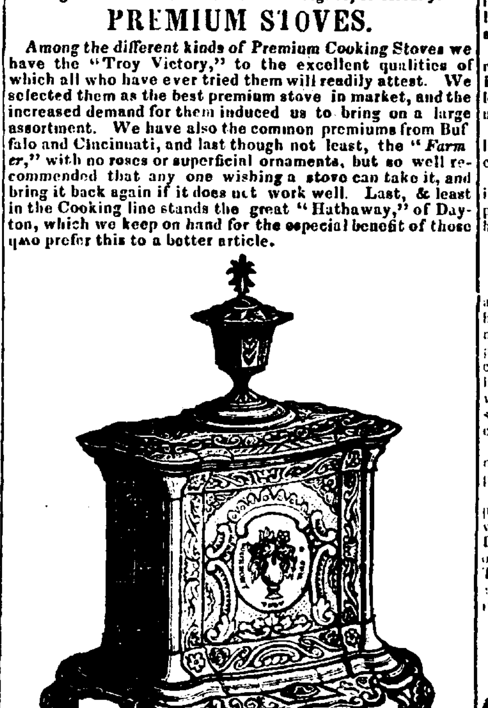
We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decidedly foremost in the way of all Stoves.



The "UNITED STATES AIR TIGHT" is next, tho' many consider them equal, if *not superior* to those above—and with them may be classed the Washington and Troy Air Tights and the Quackenboss Air Tights, of Albany.

PREMIUM STOVES.

Among the different kinds of Premium Cooking Stoves we have the "Troy Victory," to the excellent qualities of which all who have ever tried them will readily attest. We selected them as the best premium stove in market, and the increased demand for them induced us to bring on a large assortment. We have also the common premiums from Buffalo and Cincinnati, and last though not least, the "*Farmer*," with no roses or superficial ornaments, but so well recommended that any one wishing a stove can take it, and bring it back again if it does not work well. Last, & least in the Cooking line stands the great "Hathaway," of Dayton, which we keep on hand for the especial benefit of those who prefer this to a better article.



Parlor Stoves of Cast or Sheet Iron, Dining Room Stove Shop and Store Room Stoves of all varieties and sizes from a meeting house to a 10 by 12.

In connection with our Stove trade we have added a small but well selected assortment of

Castings and Hardware,

Consisting in the main of all the most essential and necessary articles used by farmers and mechanics.

Our *Tin and Copper* business is still as noisy as ever, and all hands ready and happy to wait upon those who desire any thing in our line. B. W. OAKLEY.

N. B.—Old Copper, Brass, Rags, Ginseng, Beeswax, &c., &c., received in exchange for Goods. B. W. O.

Fort Wayne, October 23, 1848. y17.

If you want Bargains call at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN have just received a full assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, which they intend to sell off without delay, to insure which they offer them so low that all who see will of course purchase—Amongst a great variety of

DRY GOODS,

all of the newest styles and best fabrics, they particularly call the attention of the Ladies to their

Berages, Chambreys, Lawns, Ginghams, Ginghaur Lawns, Linen Gingham,	Gloves and Mitts. Berage, Lawn, De Laine, Cashmere, Stradilla and Lace SHAWLS.
Silk and Linen Frings, Gimps, Needlework and Mourning Collars,	Artificials and Wreaths,—a splendid lot;
Dress Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Dress Caps,	Leghorn, China Pearl, Straw, Lace and Open-work BONNETS; Veils,
Bonnet and Cap Ribbons—a rich and fashionable assortment,	Gaiters, Shoes &c. every variety.
Silk Scarfs, Parasols, Fans,	

besides a full stock of Staple Articles, such as Muslins, Calicoes, Summer Goods, Jeans, Satinets, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, &c. *Ready made Clothing*

Groceries, Hardware, and Queensware,

a full stock of the best, offered at the Lowest Prices.

Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats; Glazed and Cloth Caps; Boots and Shoes; Umbrellas, &c.

COUNTRY DEALERS are invited to call, as the Goods will be sold at WHOLESALE as low or lower than they can be purchased elsewhere.

Wanted.—All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins, Beeswax, Ginseng, Yellow Percoon, Ladies' Slippes, &c. for which the Highest Price will be allowed.

Fort Wayne, May 15, 1849.

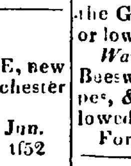
Not for California!!

CHARLES FINK,

Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,



RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes that by strict attention to business he will still continue to receive a share of public patronage. All kinds of CABINET WARE kept constantly on hand and made to order. All kinds of CHAIRS will be made to order and kept on hand.—*Furniture repaired* at the shortest notice and in the best style. Also, Prompt attention will be paid to the



Undertaking Business

Coffins kept constantly on hand and made to order in the best style. *Hearses and Carriages* furnished on all occasions if required.

From long experience and strict attention to the Undertaking and Cabinet business, he feels assured to render *full satisfaction* to all those who may favor him with their custom.

Shop on Calhoun Street, opposite Mr. Kiser's.

Feb. 17, 1849. 3m33.

In Advance of the Telegraph!

W. SMITH & Co., No. 3 Jones' Block, respectfully inform the Ladies that they have just received their

SPRING STOCK

Of New and Fashionable GOODS,

embracing every thing really desirable in the Eastern markets, and which will be sold at prices to

Beat the Jews!

The Ladies are invited to call and examine this splendid stock, far exceeding any thing ever brought to the place. Their

New Styles of Dress Goods

are peculiarly rich and becoming; their stock of Bonnet Ribbons, is beyond comparison the best ever seen in the west; and as for Lawns, Ginghams, DeLaines, Calicoes, &c., &c., the half of what might truly be said about them would not be believed. Therefore a general invitation is extended to all to call and judge for themselves.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

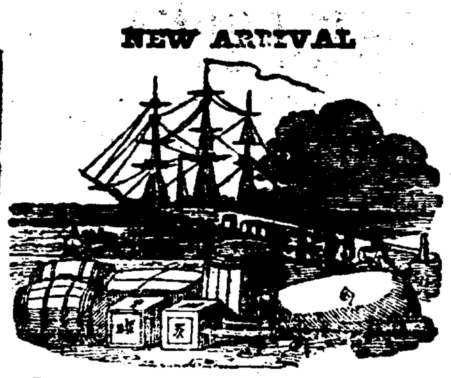
P. S. Beware of WANDERING JEWS, unless you wish to be shaved; you can buy a good genuine article at No. 3 for considerably less than the small pox pedlers charge for their damaged, imperfect, spurious, flimsy articles, which are made to sell and not to wear.

April 21, 1849. 42.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting occasions.* Just rec'd, by

Sept. 8. MRS. DYKES.

NEW ARRIVAL



At the Ohio Cash Store.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN are now receiving their SPRING & SUMMER GOODS suitable for the market, which have been selected with a view to durability and fast colors. Having purchased many of them from first hands, thereby saving one profit, they will be sold at a small advance, and even cheaper than *others are selling inferior goods.* We are desirous that all goods sold by us should give entire satisfaction, as it regards durability and prices. The goods have been purchased in New York, and not in Cincinnati where several of our merchants have made their purchases, and we are confident that we can sell goods in Fort Wayne as cheap as they do in Cincinnati. This is an important fact to be remembered by those who purchase goods in this city. Our stock is new and fresh, we have a great variety of

DRESS GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

of the latest styles, consisting in part of silk and linen berages, brocade linen lustres, linen, English, Scotch, French, and hair cloth ginghams, balzarines, lawns, figured and plain jaconets every variety of prints. Beautiful plain and embroidered white crape shawls, berage and mous de laine do; canton crape scarfs. Also a large stock of French and English cloths, cassimeres, cashmerets, croton cloths, plain and figured satin vestings, figured and plain surge de rhone vestings, fancy do; plain barathea vestings, Kentucky and cumlet jeans, summer cloth, cottonades, satinetts, &c. A large stock of gloves and hosiery of every description.

BONNETS.—*Beautiful French braid bonnets, French* lace mourning do; Rough and Ready, China, pearl, leghorn, and English straw do; Misses Jenny Lind do, open braid and leghorn flats. ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS of every variety, mourning sprigs; also a splendid stock of

HATS.—Fashionable silk hats, English, Duesta, and Rutland, do Pedal, and plain and colored leghorn; also a magnificent stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Ladies' black and colored walking and dress gaiters, Congress half gaiters, Excelsiors, slippers and walking shoes, Misses' gaiters, slippers and morocco boots, childrens' shoes of every description and size.

Carpets and Rugs.

We have in store fine ingrain and Venitian carpets, Wilton and tufted rugs, Brussels carpet bags and satchels. We would here say to the public that we have made extensive arrangements with a house in New York, to enable us to open a carpet room, where we will during the course of the summer receive a large and splendid stock, and shall keep constantly on hand every variety of carpeting used in the West, together with oil floor cloths, matting, druggets, rugs, &c., and will sell them as cheap as a single carpet can be purchased in Cincinnati, or a small advance over New York coste.

We are daily expecting a large stock of sheetings and domestic goods, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, &c., shipped by the Erie Canal.

WANTED—All kinds of Produce the Farmer has to dispose of in exchange for goods, at the lowest cash prices. We will take all the butter offered at the highest market price.—Don't forget the place, in Hamilton's block. Store formerly occupied by Thomas Hamilton, second store from the corner. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, we are determined to sell our goods very cheap, that we may merit the continuation of the same.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

May 9, 1849. y—45.

NEW ARRIVAL

Of Spring & Summer Goods.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN, are now receiving a large and splendid stock of spring and summer goods, comprising every style of goods suitable for this market, which they will dispose lower than any other house in the city.—If those can

BEAT THE JEWS,"

we can beat MOSE. In a word we defy competition—we cannot, we *will not*, be undersold by any establishment in the West. Particulars next *week.*

April 28, 1849. 45.

Nails and Castings.

160 Kegs nails and a full assortment of Hollow Ware for sale low at

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co's

Multum in Parvo.

JUST opened, at No. 5, under the Odd Fellows' Hall, Calhoun Street, a desirable

STOCK OF GOODS,

such as fancy Satin Parasols, Silk do. Gingham do. cheap. Gingham Lawns newest styles and warranted fast colors; which will be sold low to the trade. A fine assortment of Ladies' and Gent's Hosiery, Sewing Silk, Twist, fancy Ribbons, &c, also a large lot of Howard's superior Pat. Thread; Gloves of every description; Artificials, &c. 100 M. Percussion Caps of various letters. A large lot of superior Cap, Letter and Writing PAPER, from the Lockland Mills; a very fine article of Imported Cigars; One Hundred Barre's Dried Apples for sale cheap. A good article of *Transparent Window Shades*, just the thing for the season.

We have not time to go into a general detail of all our articles; please call and examine our articles.

Counry merchants would do well to give us a call. R. C. FILSON.

No. 5, under Odd Fellows' Hall.

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1849.

PHENIX BAKERY

And Family Grocery Store

P. SAUNDERS informs his friends that his Bakehouse has arisen Phœnix like from the ashes; and having rented the building adjoining R. W. Taylor's store (a few doors north of his late establishment) he again offers for sale every description of

Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Crackers, &c.

of the best quality, trusting his old friends and customers will renew their patronage.

He will also keep on hand a general assortment of fresh

Family Groceries

to which he invites public attention. *No Liquors* will be kept in the establishment

June 8, 1849. 49.

OLD HICKS, Image of his Father, and Mary Grover: also The Three Guardsmen, for sale at WALKER'S.

Wholesale Liquor Store

AND

Rectifying Establishment,

Columbia street, 2 doors east of Clinton, FORT WAYNE, Ia.



S. BEAL informs Tavern and Grocery Keepers, dealers in Liquors, and the public in general, that he has enlarged his Rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices. He has also just received large stock of choice

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

WINES & LIQUORS, &c.,

which he can warrant to be superior and FAR CHEAPER than can be purchased short of the Eastern Cities. A call and inspection of his stock and prices will convince all good judges that they will both

Save Money and gratify the taste of their Customers

by laying in their supply at this establishment.

He has now on hand choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

His stock includes

Pure old A. Seignette Brandy	Pure Juice Port Wine
" "RasteauCherruyer"	Durand's " "
" A. Seiguette "	Other brands " "
J. J. Dupuy "	Sweet Malaga "
Several fine Domestic "	Madeira "
Old Cherry	Native "
Jamaica Rum	Kimel
St. Croix "	Superior Rectified Whiskey
Old Holland's Gin	Old Rye "
Rose "	East India Bitters
Wheeler's "	Staughton
American "	

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar,* &c. All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 9, 1848. y—23.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne street. October 28, 1849.

Summer at hand and Fire out!!!

600 Gross Matches, Superior article, Blue Top, for sale at the Notion Store of R. C. FILSON.

NEW BOOKS

Just received at Walker's Book Store.

THE PRARIE FLOWER, or Adventures in the Far West—the great premium prize tale!!—By Emerson Bennett.

A MAN MADE OF MONEY.—By Douglas Jerrold.

CORRINNE, or Italy.—By Madame de Stael Holstein.

ILDEFONSO, or the Priests of Omers.—By J. Ingraham, Esq.

RAPHAEL; Pages of the Book of Life at twenty.—A. de Lamartine.

THE BEAUTIFUL CIGAR GIRL; and its sequel HEMAN DE RUYTER, or the mystery unveiled.—By J. H. Ingraham.

NEW GOODS.

HILL, WILSON, & Co. are receiving their usual extensive stock of

Spring and Summer Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c. &c.

making their assortment as good as any in the city; which they will sell WHOLESALE or RETAIL, as low as can be purchased elsewhere.—Those wishing to purchase will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their purchases. HILL, WILSON, & Co.

May 8, 1849.

SHEETINGS.

20 Bales broad sheetings just received and for sale low.

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co.

LOG & Trace Chains, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

STEEL.—Cast, German, Sweeds & American Blister Steel, at the FARMER'S DEPOT

COFFEE.—30 Sacks best Rio Coffee, just received and for sale low at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

TEA.—10 Chests Young and Old Hyson Tea: also Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, which is offered for sale very cheap at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

PRINTS.—500 ps. assorted prints just received and for sale at the lowest prices.

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co.

SUMMER STUFFS.—40 ps. Blue Drill; 100 do assorted Summer Stuffs just received and for sale low. HILL, WILSON & Co.

For the Cholera.

A Pure article of COGNIAC BRANDY, warranted genuine, recommended by the physicians as the best remedy for the incipient stages of cholera, diarrhœa, &c.

Also, Pure Juice old PORT and MADEIRA WINE for medicinal purposes; East India Bitters—an excellent tonic; Cordials, &c., &c., for sale at the Liquor Store of

June 26th, 1849. S. BEAL.

Farm for Sale—Cheap.

THE subscriber will sell very low for Cash his farm situate on the St Joseph River, about 9 miles above Fort Wayne, being a part of the Jack Hackley Reserve in Town 32, North of Range 13 East. It contains 65 60-100ths acres, five acres of which are chopped off smooth and well fenced, and about twenty acres more deadened; there is a good Hewed Log House, with an excellent spring adjoining on the premises.—The land is chiefly rich bottom land, dry, and well timbered, and as it will be sold at a bargain, and the title is indisputable, the present is a favorable opportunity for any one wishing to buy a farm.

For further particulars inquire of JAMES HUMPHREY, at the Stone Yard, Fort Wayne.

WILLIAM JAMES.

April 12th, 1849. 4—tf.

PERCUSSION NOTES, just printed, for sale at this Office.

Fort Wayne February 10, 1849.

TOBACCO.—A few Kegs and Boxes for sale at Wholesale on Commission, very cheap for cash only at EDSALL'S.

VEILS.—Black & Green Silk and Green Gause for sale very low at the

Sept. 23. FARMERS' DEPOT.

DRESS GOODS.—Ginghams, Lawns, Barages, &c, a large assortment just received and for sale at

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co's

No. 3.

W. SMITH & Co.

WE are again on hand with a large and beautiful stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

Consisting of *Prints, Lawns, Ginghams, Shawls Summer stuffs, Sheetings, Straw Goods, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Hardware, Queensware, Iron, Nails, Glass, &c., &c.*, all of which we will sell at reduced prices. Notwithstanding the advance in the price of Sheetings at the East, we are selling

Sixteen Yards of Real Heavy Yard Wide Sheetings for One Dollar!!

Not the flimsy trash usually sold at that price which you can throw a cat through without touching, with your eyes shut, but the genuine heavy *truck*, good for hard service. We not only preach, but practice our old motto of no shaving on Orders, Due Bills, or Barter trades—we leave Shaving to Barbers and Jews, and in all cases strictly adhere to Cash prices. Try us once and you will try us again.

WANTED—Black Salts and all kinds of Country Produce.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.

W. SMITH & Co,

Fort Wayne, May 5, 1849.

To Country Merchants.

I offer at wholesale
25 doz. E. & J. Wilbur's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
20 " superior article Grass Scythes.
20 " " " assorted qualities Scythe Snath.
9 boxes " " Sythe Stones.

The above will be sold to the trade at manufacturer's prices, the same as they are sold at the places where they are made.

Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices. PETER P. BAILEY,

March 3, 1849. Hard Ware Store.

Deeds and Mortgages

FOR sale by the dozen or single, at the book store of C. R. WALKER.

CASH paid for HIDES.

S. & W. S EDSALL.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S DStore.

3 Bbls. CAMPHOR for sale very low by H. B. REED.

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also Dr. McKenzies Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

IRON! IRON!! Just received from Cincinnati, a complete assortment of Iron which we offer for sale at the lowest price.

22 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands, at a very small advance of the manufacturer's prices

H. B. REED.

SLOAN'S COLUMN.

☞ All the Medicines advertised by W. B. Sloan are sold by merchants, Druggists, &c., in nearly every town in all the Western States, and by Dr. L. BEECHER, Fort Wayne.

The best and cheapest Horse Medicine in the World.



SLOAN'S OINTMENT AND CONDITION POWDER, have earned a great name. For Purity, Mildness, Safety, Certainty and Thoroughness, Sloan's Ointment excels, and is rapidly superseding all other Ointments and Liniments now in use for the cure of the following diseases:

Fresh Wounds, Galls of all kinds, Sprains, Bruises, Cracked Heels, Ringbone, Windgalls, Poll Evil, Callus, Spavins, Sweeney, Fistula, Sitfast, Strains, Lameness, Sand Crack, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease Mange, or Horn Distemper.

The Powder will remove all inflamation and fever, purify the blood, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and strengthen every part of the body; and has proved a sovereign remedy for the following diseases: Distemper, Hide Bound, Loss of Appetite, Inward Strain, Yellow Water, Inflamation of the Eyes, Fatigue from hard exercise; also, Rheumatism, (commonly called stiff complaint,) which proves so fatal to many valuable horses in this country. It is a safe and certain remedy for coughs and colds which generate so many fatal diseases.

W. B. SLOAN,

Grand Depot, 40 Lake St., Chicago, Illinois.

The Proof.

Extract from the Calena "Northwestern Gazette."

☞ By the use of Sloan's Ointment and Condition Powder, I have entirely cured a Fistula on my horse and otherwise improved his condition more than 500 per cent., on the cost of the medicine. And a cow which was so feeble as to be considered worthless by myself and neighbors, was restored to good health and strength by the use of less than half a package of the powder, and is now doing better than any other cow I have WM. VINCENT,

Small Pox, May 13, 1848.

THE SUFFRING CHILD.

I hereby certify that one of my children when naked, fell into a large fire of live coals, and was burned severely from head to feet. The best of medical aid and attention was given to the child for four or five days without any relief—each day's suffering increased till his groans could be heard at a great distance, at which critical period one of my neighbors recommended and presented to me a box of SLOAN'S OINTMENT, and in less than fifteen minutes after the application of the Ointment to the aggravated sores of the suffering child, the pain ceased entirely, and he speedily began to recover. My residence is in Holt Township, Vermillion county, and State of Indiana.

THEODORE L. TAYLOR.

Dated at Chicago, Aug. 24, 1848.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE.

April 13th, 1848. Four miles north of Chicago, (on the road to Milwaukie,) Cook County Illinois.

Mr. Sloan—Dear Sir: One of my horses had a large bony tumor on his breastbone, immediately under the collar, which lamed him and rendered his services of very little value. I then procured Wilder's Celebrated Horse Ointment, and used that until I became fully satisfied that it would never relieve the animal. Finally I obtained a box of your truly valuable Ointment, and in less than sixty days from the first application the tumor entirely disappeared, and the horse was well.

Yours, EDWARD ARMSTRONG.

POPULAR OPINION.

If popular opinion is any criterion of the worth of an article, we invite the incredulous to read at least a few of the many voluntary certificates that appear in our columns respecting the great variety of remarkable cures effected by the use of "Sloan's Celebrated Ointment and Condition Powders."

These remedies no longer remain an open close of doubtful utility, they have passed from the tide of experiment, and now stand higher in reputation and are becoming more extensively used than all other articles of the kind.—*Mich. City News.*

The half has not been told.

Fox River, June 12, 1848.

Dr. Sloan—Sir: Please send by the bearer a new supply of your Horse Medicines. They are the best of the kind that I have ever used, never having been disappointed in their effects, as I have been in the use of other, even the most celebrated Ointments, Liniments, &c., of the day. I like very much this feature in them, viz: that they do all that is promised, and upon a thorough trial one is constrained to add, that "half has not been told.

Respectfully, M. DUNLAY.

THE DIFFERENCE.

The ordinary Ointments and Liniments it is well known, are severe and partial in their operation. Sloan's Ointment is mild yet thorough—it reaches and removes the cause, hence it gives real and permanent relief.

For purity, mildness, safety, certainty, and thoroughness, SLOAN'S Ointment excels, and is rapidly superceding all other Ointments and Liniments now in use.

WE CAN'T GET ALONG WITHOUT IT!

BEEBE'S GROVE, Will Co., Ill. }
October 24, 1848. }

Mr. Sloan—

SIR: I have tested the virtue of your Ointment in the cure of rattlesnake bites, sore throat, burns, and many other injuries, and in every case it has surpassed our expectations. As a family Ointment, I have never seen its equal, and for beasts we can't get along without it.

Yours, &c., MILES M. JOHNSON,

Excellent Ointment.

Mr. Sloan—Dear Sir: For a considerable length of time I was seriously afflicted with a Rheumatic complaint, and applied freely to various liniments, pain killers, &c., without obtaining relief. After which your Agent at this place influenced me to try your Ointment, and within two weeks from the time I commenced using it, the pain ceased, and I was effectually cured, and shall recommend all who are similarly afflicted with the distressing complaint, to procure your excellent ointment without delay.

Respectfully yours, OSCAR F. MOTT,

Princeville, Peoria Co., May 1, 1848.

☞ From the Hon. H. V. S. Brooks, Agent of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Packet Boat Company.

Chicago, June 24, 1848.

Dr. W. B. Sloan—

DEAR SIR: For the last 30 years I have had occasion to use many horses, and have used the great variety of Liniments and Ointments, &c., but have never found any thing equal to your Ointment for injuries on horses. Within the last two months I have applied your Ointment to some 80 horses, for various injuries, and in every instance it has proved a sovereign remedy.

A FINGER BITTEN ENTIRELY OFF,

Two miles south of Chicago, Sept. 14, 1848.

Dr. Sloan—SIR: On the 8th instant my son had a finger bitten entirely off by a horse. We immediately applied your celebrated Ointment, which relieved him of pain in a few minutes, and prevented the finger from swelling the least particle, and the wound is healing rapidly.

y2 Respectfully yours, S. BROCKWAY.

Copartnership.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr., having formed a partnership with Reuben D. Turner, under the name and style of Hough & Turner, the firm will continue a general Land agency and Collecting business at the office of the "Indiana Land Agency."
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
Feb. 1, '49. REUBEN D. TURNER.

Town Lots for Sale,
At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.

THE subscribers offer the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:
HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 37, 38, 39, 40, 536, 278, and 279
COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT.—49, 6, 48, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.
EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; Lot 7 block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 1 block 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; lot block 4.
TABOR'S ADDITION—Lots numbered 2, and 30.
They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.
HOUGH & TURNER.
Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

INDIANA LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscribers, proprietors of the above Agency, will continue the business of a
"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"
in its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a systematic and General Land Agency Business. They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and have numerous and reliable correspondents, and are therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.
As agents for the owner, they offer for sale large bodies of valuable land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	18,706	Noble County	8,847
DeKalb "	7,924	Whitley "	8,898
Steuben "	2,868	Huntington "	5,364
Lagrange "	965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	5,480	Miamie "	827
Blackford "	2,774	Carrol "	620
Jay "	795	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,420	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	996	Marshall "	327
Elkhart "	720	White "	1,547
Fountain "	1,843	Montgomry "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	535	Marion "	320

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.
They also offer for sale
Several Valuable Improved Farms.
In the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE, and WABASH and a large number of
Town Lots
in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to communications from persons desiring to purchase.
Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY." Calhoun Street. HOUGH & TURNER.
Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

FRENCH PAPETRIES—A most beautiful article, good as the best, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S.

LATEST ARRIVAL.
At T. K. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand, and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of
Dry Goods, Groceries,
Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes. Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods. Bonnets, Boas, &c, Nails, Glass, Leather, Salt. Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn. &c. &c.
Our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieces; also Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of them very pretty; a full stock of Satinetts of all colors and prices from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cts.; Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of
CALICOES from Sixpence to two Shillings;
Blue, Blue and Orange for one shilling; a first rate article of full *yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard*, do 8 cents, five-fourths for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling Bleached, do from 8 cents to two shillings.
To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of
Dress Goods and Trimmings
is a fine one, consisting of Plaid, Satin, Striped, and plain Silks, Gro de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, and Striped Alpaccas; Mode, Black Plaid, and Stripe, do, Cashmeres and De Laines. Also, a new and desirable DRESS GOODS lately brought into market, and named after the great French Republican *Lamartine*. A stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our stock.
Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Laguira Coffee from 5 to 11 pounds to the dollar;—New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolade, &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Smoking.
Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue, by the set or piece; Liverpool Agate do; Common and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Preserves.
BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection. Stoga Boots from dollars to 2,50 per pair; Kip and Calf do., Youths' and Boy's do, Stoga, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' Ladies' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Gaiters; Children and Infants do. Ladies' Boots and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, Strap, and Manufactured.
Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet, &c., fine lot. Gents fashionable Silk and Fur HATS; Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.
Cash paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce, Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the HOOSIER STORE, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Trentmann's.
October 26, 1848. y17.

Abdominal Supporters.

THE Gents at the other end of the street had as well not get into a passion about an ex humbug, a *good* article can be found at H. B. Reed's for half the money; also Shoulder Braces. Call and see.

500 Boxes GLASS WARE just received from the Pittsburgh manufactories also 200 Boxes Window Glass, all sizes and of the best brands, for sale at a very small advance
Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

300 Best Sp. Fl. INDIGO, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.—Three bbls. Purified Lamp Oil. for sale low. H. B. REED.

12 Bbls. Spts. TURPENTINE for sale by H. B. REED.

Co-Partnership Notice.

J. E. HILL & G. WILSON, have formed a co-partnership with A. M. ORBISON as Dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, at their old stand, under the name of Hill, Wilson, & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, under the name of Hill, Orbison, & Co., in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hoagland.
J. E. HILL,
G. WILSON,
A. M. ORBISON,
September 16, 1848.

THE highest market price in cash will be paid for FURS by
Nov. 25, 1848. C. R. WALKER.

PRINTS from Sixpence to two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps water proof and common, for sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CARMINA SACRAS; The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music; Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE very popular novel Bragelonne, the Son of Athos, or Ten Years Later, by Alexander Dumas, for sale by C. R. WALKER.

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

P. P. Bailey

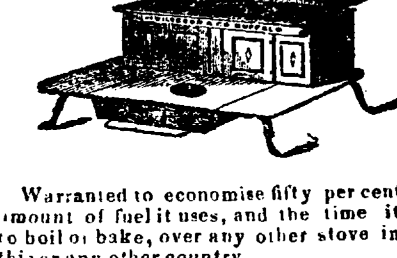
HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH
For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,
OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.
Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. *If* the proprietor becomes the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made whenever desired in Produce in store to go forward in Spring.
REFERENCES.
Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna, "
" Hugh M'Culloch, Cash'r of B'k "
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co., "
" Brownlee & Brown, "
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Hawley, "
" Col. James H. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy, New York, and Boston.*
N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847 23.

HUMPHREY & BROWN
Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of Is quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for buildings, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewings Warehouse and Boat Yard.
JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.
August 4th, 1848.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves!

MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.
SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.
From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertions the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.
He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler
Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.
The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler
Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,
which takes in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.
These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.
Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is so well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the
Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,
the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the
Knickerbacker Hot Air,
which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will *run* quite as fast out West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.
Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves all sizes;
The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;
The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;
All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are
Warranted to stand fire.
without breaking.
After these, comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.
TIN WARE manufactured and sold whole sale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.
Tin Plate, Sheet Copper Sheet Iron and *Block Tin* kept constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.
P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

NOTE PAPER and Envelopes—a most splendid article for sale at
2 WALKER'S BOOK STORE.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medical use, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Teneriffee WINES, for sale at
WALKER'S Drug Store.

No Cure No Pay.

I Would inform the world that I have a Remedy for curing or healing Ruptures, without any pain in the operation, and without even seeing the place thus ruptured. Some of the wise and learned may laugh and scorn at the proposition, but don't be too fast, this is no new fiction. my father has practiced the Remedy over forty years in the East, and I have cured three persons myself. I give this to the public, because I beleive it to be my duty to do all the good I can to my fellows. WM. IBA.
And I would also request editors of papers in the Country to make a short paragraph of the above in their sheets, and by so doing they will confer a blessing on some of their patrons.
6m38

"Regular Authorized Agent" No. 2

THE "Express Arrival" brought to light in a "Notice Extra" a "Regular Authorized Agent" for *Dr. Fitch's Popular Remedies.* But as this is the first notice of the fact, we presume it was for *keeping them* not selling. Now we have a "Regular Authorized Agency" for *selling*, and we wish our friends to call and test the benefit of the Remedies. Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Inhaling Tubes, and Fitch's Lectures constantly on hand and for sale at
WALKER'S BOOK STORE,
No. 2, Hanna's Block,
Fort Wayne, December 9, 1848.

THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO, by Aleandor Dumas, at WALKER'S.

NEW BOOKS

JANE EYRE, by Curran Bell,
Warthering Heights, " "
Now and Then, by Warren,
Pride and Prejudice, by Austin,
Self Control,
Charms and Counter Charms.
Just received at WALKER'S BOOK STORE.

10 Cases Calebria and Cicily LIQUORICE in store and for sale cheap.
Dec. 9 1848. H. H. REED.

ORLEANS, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Delaines, and Parometter, very cheap
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Blank Deeds & Mortgages
neatly printed on
Beautiful Script Type!
For sale at this Office.

3 Cases double refined BORAX on hand and for sale cheap H. B. REED.

NEW BOOKS
At Walker's Book Store.
No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE subscriber is now receiving his winter supply of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY*, consisting of a full and complete assortment of *Fancy, Miscellaneous* and *School Books, Plain and Fancy Stationery of all kinds;* being the largest assortment ever brought to this place. Come one! Come all! examine our assortment whether you wish to purchase or not.
CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18 1848. 20.

JAMES' NOVELS.—The works of G. P. R. James in cheap form, for sale at
Dec. 9, 1848. WALKER'S

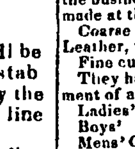
Wines and Liquors.

Brandy.	Wines.
J. J Dupuy.	Pure Juice Port.
Joel Wolf.	South Side Madeira.
Chatnel.	Golden Sherry.
A. Seignette.	Mountain Malaga.

St. Croix Rum.
Holland Gin.
Irish Whiskey,
all of which are warranted pure for sale by
Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

10 Copies of the LIFE OF LUTHER translated from the German of Moritz Meurer—a splendid edition, with 16 beautiful engravings, elegantly bound, for sale cheap at the Farmers' Depot.
ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. THARP, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business, warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.
Coarse Boots, custom work, made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at $30,00 per dozen.
Fine custom Kip and Calf Do. proportionately low.
They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as
Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots; Childrens' do.
Boys' " "
Mens' Course and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.
They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices *Spanish Sole, Upper LEATHER, Kip, Calf, Lining and Binding Skins;* also, a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c., &c.
Jan. 15, 1847. 28y.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 18th, 1847. tf8

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.
*** OFFICE—On Calhoun Street, at P. Kiser's Store.—Residence on Main st., opposite E. Broom's Wagon Shop.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1848. 16.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office. Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne.* y6 August 12. 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, *Fort Wayne Indiana.* OFFICE Front Room over Messrs. Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.
Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.
REFERENCES.
Hon. David McDonald } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*
*** OFFICE—On Columbia Street, over Barnett & Nelson's Store. y38.

J. L. WORDEN. E. A. MCMAHON.
WORDEN & McMAHON, *Attorneys at Law* have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, and will practice together in the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of Indiana. Office continued in the second story of Evans' new brick store house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.
January 1, 1849. 27

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.
Office on Calhoun Street, over B. Smith's store.
Sept. 30, 1848. y13.

G. L. SITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun-st. 1y17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRAKENRIDGE, Jun., *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes, purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.
REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*
OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

EDWARD F. COLERICK. *Attorney and Counsellor at Law* Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in Northern Indiana. OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.
Nov. 17—y.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit, or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.
June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

FT WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.
The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.
RUDISILL & WOLKE.
March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into
Sttinets or Full Cloth
of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.
May 6, 1848. y44

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—every variety—just rec'd at Mrs. DYKES' Fancy Store.

SAWS, Mill, X Cut, and Hand, and Buck, of best kind and cheapest Prices.
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

BOOK BINDERY.

THE subscriber having procured the services of a book binder, is now prepared to bind and re-bind all kinds of books in the neatest and most substantial manner. Call at WALKER'S Book Store.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6¼ cts. per yard at B. MASON'S.

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company*, of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to
Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,
and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property
Against loss or damage by Fire.
The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms
Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.
On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.
For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of Hough & Turner, on Calhoun street, north of the Spencer House.
R. D. TURNER.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.
The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.
Married women may Insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors,
Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.
The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.
The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.
Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.
The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.
F. P. RANDALL.
May 5, 1847. 44tf

Valuable Lands
FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ia., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.
Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.
Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17, town 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.
And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.
EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON, A. M. ORBISON
HILL, WILSON, & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &C.,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

There is no real occasion for sickness!
Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world. They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood, Biliousness, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the DISEASES OF WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in
PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.
Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,
THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE
and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those also attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.
NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM.
Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.
Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)
J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.
June 13, 1848. y9
Read the following testimony from W. W. Steevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:
"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the Pills are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed.
W. W. STEEVENS.
Fort Wayne, July, 1848.
"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.
HUGH MILLER."
To J. B. HANNA.
The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.
They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Ligonier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, *Fort Wayne;* DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, May's Mills; L. S Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

WANTED, 50,000 Bushels Wheat, 10 000 Flax Seed, and any kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH. HILL, WILSON & Co

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. very low. B. MASON

First Spring Arrival for the Ladies

MRS. DYKES has just received from New York a choice lot of English and American Calicoes. Also, Plain and Figured DeLains, Zephyr Worsted Purse Twist, Steel Beads, &c., all of which will be sold cheap for cash.
April 21, 1849.

THE IMMENSE
Mineral Wealth of California

HAS induced thousands to abandon the comforts of home and brave the hardships and horrors of a trip across the Rocky Mountains, or the perils of a passage round Cape Horn. all of which may now be avoided, and as fair a chance found of making money at home. It is an old adage that *a penny saved is two-pence earned;* there is no trouble in making money here, the only thing is, to keep it after it is made. This may in a great measure be accomplished by buying at
B. MASON'S
Celebrated Cheap Store,
where goods can be had so cheap that none who make all their purchases there can fail to save enough to make themselves rich, and that too without running the risks necessary to pick up gold on the Sacramento.
A large stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS has just been received, including a beautiful assortment of
Fancy Dress Goods.
Silks, Bareges, Linen Lawns Linen Poplins, Lawns, Gingham Lawns, White Lawns, Swiss Mulls, Plaid Mulls and Jaconetts, Victoria Lawns, Nankeens, Calicoes, &c. White and Red Crape, Embroidered Crape, Berage, and Silk SHAWLS. Parasols—a splendid assortment. Fans of every variety. Ladies' and Gents' Gloves. Leghorn, Palm Leaf, and Straw Hats. Besides all kinds of staple goods, such as Shirtings, Sheetings, Checks, Drillings, and all sorts of Summer Wear.
It is needless to say more than that the stock now on hand at this establishment fully equals all former ones, and is offered at even less than *Mason's unrivalled low prices.* Call and satisfy yourselves.
The stock of GROCERIES is large, and all of the choicest quality—nothing else is ever kept, and they will be sold as Cheap or CHEAPER than the inferior articles offered in some of the blowing *gas-houses* in this city. DYE STUFFS—Madder, Indigo, Alum, &c.
QUEENSWARE.—A large and most beautiful assortment of the latest styles.
HARDWARE.—A full stock, which is offered very low.
Every thing in the shape of BOOTS AND SHOES, from a Stogie Boot to a Baby's Shoe—including Misses' Gaiters, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c., and Gents' Calf Boots, Water Proof Boots, Shoes, Bootees, &c. &c. at very reduced prices.
HATS AND CAPS in great variety—from a Broadway *Bon Ton* to a shilling cap.
STATIONERY.—He has also a large stock of Stationery—including School Books, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes &c. &c.
Also an endless variety of NOTIONS—such as Steel Beads, Clasps, and Purse Twists; Combs in great variety;—Travelling Bags; Pen and Pocket Knives, and every thing else that is neat, tasty, fashionable or desirable.
SALT & WHITE FISH by the bbl. NAILS & GLASS.
In short, buyers will find any thing and every thing they can ask for, and for CASH can have such bargains as they have never dreamt of. All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins &c. taken in exchange for Goods.

Notice to Farmers and
PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.
Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.
All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.
CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.
HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. 1y8

STATIONERY.—Blank & Memorandum Books, 1st 2d, 3d, and 4th Renders, Spelling Books, Fool, Cap and Letter Paper, &c. at
Sept 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

200 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap H. B. REED

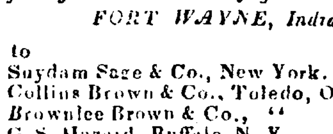
800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

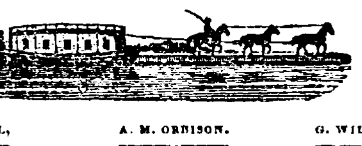
FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon. H. B. REED.

SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S
May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.



1847. 1847.
JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,
Storage, Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,
At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets, FORT WAYNE, Indiana.
Refer to
Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "



1848. 1848.
J. E. HILL, A. M. ORBISON. G. WILSO
HILL, ORBISON, & CO.,
(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland,)
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS.
FORT WAYNE, IA.
Liberal advances made on Produce.
REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co.
Smith, Robinson & Co.
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo!*
Peckham & Scott.
Field & King,
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis,
Kent, Poag, & Co. } *New York.*
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo.*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Rench, *Dayton,*
H. S. Mayo, *Troy, Ohio.*
Fort Wayne, *September* 16, 1848.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.
SAMUEL HANNA.
Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S. No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quartos, Cap, *Demy*, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds, A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.
C. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, May 6.

Removal.

MRS. DYKES returns her thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne, and the public in general for the liberal patronage she has received while doing business in Columbia Street, and respectfully informs them that she has removed to the new Brick Block on Calhoun Street, two doors South of Smith's Corner, where she will be happy to receive calls from all in want of Fancy Articles, Dry Goods, &c.—a new supply of which has just been received.
Dec. 2, 1848.

Music Books.

PSALTERYS, Carmina Sacras, Missouri Harmony, David's Harp, by the dozen or single copy, WALKER'S.

SUGAR. 50 bbls. N. O. Sugar of the best kind at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

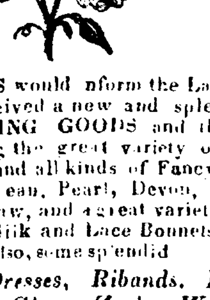
PRINTS.—160 pieces Prints of the latest and best quality just received and for sale low at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

SCYTHES.—10 Doz. Waldron's grain Scythes 5 do. Grass Scythes; 5 Doz. Blood's Grass do. for sale low. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GENTLEMEN'S
Furnishing Goods.
C. B. HATCH,
97 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK,
Between John St. and Maiden Lane.
IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN
Shirts, Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, Gloves, Hosiery Under Garments, Suspenders, Bosoms, Collars, Dressing Robes, Shoulder Braces, Handkerchiefs Money Belts, Metallic Water-Proof Coats, Oiled Silks, &c. &c.
The facilities of the subscriber for importing and manufacturing his goods, enable him to supply his customers at the very lowest market prices; and every effort will be made to render it an object for merchants and dealers from every section of the country to give him a call.
C. B HATCH,
3m50pd. 97 *William Street.*

UNITED STATES
Wholesale Clothing Warehouse!!
LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258, Pearl Street, (between Fulton street and Burling Slip) NEW YORK,
HAVE on hand the largest assortment of CLOTHING in the United States, adapted to all markets! In the article of SHIRTS and DRAWERS we keep an endless variety. Also the most extensive manufacturers of OIL CLOTHING and Covered Hats in the world.
Plain and Fashionable Clothing
of all kinds. Catalogues of stock sent by mail. Orders promptly filled.
LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258 Pearl Street,
6w52p NEW YORK.

NEW Fashions FOR Spring & Summer.



MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies that she has received a new and splendid assortment of SPRING GOODS and the latest Fashions. Among the great variety of BONNETS will be found all kinds of Fancy Straw, French Lace, Chateau, Pearl, Devon, Rutland, Tuscan, Plain Straw, and a great variety of other kinds, besides Silk and Lace Bonnets of every description. Also, some splendid
SILKS for Dresses, Ribands, Flowers, Laces, Collars, Glovse, Zephyr Worsted,
and many other FANCY ARTICLES, all of which will be sold very cheap.
Bonnets cleaned and repaired in the neatest manner. DRESS-MAKING attended to in all its branches.
Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.
Fort Wayne, May 23. 1849.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES, Gaitres and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON.

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received a superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.
May 6. B. MASON.

MOLASSES—Sugar House and N. O. Molasses just the sort for Family use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed and New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.
May 6, 1848

WHITE CRAPE LISSE,—Just the article for Veils. Call and get before it is all gone. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Shoes for the Million.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY

HAVING replenished their stock, and made further arrangements to accommodate the public, offer to their numerous customers additional inducements for their continued patronage.
At Wholesale or Retail they offer

Thick Boots,	Over Shoes,	Thick Shoes,
Gaiters,	Calf Boots,	Buskins,
Kip Boots,	Bootees,	Morocco Boots,
Rubbers,	Youth's Boots,	Mens' Gaiter,
Eastern Boots,	Stockinett Rubber	
Misses' Buskins,	Children's Shoes, &c	

FINDINGS.
Pegs, Nails, Kit, Thread, Lining, Bindings, Lasts, &c., &c.
All the above articles and many more, we offer to sell at the *lowest prices* for DOWN PAY, and we invite the people of North eastern Indiana to call and be well provided with Boots and Shoes, and remind them of the danger of neglecting the feet in winter—to take care of the feet is to take care of the head, come one and all and be well shod—buy new Boots and get the old ones mended
EASTERN BOOTS.
Dealers can be supplied with Eastern Boots of the best quality, better than those usually offered in this market, at eastern prices.
ANDERSON & Co,
Fort Wayne, Jan. 27 1849. y30

W. SMITH & Co.
No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.
DEALERS IN
Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods
GROCERIES,
Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish. &c.*
Also, the best Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.
SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.
CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

More New Goods.

S. & W. S. EDSALL have received their spring stock, making their assortment complete, and at least equal to any to be found in the place.—The new arrivals comprise all the new styles of
Fancy Dress Goods,
Calicoes, Ginghams, Lawns, Trimmings, &c. &c. Drillings and Summer Goods of every description.
Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c., &c., &c.
We are not disposed to puff ourselves into notoriety, like some of our neighbors, as we believe actions speak louder than words; but intend that all who give us a call shall be satisfied that better bargains can be had at this establishment than at any *gass* house in the city. Those who want genuine good articles at fair prices will find this the place to purchase. Persons living in the country, even if they do not want to trade over $5, will save money, by harnessing up their teams, coming here and getting articles they will have some satisfaction in wearing, instead of trading with those *Itinerant Israelites* who are now flooding the country with their trash.
A SAVING OF AT LEAST FIFTY PER CENT will be the natural consequence of taking his advice. Call and try.
May 12, 1849.

AMERICAN REMEDY.
WESTERN NEW YORK
COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
207 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S
Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures is is making
ALL OVER THE WORLD.
It has now become *the only medicine for family use*, and particularly recommended for
DROPSY:
all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. *See Pamphlet for testimony.*
GRAVEL,
and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints *it stands alone;* no other article can relieve you and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical; *see pamphlet.* Liver Complaint, Billious diseases,
FEVER AND AGUE.
To the Great West *especially*, and wherever the complaints prevail this medicine is offered.
NO MINERAL AGENT,
no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture, It cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.
PILES,
a complaint of a most painful character, is
IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED,
and a cure follows by a few days use of this article: it is far before any other preparation for this disease. or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.
DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,
weak back, weakness of the Kidneys, &c, or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as
A CERTAIN REMEDY
for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame. IRREGULARITIES SUPPRESSIONS,
painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give
A THOUSAND NAMES
as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the *effect of mercury*, will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system. ERUPTIVE DISEASES
will find the alterative properties of this article
PURIFY THE BLOOD,
and drive such diseases from the system. See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents give *them away;* they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger
ARRAY OF PROOF
of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article *that it never fails to benefit in any case*, and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid
HOPE ON,
and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would
CAUTION THE PUBLIC
against a number of articles which come out under the head of SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.,
as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c.: *They are good for nothing* and concocted to gull the unwary;
TOUCH THEM NOT.
Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.
Agents and all who sell the article are
GLAD TO CIRCULATE
gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles *Look out and not get imposed upon.* Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass the *written signature* of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," *stamped on the cork.* None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted: post paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to, gratis.
Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132 Nassau street, New York city; 295 Essex street, Salem, Mass. and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as agents.
Fort Wayne, A. B. Miller; Lima, J. F. Wicker; Goshen W. Dodge; Ligonier, A. B. Miller.
May 15, 1848. 1y

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

A new supply for the Spring trade just received from New York, via. Railroad. All articles warranted fresh and genuine. Call at No. 2 Hanna's block. C. R. WALKER.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap
May 6. B. MASON.

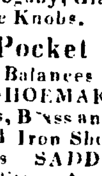
Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

WE have erected a large and commodious four story brick Warehouse, and are prepared to store any quantity of produce, &c. that may be entrusted to us, either for shipment or sale on commission.
Liberal advances made on consignments.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.
Oct. 9, 1847.

Cash for 20,000 Bushels
OF WHEAT,
At the Empire Mills.

WE are prepared to pay CASH and the HIGHEST PRICE for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.
Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not much given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat, we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed *for the horses*, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for their drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so and should not now mention it if *our neighbors* had not set the example.
We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly *grind* every thing in the shape of *Custom Work*—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the "face of the Poor."
SAMUEL EDSALL,
Empire Mills, at the Aqueduct.
Fort Wayne, Sept 6. 1848 40tf

THE NEW YORK
HARDWARE STORE.
SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.



IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of
Carpenters Tools,
Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vises, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.
Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1000 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Truss Hoops. Iron, Nails, Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, X Cut and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for Country Stores—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (it is no use for credit.) Farmers will here find ready sale, and the highest price, for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, while the roads are good. P. P. B
Fort Wayne, Ia., Sept. 19, 1846.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICE—Over P. P. Bailey's Hardware Store, corner of Clinton and Columbia streets Third Story.

TERMS:

Two Dollars per annum in Advance; Two Dollars Fifty Cents at the end of Six Months; or Three Dollars at the end of the Year.

No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid up, except at the option of the publisher.

Advertisements inserted at One Dollar per Square of Ten Lines, for the first three weeks, and half that rate for subsequent insertions.

A liberal allowance made to those who advertise by the year.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Vol. 10—No. 7. FORT WAYNE, Indiana, Saturday, August 18, 1849. Whole No. 851.

JOB PRINTING

Executed with neatness, accuracy and dispatch, on the most reasonable terms.

SELECT FEMALE SCHOOL.

MISS ANNE MARKLE, has just opened a Female Select School, in Fort Wayne next door East of the old Presbyterian Church.

Tuition.

For the primary branches, Orthography, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, $3 00 per quarter.

Geography, Grammar, History, Watts on the Mind, Physiology, Natural Philosophy, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Rhetoric, Evidences of Christianity and Compositions, $5 00 per quarter.

All the scholars are expected to recite in the Bible.

Miss Markle has recommendations from Rev. Dr. Junkin, Rev. Dr. McGuffey, Jno Dawson Esq Uniontown Pa., and others.

Fort Wayne, April 28, 1849. y43.

Fresh Drugs.

H. B. REED has just returned from the eastern cities, and is now receiving his

Fall and Winter Supply

of all articles in his line; making the largest and most complete assortment that he has ever before brought to this market, or that can be found at any other point in the State.

He respectfully requests the attention of Physicians, Druggists and dealers generally, to his stock, as he is enabled to offer greater inducements than ever.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 4, 1848. 18

New Arrival of Stoves

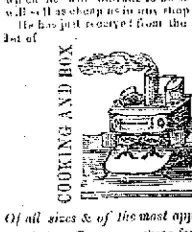
At the Old Tin Shop.

R. SUTHERLAND returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal encouragement he has received, and respectfully informs them that he has laid in a large stock of Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Copper, &c., and will keep on hand or make to order every description of

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Ware.

which he will warrant to be as well made and will sell as cheap as in any shop west of Buffalo.

He has just received from the East a superior lot of



Of all sizes & of the most approved patterns

which he offers very cheap for Cash. Among others he has the highly popular PREMIUM STOVE—a well known that it is unnecessary to say anything in its praise.

The highly improved HATHAWAY *Hot Air Cooking Stove*,—the best and most economical stove in use.

The NIAGARA *Hot Air Cooking Stove*,—a new pattern, but which promises soon to take the lead of all others.

PARLOR and BOX STOVES. Sheet Iron Stove made to order.

The favor of a call is respectfully solicited.—Shop on Columbia Street, one door east of Reed's Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, Nov. 21 1848. 6m21.

Land for sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale on accommodating terms, several valuable tracts of improved and wild lands, situated in Allen county. Persons wishing to settle in this county, would find this a favorable opportunity to procure homes. THOS. HAMILTON.

WINDOW GLASS of all the largest sizes—22 by 24, 18 by 28, 16 by 20, 12 by 18, 14 by 24, 12 by 16, &c. H. B. REED.

More Light.

JUST received 20 boxes Star and Mould Candles. S. & W. S. EDSALL.

ZENAS CONKLING, WILLIAM WOOD, ALFRED WOOD

CONKLING, WOOD & CO.

North side of Court Street, East of Broadway

CINCINNATI, OHIO

Manufacturers of

Pure White Lead,	Paris Green,
No. 1 Do	Chrome Green,
Red Lead,	" Yellow,
Litharge,	" Red,
Putty,	Chinese Blue,
Whiting, "fire dried"	Assorted Col'd Paints,
Paris White,	Cider Vinegar.

We have adopted the most approved method, as practiced by the best Eastern Manufacturers, in manufacturing WHITE LEAD, and will warrant it equal to any made in the United States. Will warrant the quality of each article we manufacture to be as good as can be procured, and to give entire satisfaction. Offered at the lowest prices on usual time, or discount for cash. y2

IMPORTED CIGARS.—30,000 of the best brands; also a cheap article, 50 in a box, for sale low. H. B. REED.

150 lbs. PARIS GREEN Gd in Oil; 4 lb. cans; also, 500 lbs. dry, a superior article for blinds. H. B. REED.

20 Bbls. TANNER'S OIL, warranted of the very best quality, for sale at the very lowest rate. H. B. REED.

HAVANNA SUGAR.—Best white Havanna Sugar for sale by H. B. REED.

EXPRESS.

Lee Woolen Factory.

HAVING erected and furnished a large WOOLEN FACTORY at HAMILTON'S MILLS, on *the little St. Joseph river*, in Cedar Creek Township, Allen County, Indiana and fitted the same with a superior new double

Carding Machine

of the most approved kind, I am prepared to card all the wool that is brought to me in a good and proper manner, and warrant all the work to be well done.

Wool can be left in Fort Wayne at the store of JAMES M. HAMILTON, and the rolls will be returned there promptly in good order and proper condition without any charge.

Wool and all kinds of Country Produce taken in pay for carding, not refusing the *dimes* when convenient.

People coming from a distance can have their wool carded immediately.

Fulling, Dyeing, & Cloth Dressing

done in the best workmanlike manner. All work done by me is warranted to be done in a proper workmanlike manner.

JAMES ENSEY.

May 13, 1848. 1148.

BOOKS OF UNIVERSAL UTILITY.

SEARS' POPULAR PICTORIAL WORKS.

THE most splendidly illustrated volumes for families ever issued on the American continent, containing more than two thousand beautiful engravings, designed and executed by the most eminent artists of England and America.

[*A liberal Discount made to Agents.*]

I.

A SIX-DOLLAR BOOK AT HALF PRICE!

The Christian's Gift for 1848.

Just published, the most splendid work on Bible History ever offered to the American public, embellished with several hundred new and fine engravings. The whole Work (two volumes in one), making 768 large octavo pages, elegantly printed, and bound in the most finished style of modern bookbinding, is offered at the low price of $3 per copy.

SEARS' NEW AND COMPLETE

History of the Holy Bible,

As contained in the Old and New Testaments,

From the Creation of the World to the full Establishment of Christianity: containing a clear and comprehensive account of every remarkable transaction recorded in the Sacred Scriptures during a period of upward of four thousand years: with copious Notes, critical and explanatory: forming an Illustrated Commentary of the Sacred Text.

Part I.—The Old Testament History. Part II.—The New Testament History.

By ROBERT SEARS, aided by the writings of our most celebrated Biblical Scholars, and other learned persons, who have made the Scriptures their study. Two volumes in one.

II.

The following new and valuable Illustrated Volume consists of 592 pages, large octavo, elegantly bound in gilt pictorial muslin, printed from new Long Primer type. Price $2 50.

Sears' Pictorial Sunday Book:

Designed for the use of Families, Classes, and Sunday School Teachers: derived principally from the Manners and Customs of the Jews; the Rites, Traditions, and Antiquities, of Eastern nations, explanatory of many portions of the Old and New Testaments; together with interesting descriptions of the principal places mentioned in the Bible, illustrated by numerous Landscape Scenes, &c., from sketches taken on the spot.

III.

A Companion and Key to English History.

Just published, a rich, amusing, and instructive Book, complete in one imperial volume 8vo., of 600 pages, elegantly bound in gilt pictorial muslin. Price $2 50.

SEARS' PICTORIAL DESCRIPTION OF

England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, and the British Islands:

Embellished with several hundred handsome Engravings, illustrating the Geological Structure, Natural Curiosities, Druidical and Roman Remains, Monumental Records, Cathedrals and other architectural works, Coins, and Costumes, together with Scenes of Picturesque Beauty which abound in those celebrated countries.

*** In the above volume we have offered to all classes, at the cheapest rate, a complete description of the Parent Land, by the publication of the largest collection of Engravings, with explanatory letter press, that has ever been published in America. Our Work is intended for THE PEOPLE, but the KNOWLEDGE which it seeks to impart will be as scrupulously accurate as if it were exclusively intended for the most critical antiquary. To describe the Work would occupy the whole sheet. It must be seen to be admired; and read, to be appreciated. Every American will desire a copy, after he has seen the beautiful style in which the Work is got up.

IV.

The following important and interesting Work consists of Five hundred pages octavo, containing several hundred new and beautiful engravings, fine paper, handsomely bound in gilt and lettered, and is afforded at the low price of $2 50.

SEARS' BIBLE BIOGRAPHY:

Or the Lives and Characters of the principal Personages recorded in the Sacred Writings.

Practically adapted to the Instruction of Youth and Private Families: together with an Appendix, containing thirty Dissertations on the Evidences of Divine Revelation, from Timpson's Key to the Bible; being a complete summary of Biblical Knowledge, carefully condensed and compiled from Scott, Doddridge, Gill Patrick, Adam Clarke, Paul, Lowth, Horne, Wall, Stowe, Robinson, and other eminent writers on the Scriptures. ROBERT SEARS, Editor. Embellished with numerous Engravings, illustrative of Scripture Scenes, Manners, Customs, &c.

V.

NEW AND INTERESTING PICTORIAL WORK.

JUST PUBLISHED.

SCENES AND SKETCHES IN CONTINENTAL EUROPE;

Embracing descriptions of *France, Portugal, Spain Italy, Sicily, Switzerland, Belgium, and Holland*, together with Views and Notices of the principal objects of interest in Paris, Rouen, Lisbon, Madrid, Barcelona, Pisa, Leghorn, Rome, Naples, Herculaneum, Pompeii, Paestum, Palermo, Malta, Venice, Milan, Geneva, Pornes, Brussels, Tyrol, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Waterloo, &c., &c. Carefully compiled from the best and latest sources by ROBERT SEARS. Embellished with numerous Engravings. Complete in one imperial volume 8vo., of 350 pages, elegantly bound in gilt pictorial muslin. Price $2 50.

This work is intended as a companion to the "Pictorial Description of Great Britain," and will be found a valuable aid to every one seeking information respecting the countries described.

VI.

SEARS' INFORMATION FOR THE PEOPLE,

A splendidly Illustrated Work, comprising the finest series of Embellishments ever presented to the American public—in one handsome, large octavo volume, of 558 pages, elegantly bound. Price only $2 50.

This splendid volume comprises within itself *A COMPLETE LIBRARY of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge* condensed in form, familiar in style, and copious in information, embracing an extensive range of subjects in Literature, Science, and Arts.

VII.

*** JUST PUBLISHED—A valuable Illustrated Work, for Families, Schools, and Libraries, complete in one large and splendid vol. volume of 550 pages, elegantly bound in muslin gilt, printed with large type, and embellished with beautiful Engravings. Price $2 50.

The title of the Work is as follows:—

Sears' Pictorial Family Library,

OR DIGEST OF GENERAL KNOWLEDGE:

Comprising a complete circle of useful and entertaining information, designed for Family Reading: compiled from the latest and best authorities, and embracing the various divisions of History, Biography, Literature, Geography, Natural History, and the other sciences. Illustrated with numerous Engravings.

VIII.

A BOOK FOR EVERY FAMILY!

TO THE PEOPLE OF AMERICA.

A beautifully illustrated Volume—purely American in its character and design—forming a large and handsome octavo of between four and five hundred pages: with several hundred Engravings: Retail price $2 bound in muslin, gilt. The title of the Work is as follows:—

SEARS' PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE

AMERICAN REVOLUTION

With an account of the early History of the Country, the Constitution of the United States, and a Chronological Index. Illustrated with several hundred Engravings.

IX.

The Wonders of the World!

SECOND SERIES, IN TWO PARTS.

Part I.—Wonders of Nature—containing a Description of the Races of Men, Manners and Customs of various Nations, Beasts, Birds, Trees, Plants, Mountains, Volcanoes, Rivers, &c., &c.

Part II.—Wonders of Art—or Descriptions of Mechanical Inventions, Automatons, Cities, Buildings, Curiosities, Ruins Antiquities, &c., &c. Edited by ROBERT SEARS. With 300 Illustrative Embellishments. The whole complete in one volume of 550 pages, in ornamental gilt bindings, making an interesting and instructive work for all classes of readers.—Price $2 50.

X.

SEARS' NEW AND POPULAR

PICTORIAL DESCRIPTION OF THE UNITED STATES,

Containing an account of the Topography, Settlement, History, Revolutionary and other interesting Events, Statistics, Progress in Agriculture, Manufactures, and Population, &c., of each State in the Union. Illustrated with Engravings of the principal Cities, Places, Buildings, Scenery, Curiosities, Seals of the States, &c., &c. Complete in one 8vo volume of 550 pp., elegantly bound in gilt pictorial muslin. Price $2 50.

XI.

A New and Improved Volume for 1849.

Sears New Pictorial Family Magazine.

ESTABLISHED FOR THE DIFFUSION OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE:

A Monthly Miscellany of moral and instructive information embellished with numerous Engravings of the various subjects treated of in the course of the year. Published monthly, in parts of 48 large octavo pages each. Price $2 00 per annum—3 copies for $5, or 10 copies for $15—invariably in advance, as no Numbers are sent out until paid for.

An Elegant GIFT for a Father to Present to his Family.

Price only SIX DOLLARS—Well and substantially Bound. A liberal discount to Agents who buy to sell again. Christian reader! Have you a Family Bible? Secure without delay this precious Gift for your Wife and Children.

The Pictorial Family Bible,

Being the Old and New Testaments, according to the authorized version; with full marginal references; tables of the Weights and Measures of the Scriptures; a full Chronology, from the Latin of Clovius; a Steel Engraved Family Record for Births, Marriages, and Deaths; a superb and authentic colored Map of Palestine and the Holy Land: illustrated by one thousand Engravings, representing Places, Costumes, Antiquities, Birds, Beasts, Reptiles, Fishes, Minerals, Insects, Coins, Medals, Trees, and Historical Events, from the most authentic sources. Each chapter commences with an illuminated letter. The whole printed upon superior superfine paper, and substantially and elegantly bound in one quarto volume of 1,300 pages.

The Text together with the Marginal References is printed from the standard edition of the American Bible Society.

*** A copy of the Bible is given, gratis, to every person who shall obtain ten subscribers to the Magazine, and remit Fifteen dollars, free of postage.

ROBERT SEARS, Publisher,
128 Nassau Street, N. Y.

8n37

POETRY.

From the Detroit Free Press.

BIDE YOUR TIME.

To learn to wait is to the young
A lesson hard to learn,
Their name, and fame, and fortune yet
Are from the world to learn.

Patience that virtue of the wise,
Young natures cannot brook,
They laugh to scorn the olden way
That sage experience took.

With quick blood mounting in their veins,
They cannot think to wait;
The world is all before them, and
Hope whispers of their fate.

And airy structures touch the sky
Like tales of old romance,
And magic visions o'er the way
In roseate colors dance.

No bounds to future and to fame—
What others done, they'll do;
Success is certain, and the toil
Is nothing, for 'tis new.

The daily wear and tear of life
They yet may live to prove,
And disappointment teach to late
Where they did falsely move.

Then "bide your time," and "wait a wee,"
The Scotsman truly said;
A "better time" will come full soon,
And patience be repaid.

SUGGESTIONS ON HEALTH.—Children should be taught to use the left hand as well and as much as they do the right.

Infants should be sponged with cold water every day. They should be carried into the air every day of the season. They should be nursed at regular intervals once in about three hours.

From the time they are weaned until they have passed the first dentition, children should be fed on bread and milk.

Coarse bread is better for children than fine.

Children should sleep in separate beds, and where it is practicable, in separate rooms, and should not wear night caps.

Children under seven years of age should not be confined over six or seven hours in the house—and that should be broken by frequent recesses.

Children and young people must be made to hold their heads up and shoulders back, while standing, sitting and walking.

The best beds for children are of hair, or in winter of hair and cotton.

At proper times and at proper places, children should be indulged in the free use of their limbs and lungs. A play room is a useful appendage to a house.

After the second dentition is passed, children may eat all kinds of wholesome food.—Young children should drink only water. One pint of liquid to a person a day is sufficient for health; and that should neither be very hot nor very cold, and should be taken at some interval after eating.

From one to one pound and a half of solid food is sufficient for a person in the ordinary vocations of business.

Persons in sedentary employments should drop one third of their food, and they will escape dyspepsia.

Young persons should walk at least two hours a day in the open air.

Young ladies should be prevented from bandaging the chest.

The author has known three cases of insanity terminating in death, which began in this manner.

Every person, great or small, should wash all over in cold water every morning.

Reading aloud is very conducive to health.

The more clothing we wear, other things being equal, the less food we need.

Sleeping rooms should be furnished with a fire place, or some other mode of ventilation besides the windows.

The proper temperature of sleeping rooms is from fifty-five to sixty-nine degrees of Farenheit.

The temperature of a room warmed by an open fire place is sufficiently high for health and comfort at seventy degrees Fahrenheit, but in a room warmed by an air tight stove, needs to be at seventy-two degrees. Air tight stoves are not good for health, unless the room is plentifully supplied with cracks and crevices.

Young people and others cannot read and study much by lamp light with impunity.

The best remedy for eyes weakened by night use, is a fine stream of water frequently applied to them.

When eyes fail by age, the aid of spectacles should be called in, instead of being deferred as long as possible.—*Dr. Warring's Tract on Health.*

☞ A correspondent who has much chemical skill and experience, furnishes the following receipt, which may be especially interesting at this time, as rice is almost the only vegetable that persons afraid of cholera permit to be used in their families:

BOILING RICE.—Take one pint of rice, wash it, and put it in soak for two hours. Have ready two quarts of boiling water, with a little salt in it in a stew-pan. Half an hour before you wish to use it, pour the water in which the rice is soaked from it, and, with a table-spoon, shake the rice into the stew pan without stirring it, and let it boil ten minutes, then strain the liquid from the rice. Return the rice to the stew-pan and let it steam for fifteen or twenty minutes, when it will be done, and the grains will be separate. Add a little butter, and send it to the table.

Boiling Potatoes.—A correspondent of the London Times says: "The following method of dressing potatoes will be found to be of great service at this season of the year when the skins are tough and watery. Score the skins of the potatoe with a knife lengthways and across quite round, and then put the potatoe in plenty of water with salt, with the skins on. The skin readily cracks where it is scored, and lets out the moisture, which otherwise renders the potatoe soapy and wet. The improvement to bad potatoes by this method of boiling is very great, and all who have tried it find a great advantage in it, now that good potatoes are very difficult to be obtained."

Utility of Nettles.—It is a singular fact, that steel dipped in the juice of the nettle becomes flexible. Dr Thornton, who has made the medicinal properties of our wild plants his peculiar study, states that lint dipped in nettle juice, and put up the nostril, has been known to stay the bleeding of the nose, when all other remedies have failed—and adds, that fourteen or fifteen of the seeds ground to a powder, and taken daily, will cure the swelling in the neck, known by the name of goitre, without in any way injuring the general habit.—*Medical Times.*

Prussic Acid.—A German paper says that suspension of life caused by prussic acid is merely apparent: life is immediately restored by pouring acetate of potash and common salt dissolved in water, on the head and spine. In this country, rabbits have been at once restored from the effects of prussic acid by this means.

Cultivation of the Tomato.—Mr. W. F. Boyakin, of Jacksonville, concludes a most rhapsodical communication to the Prairie Farmer, on the subject of tomatoes, as follows:

"The plant soon after transplanting, becomes heavy and needs support. Well, here now, is your stake, six feet high, and strong enough to support it. So soon as your plant needs support, tie a soft string, say some old piece of linen or soft wrapping twine, round the tender plant and at the same time round the stake—notice that you do not tie the string so tight as to choke the plant, or prevent its further enlargement. The plant in four or five days you will observe, has grown five or six inches, and needs another string tied round it and the stake, tie again. In four or five days tie again; and so continue, whenever the plant needs any support, till it gets up as high as your head, or until there is as much fruit formed as will ripen by frost; then top off, as the Virginia Farmer does his tobacco, and keep off all the suckers, young shoots, worms, &c. About the middle of August I usually top off. This manner of propping them has these advantages over any other I have tried: It lets the light and air circulate freely through them, which is indispensable. It elevates the fruit, after the first branch or two, above the chickens, for they are *feloniously* fond of the tomato; and it is the *cheapest* and involves less trouble."

PROUD AND POOR.—The family of Mrs. Brown, a good widow, consisting of six daughters, had the misfortune to be poor and proud. Above the gross vulgarity of manual labor, though not above necessity, they lived in 'stuck up' idleness and depended mainly on the hard earnings of the mother for support.—Finally, Maria, who was the youngest, and rather pretty, managed to win the heart and hand of the village physician, and got married. The alliance being considered as a decided step 'up in the world' by all the family, the single sisters became prouder and lazier than ever, while the doctor's wife took a new and improved set of airs to match her advancement in the scale of 'good society.' Being comfortably bestowed in her new house, she began to feel the need of somebody to mind the pots and kettles: and seeing a neighbor (a thrifty mechanic who used to be 'boss' to her father in the same shop,) going past the door, she called out to him in an affected manner, to know 'where she should find a servant?'—expecting to get an offer of one of his daughters. 'Well, I don't know,' said the carpenter; 'help is a little hard to be got just now, but there's the widow Brown's girls, who I should think you might get, as they are dreadful poor, and seem to be always out of work.' Some neighbors who overheard the colloquy say that madam retreated into her house with a precipitancy that was quite alarming to behold, and never spoke of the carpenter afterwards, but as a 'vulgar fellow who knew nothing of the proper distinctions of society.'—*Boston Post.*

Farmer Thorow.

Years ago—and for what we know, it still exists there was a statute in vogue in New Hampshire, legislating the annual election of hog-reeves throughout the towns in that state. The office was a lucrative one in some places, though it was generally made opprobrious, and the most obnoxious individuals in the community were usually selected to fill the post.

Farmer Thorow resided in a small town above Nashua, and prided himself upon the neatness of his cattle, the cleanliness of his fields, the symmetry of his fences and the thriftiness of his orchards—but Farmer T. was a nervous man, penurious and close-fisted.

Waking early one morning, he discovered on a sudden, from his chamber window, that four large hogs had broken into a nice young orchard of his just below the house, and in his usual excitable manner, he hurried on his clothes, and made the best of his way down to 'Squire Looksharp, (the hog reeve was called "'Square,"') whom he quickly amused with his vociferous complaint.

"Now, 'Squsre," he said, "hurry up.—There's four o' my neighbor's hogs got into my little apple orchard, and 'f you'll hurry, it'll be a good job for you; they're fat ones and no mistake."

"Be right straight along," said the 'Squire, who remembered the details of the law relating to this sort of seizure—one-half to the hog-reeve, and the other half to the poor of the town—and, within half an hour he had peaceable possession of four animals such as the neighborhood couldn't otherwise boast of.

The seized hogs were quickly slaughtered by the town official, and were "hung up to dry" in the 'Squire's storehouse. Farmer T. righted up his broken fence, and then repaired to his yard to see that all was snug at the pig pen; he had no idea that his hogs would trouble his neighbors—not he—when lo! he found that a board had been forced from the side of the enclosure and the sty was empty!

In the meantime, 'Squire Looksharp had had the seized hogs dressed; and now sent for his good wife, who appeared at the storehouse door.

"Betty," said the 'Square, "the statoot pervides in case of seizure, that one half the pigs shall go to the official, an' the other half to the poor. Now, Betty who's poorer than *you* an I?"

"Sure enough," said the 'Squire's wife obediently, "sure enough! if anybody's poorer'n *I* am I'd like to hear about it."

"Well—so I cal'late. An' thairfore, one-half these pigs goes to the poor, (that's *you*,) and the other half, as I said afore, goes to the officer and that's *me*!" and the four hogs very soon found their way into 'Squire Looksharp's pork barrels.

An hour afterwards, Farmer Thorow arrived at the 'Squire's, sprung over the stile, into the house, through the back kitchen, out again into the yard, where he encountered the 'Squire quietly at work.

"I say, 'Squire!"

"Hello!"

"What are you doin'!"

"Baut what?"

"Where's the pigs?"

"Distribooted according to law."

"*What?*"

"Half to the hog-reeve, half to the poor."

"*They're mine!*" shouted Farmer T., half crazed at his loss. "They're mine, 'Squire—broke out o' *my pen*"—

"You made the complaint yourself."

"I know—but"—

"An' it's too late, farmer: the property is dewly divided—can't go behind the statoots."

The farmer squirmed, and threatened to be revenged on somebody at the first opportunity; but seeing his mistake, at length returned home; and from that day forward had no occasion for a similar lesson. He never afterwards complained of his neighbors' hogs!—*American Union.*

☞ Why is a lady getting married in an error! Because she is *miss-taken.*—*Burlington Gazette.*

How about the widows who are a second time married, friend Gazette.—*Providence Star.*

☞ As to the widows, they are *re-pair-ed*, as all errors ought to be as soon as possible.

Another Stump Meeting Homicide.—Judge James Campbell killed Mr. Benedict Austin, at Paducah, Ky., last week. They were both candidates for the Constitutional Convention, and the affray occurred at a public meeting in the Court House. They were personal friends, but had previously had some slight misunderstandings. At the meeting here referred to, Mr. Austin was very abusive, and charged Judge Campbell with a falsehood.—The Paducah Kentuckian states that the Judge politely asked for an explanation, and inquired of Mr. Austin if he intended to say that an anecdote which he had told was untrue, or that he, Judge C., had uttered a falsehood. In reply, Mr. Austin in a very insulting manner remarked, "your statement was as false as hell," advancing towards the Judge, thrusting his face in that of the latter, and clinching his fist in a hostile and menacing attitude. They were on the Judge's platform. Campbell struck Austin a feeble blow with his fist, when Austin struck the Judge several blows in the face; the Judge was driven back to the steps, as far as he could retreat without danger of being thrust backwards over the steps some five feet high, and still facing Austin he drew a pistol and fired, killing Mr. A. instantly. The Judge immediately gave himself up. The next day he was taken before a court of inquiry four magistrates sitting, and was discharged without a dissenting voice.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

Fatal Mistake.—Night before last a man fell down a flight of steps in a house at the corner of Walnut and Main streets, and was badly stunned. A physician was called in who attempted to bleed the injured man, but, as no blood followed the lancet, and as there was no sign of remaining life, the doctor pronounced him dead. He was laid out and left in a room by himself. Yesterday morning it was discovered that during the night he had come to, and subsequently bled to death from the wound in his arm made by the doctor's lancet.—*St. Louis Union.*

☞ We learn that James Summons, the young man against whom the Grand Jury found a bill for poisoning his father's family, was brought out yesterday morning and given the choice of courts by which to be tried—the Criminal Court now in session, or the Supreme Court which sits in the spring. A motion was then made by his counsel, Mr. Piatt, to admit the prisoner to bail, which motion will be discussed next Saturday. His counsel claims to be in the possession of sufficient evidence to establish Summons' insanity.—*Cin. Enq.*

Two indictments have been found against Summons, for murder in the first degree—one for the murder of Mrs. Rives, and the other for the murder of the child Henry Armstrong.

Affecting Incident of Premature Burial.—We are assured that the following is true in every particular:—A poor man, residing in the upper part of the city, left home at the usual hour some days since to perform his daily labor, and on returning in the afternoon found that his wife had been seized with the cholera during the forenoon and conveyed to the hospital in 13th street. He immediately went there, and as he entered the place six coffins were carried out to be conveyed to Potter's Field. The poor fellow proceeded to the room and inquired for his wife, when he was informed she was dead, and that one of the coffins he had passed contained her body, but which of them they could not tell, as no marks were placed upon them to distinguish one from the other. The man, in agony of grief, started in pursuit of the conveyance, and accompanied it to Potter's Field, when he pleaded so hard to be permitted to look once more on the face of his wife, that permission was given and the coffins were opened. The body of the woman was exposed, he seized it frantically in his arms and pressed it to his bosom. For a moment he fancied he felt the beating of her heart and seizing her wrist, he exclaimed, "My God, she lives!"—At that moment the woman opened her eyes and recognized her husband. She was conveyed home, and is now quite recovered. If this be true—and our informant affirms that it is—what a frightful reflection it conjures up that perhaps others, bearing only the semblance of death, has been prematurely hurried to the grave.—*New York Mirror, July 30th.*

REVOLTING.—We understand that an old man whose wife died a few nights ago of the cholera, early the next morning directed his attention to the acquisition of another. Before noon him and his new partner had tied in bundles all that was worth carrying off, and after fastening the door, departed, leaving the dead body of his deceased wife in the house. The sexton was obliged to break into the house, to remove and bury the woman.—*Rochester Democrat.*

The Boot on the other Leg.—A prefect of one of the French departments mentioned some days since, as a curious instance of the instability of human affairs, that about twelve months ago he received the following telegraphic despatch:

"Monsieur le Prefect—Arrest by all possible means the citizen Louis Napoleon Bonaparte, should he present himself in your department.

Signed LEDRU ROLLIN."

A year later the same prefect received another despatch in the following terms:

"Arrest by all possible means the citizen Ledru Rollin, if he present himself in your department. Signed

DUFAURE, Minister to Louis Napoleon.

Royalism.—The following remarkable announcement is published, with great prominence, as the leading article in the London Morning Post of the 23d:

"We are assured that M. Theirs arrived in London yesterday, and it is added that the object of his visit is to open negotiations for a matrimonial treaty between the President of the French Republic and Madame la Duchesse D'Orleans. We have not heard in what way it is proposed to settle the question of precedence between the Comte de Paris and the possible issue of the proposed marriage: but this point doubtless, has not escaped the penetrating mind of M. Theirs."

MR. WALKER.—A report has reached us, said to be well authenticated, that Hon. R. J. Walker has publicly declared his approval of the course and opinions of Colonel Benton—in other words—that he is in favor of the Wilmot Proviso, and the application of "free soil doctrines to the new territories." We are not prepared to believe this, but it comes to us from such a source as to justify the mentioning in our columns.—*Vicksburg Sentinel.*

☞ General Taylor's route to the north will be through the cities of Baltimore, York, Lancaster, Harrisburgh, &c.—*Boston Transcript.*

General Taylor's "rout" this spring was through the States of Virginia, Connecticut, and New Hampshire; and we apprehend his summer "rout" will be through Indiana, Kentucky, North Carolina, Tennessee, &c.

AN ATROCIOUS FALSEHOOD.—The statement of the Washington Republic, General Taylor's *organ*, that Patrick Collins, the late surveyor of the port of Cincinnati, is a public defaulter, is pronounced by the Enquirer of that city, "an atrocious, unmitigated and malicious falsehood." The Enquirer says:

"Patrick Collins is no defaulter, and we defy the slanderers that conduct the Republic to show the contrary. Mr. Collins himself is utterly ignorant of the fact if he be a defaulter. He was stricken down by sickness about the middle of June—has been confined to his house since, at death's door more than once—several of his family carried off by the scourge—and not yet able to leave his house. His successor, Colonel Bond, has also been sick—has been compelled to leave the city on account of sickness, leaving his business in charge of a deputy.

"Such being the condition of Mr. Collins and Mr. Bond Mr. Collins could not well deliver to his successor the books, papers and monies in his hands. The safe containing the monies, &c., belonging to the Government, Mr. Collins has not seen or touched since the 15th of June, when he was stricken down by sickness. He is ready to deliver all over to his successor when he is able and ready to receive them. Is Colonel Bond ready to count and receive the money? If so, the Government will receive, through its agent, all that belongs to it."

The Alleged Defalcation of Mr. Denby.—The Washington Union thus refers to the alleged defalcation, in the sum of $155,503 48, of Mr. Nathaniel Denby, United States' navy agent at Marseilles, France:

"We do not hesitate to express our belief that the amount of the defalcation may be considerably over-stated. We are personally acquainted, too, with Mr. Denby, and we are much mistaken in his character if he has wilfully *robbed* the treasury of such a sum, or even one cent. The defalcation, whatever its amount, was not occasioned by *robbery*, but by the commercial embarassment of a house in Richmond, which was to transmit the government funds to Mr. Denby, in France, and that house was ruined because of the ruin which the revolution in France had brought down upon the house there to which the Richmond house had made its consignments. The drafts were returned protested from France, and Mr. Denby's drafts shared a similar fate. Such is the account which we have heard of this transaction; and we do not hesitate to express our firm conviction, that the transaction will leave no stain upon the integrity of Nathaniel Denby, however liable he may be in law on his official bond."

"REMOVAL FOR CAUSE."—About 2 months since, an "office-hating" whig, named G. L. Remick living in the town of Pittsfield, New Hampshire, sent on his petition to the Department at Washington, supplicating for the charge of the Post Office in that town. The virtuous Fitz Warren returned the petition, and informed Mr. Remick that the occupant of the office could not be removed unless some good cause therefor could be assigned—that it was a position which the Department had taken on the 4th of March, and had ever since strictly adhered to—adding that it was considered sufficient "cause" for removal, if the occupant of the Post Office "opposed Gen. Taylor's election." Remick immediately started another petition, prefacing it with the satisfactory testimonial of Mr. Knowlton's democracy, that he "*opposed the election of Gen. Taylor!*" Seven signatures were obtained in the whole town during a week's solicitations, but not one of the men who signed his petition voted for Taylor. The petition thus corrected, was transmitted, and the return mail brought the commission, duly authenticated. "Removal for cause," therefore, does not extend to incompetency, incapacity, or neglect of duty, but simply "opposing the election of Gen. Taylor." That's "cause sufficient—such is the true definition!

GENERAL TAYLOR.—*A True Picture.*—The Charleston Mercury draws a life-like picture of General Taylor in the following paragraph. It seems to us that *no* man, who ever made any pretension to *greatness*, has so soon completely *flatted out* as General Taylor. He is most evidently 'the last of the early Presidents.'

'For passing popularity, General Taylor has been fortunate in being the first in order of time to win a fresh and brilliant military fame. For enduring reputation he was unfortunate, in that his victories were indecisive in character, meagre in results, and humble in the display of military skill, compared with those which followed under other leaders.—The tide of his military popularity lasted just long enough to carry him into the presidency; and that greater tide of fame, crowned with the honors of other and more illustrious chieftains, came to swallow up its predecessor, just at the moment that the people of the United States had submitted to the conviction that, excepting his claims and merits as a soldier, General Taylor had not a solitary title to distinction, not a solitary quality redeeming him from the common herd of men. By common consent he seems to have dropped out of remembrance—his enemies not caring to treat him as game worth the expenditure of powder and shot, and his friends wisely judging, that the respectability of their chief could only be secured, like that of the Grand Lama, by keeping him in darkness, and surrounding him with silence. Save by here and there an individual, with whom sycophancy was a blind passion, and babbling an uncontrolable disease, General Taylor has scarcely been mentioned by his friends since his induction into office.—The presidency itself has seemed as much a blank, as the political opinions of the incumbent. It has been asserted indeed that he has been allowed to vote in the cabinet; but as no effects could be traced to such an influence, the statement is in great need of confirmation'

"THE SECOND WASHINGTON."—A correspondent of the Boston Post, writing from Washington, says he had the curiosity to call on old Cincinnatus, was introduced, and after explaining to his surprise that Nova Scotia was further down-east than Boston—goes on to say—

"Well, general," I remarked, to change the topic, "I am happy to see you have recommended a national fast. Under the circumstances, it is very proper." "Fast—fast?" said the President—"No, I believe not—but what do you mean?" I explained. "Ah," said the President smiling, "that's some of Tom Ewing's work. I'll bet a negro. I never heard of it before, but the fact is, my secretaries bring so many papers for me to sign, that I can't tell what I do put my name to."

THE CUNARD STEAM SHIPS.—The new steamers now building in Greenock for the Cunard line will be more noble ships, if that is possible, than those now running, with a great deal more power, to wit: 90 inch cylinders with 9 feet stroke, the largest ever cast in the country. They are expected to make the passage from Liverpool to New York, in any thing like moderate weather, with ease in ten days, and very little over nine days to Boston.

☞ "Alligators have a high relish for pigs and little niggers, and *cholera for Dutch and democrats.*"

The above disgusting exhibition of party malignity appeared in a late number of the Louisville Journal. We merely copy it to show the depths of degradation to which whig partisans are capable of descending. A fellow who can thus speak of the dreadful scourge which is now sweeping through the land, is unworthy the name of man; he and the paper that publishes his blasphemous productions should be scouted from decent society; and the party which tolerates such a sentiment should be frowned down by the people.—*New Albany Democrat.*

An efficient first Majistrate.—General TAYLOR promised to arrest proscription. He has done more—he has committed it.—*Boston Times.*

Florida, whose motto is "Let us Alone," appears to be doing things in its own way, and different from all her sisters in the Union. It has two Governors. Governor Mosley, the old Democratic Executive, still holds on to his office, and intends doing so until October next. Governor Thomas Brown, Whig, who was elected last fall, has been installed, so that Florida will be in no want of rulers for the next few months. The cause of this superabundance of Governors is not stated.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Mrs. Madison's Annuity.—The New York Journal of Commerce, speaking of Mrs. Madison's death says:

"Congress, two years ago, purchased the remaining Madison papers, and gave Mrs. Madison the interest of a fund of twenty thousand dollars which was put in the hands of trustees.

"Mr. Madison retired from the Presidency with a handsome competency, but it was impaired before his death. Through the indiscretion of Mrs. Madison's son by her first husband, she had become impoverished, notwithstanding the receipt of forty thousand dollars after Mr. Madison's death, from the Congress, for the first series of the Madison papers.—Congress was willing to give her twenty thousand dollars more, but it was known that the sum would not enure to her benefit. With her death, the annuity ceased, and the fund goes back into the treasury. She was, however, enabled to make some provision for a devoted neice, who has been the prop of her old age."

Question and Answer.—'Where were you all this afternoon?' inquired the master.

'No where,' answered the boy, carelessly.

'*No where*,' echoed the master, assuming a wise look, and casting his eyes around the room, to see if the boys noted him—his custom always when about to utter an impressive remark—'that *no where* must be a great place, for a good many boys go there I find. But how came you to go there, Patrick?'

'Because,' answered the little delinquent, 'I had *no'where's to go, so I went there.*'

A loud laugh from the whole school followed in which the master heartily joined.

"*Stewed Monkey.*"—We judge from the following extract of a letter from a Californian in Gorgona, that some of the 'universal Yankees' are feeding in 'tall clover.' He says:

"We killed two boa constrictors, nine feet long, one day, both of which were found by one of our party, coiled up in an old house above the town. I went out another day, with one of our party, and we killed a monkey, had him dressed for dinner, and ate him, he was very nice—as good as a squirrel."

Men who can dine off a roasted monkey, will not likely be alarmed at 'the elephant,' or even the whole 'caravan.'—*N. H. Register.*

Consolation.—We see it stated that a passenger on board the ship Regulus, of Boston, in a letter home, states that they had on board their vessel a thin and feeble member of their company, who had been sea-sick all the way out to the line. One day this man went to the doctor, and in a sad, supplicating tone, accosted him with:

'Doctor, can you tell me what I shall be good for when I get to San Francisco, if I keep on in this way?'

'Tell you? To be sure I can. *You're just the man we want to begin a grave yard with.*'

☞ There's many a hook and crook in the affairs of life; but the latest hooking process we have heard of, was a little chap on Monroe street, the other day, fishing for rats! Seated quietly upon the pavement, he would drop his line and hook baited with meat, into a cellar below, and in a few minutes up he would haul Mr. Rat, dangling and squealing in the air.—*Wheeling Commercial.*

Business Maxims.—He who wishes to sell should advertise his wares.

He who wishes to buy cheap should buy of those who advertise.

He who wishes to pay twenty per cent more for goods than they are worth, should go to those who do not advertise.

The man who wishes his carriage to run well should grease its wheels, and the man who wishes his business to thrive should advertise.

One of the 'Glories of War.'—A correspondent of the Delta, writing from Saltillo, Mexico, where some of our 'Mexican heroes' resided for a short time, says:

'The Senoritas are anxiously awaiting the annexation of this part of the country to the United States. They say that they can not enjoy themselves since the Americans left here.—I have noticed on my trip from Matamoras to this place several beautiful white children, about twelve or fifteen months old, and their mothers the color of a *new saddle*. I inquired who the fathers of these children were, and they answered me, *quien sabe.*

The School Mistress at Home.—"My dear boy," said a kind hearted country school mistress to an unusually promising scholar, whose quarter was about up, "my dear boy, does your father design that you tread the intricate and thorny path of the professions, the strait and narrow way of the ministry, or revel amid the flowery fields of literature?"

"No, marm," replies the juvenile prodigy, "dad says he's going to set me to work in the tatur patch."

Miss Julia Long, of Indiana, went recently before the Squire to get married. He is rather an absent minded man and in going through the ceremony, he said:

'Julia Long—is your name Julia [illegible]

'Well, Squire,' said the amiable [illegible] reply, 'it ain't nothin' sh[illegible]

A Hint to Bachelors.—[illegible] Mary Ann Aldridge, had occasion to write to a gentleman, and put two r's in her first name in the signature, thus: 'Marry Ann Aldridge.' The man was a bachelor and consequently took the hint.

A new patent stove for the convenience of travellers has just been invented. It is placed under the feet, and a mustard plaster upon the head draws the heat through the whole system.

The good old Way, Girls.—It is time our young ladies dropped the play of refering the boys to their parental relative, on receiving an offer of marriage. Come, girls, lay aside the old fashion, and on a man of the right stamp offering himself don't look off on one side and stare some particular figure in the carpet out of countenance, and simper, 'ask pa,' but fling your arms around his neck, kiss him, look him in the eyes and say, '*Well, I will!*'

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1849.

THE CHOLERA appears to be subsiding in Huntington, Toledo, and Lafayette. In Cincinnati and St. Louis it has entirely disappeared; and the accounts are cheering from almost every direction. In Buffalo and New York, the mortality is still great, though not so much so as it was a week or two ago.

INDIANA ELECTION.—The majorities of Wright and Lane, the democratic candidates for Governor and Lieut. Governor, will be from 8,000 to

10,000!!!

The democrats have elected 9 out of 10 members of Congress! a majority of 8 in the Senate, and 17 in the House of Representatives!! and have carried their county tickets in several counties which have hitherto invariably given heavy whig majorities—Wayne county for instance. Taylorism is evidently no go in Indiana.

The majority in favor of a convention to amend the constitution is 15,000. The new School Law has been adopted in nearly all the counties in the state.

We will publish the full official vote as soon as we receive it.

Tenth Congressional District.

We have received official returns from all the counties, except Jay and Steuben. The Marion Western Union puts Harlan's majority in Jay at 160, being 60 more than we stated in our last; and the official returns give Kilgore a majority of 45 in Randolph, instead of 3 for Harlan. Delaware only gives 621 for Kilgore, instead of 650 as reported. Allowing our last week's report from Steuben, and the Union's report from Jay to be correct, Harlan's majority is 677. It will not, we think, vary much from this.

The *Delaware Chief* is evidently not the Chief of the Tenth District.

P. S.—We have just got the official vote of Steuben, which is 20 for Kilgore—making Harlan's majority 717.

INDIANA.—*Members of Congress Elected.*

1st District—	N. Albertson, democrat.	
2d	"	C. L. Dunham, democrat.
3d	"	J. L. Robinson, democrat.
4th	"	G. W. Julian, *free-soil dem!!*
5th	"	W. J. Brown, democrat.
6th	"	W. A. Gorman, democrat.
7th	"	E. W. McGaughy, *whig!!!*
8th	"	J. E. McDonald, democrat.
9th	"	G. N. Fitch, democrat.
10th	"	A. J. Harlan, democrat.

Nine democrats to one whig. What does Truman Smith think of the effects of his electioneering lettes and attempt to bribe the citizens of Indiana by offer of office. We had no democratic candidate in the 7th district, or we should probably have elected the entire delegation.

O, what has caused this great commotion, motion, motion, otion?

Democratic Victory in Tennessee.

Whiggery has been entirely used up in Tennessee, and democracy has swept over the state with a perfect tornado. Trousdale(dem.) is elected Governor by over 3,000 majority.—We have GAINED THREE MEMBERS OF CONGRESS! and have elected a large majority in each branch of the Legislature!!

KENTUCKY, TOO!

In Kentucky, the Gibraltar of Coondom, we have gained one Member of Congress, and reduced the majorities in the districts which elected whigs to a mere fraction of what they have usually given. One or two year's more experience of the administration of the Second Washington—the last of the earlier Presidents—will bring Kentucky out "right end up."

The delegation to Congress is equally divided—5 whigs and 5 democrats.

AND NORTH CAROLINA!

Old Rip is waking up, and seeking admittance into the democratic ranks. We have gained a Member of Congress—making the delegation now stand—5 whigs to 4 democrats!

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ARRIVAL OF THE HIBERNIA,

NEW YORK, August 16, 3 P. M.

The Hibernia arrived at Boston about midnight last night.

LIVERPOOL, August 4, 1849.

Trade continues quiet but steady. Cotton has a moderate demand. The prospects of harvest are of the most favorable character.—Business going forward.

Under the prospect of a good harvest, breadstuffs of all descriptions are depressed, particularly Indian Corn. White and yellow quoted at 21a25s per quarter.

Sales of flour limited and prices in favor of buyers.

American round hoop and good scarce.—Sales to a limited extent at 24a25s. per bbl. quiet. Inferior and uninspected is offering in quantity at 20a21s.

ENGLAND.—The Queen having quitted Osborne House for Ireland on the 1st inst., Par[illegible] was prorogued by the Commissioner. [illegible] delivered at the close contains [illegible] novel. The inhabitants of Cork, D[illegible] are making most active prep[illegible] a loyal and enthusiastic reception [illegible]. Politicals feeling are almost forg[illegible]

HUNGARY.—The Hungarians continue successful. They have defeated and out manœuvred the enemy, placed the Austrians in peril, and cut off the Russians from their base of operations.

The three great generals are now in communication with each other, and ready to act together if necessary. Their respective positions are rendered secure by the nature of the country, while there is nothing to prevent their emerging from their fastnesses, when an occasion presents itself. The whole population serve them heart and hand, and bring them food, horses, and intelligence of the enemy's movements.

The London News of August 3d, has Vienna dates to July 29th. Gen. Georgey having beaten the Russians at Japeo, had entered Raschau, crossed the Theis, and at Vienna already there were rumors of intentions to negotiate peace.

Lensware is reported to have surrendered to the Magyars, the Ban of Jallachich continuing to retreat towards the south of Smynia.

A postscript to the Liverpool Courier, says: Accounts from Hungary, through Paris, Vienna, and Cologne, announce another battle in Hungary, and the victory of the Hungarians, at Jaytean. It appears that the troops of Dembinski and Paskeewitch came to an engagement which ended in the defeat of the Russians. Paskeewitch was cut off from his line. Dembinski, Bem, and Georgey were in communication.

On the 15th of July a desperate battle was fought at Weitzen, between the Russian commander, Paskeewitch, and the Hungarians, under Georgey, in which the former were defeated.

The army of Georgey had broken through the Russian lines, and marched north, effecting a junction with the main army.

A letter from the seat of war says, the attack of the Hungarians upon Pasher was tremendous. The Russians were borne down, and compelled to retire, before the terrible onslaught of the Magyars, who fought with unexampled courage.

Another letter described the Russian retreat as a disorderly flight before Dembinski's hussars, and states that the Russians were only saved from annihilation by the arrival of Kemberg.

It was admitted at Vienna on the 20th that the victory at Weitzen had been complete.

FRANCE.—The President had been on a tour to the south, and on his return to Paris is to review the whole army of the Seine, amounting to one hundred and fifty thousand men.

There seems every prospect of a most abundant harvest through France, in some departments wheat is already cut under the most favorable circumstance.

Funds are on the advance.

The President is accused of aiming at the Imperial crown.

The Liverpool Journal says he received a reception in the provinces which did not warrant the hopes he entertained of being re-elected for ten years.

BUFFALO, August 16.

Thirty-nine cases and sixteen deaths by cholera.

ALBANY, August 16.

Eleven deaths by cholera.

NEW YORK, August 16.

Ninety-two cases and thirty-nine deaths by cholera.

TOLEDO, August 17, 5 P. M.

Active demand with receipts, and free transactions. Sales 60 bbls. Parish Mills flour at $4,80, destined for Cincinnati. Two thousand bushels wheat to arrive, at 98 cents free on board vessel. One hundred and thirty bushels do. from teams at 98 cents. High wines 19a 20 cents. Salt from dock, 98 cents.

Arrived this morning from Montreal Canadian Steamer Commerce, with 400 bbls. mackerel—return cargo, corn meal.

No report from the East, the Cleveland line being down.

Arrival of the Steamship America.

ST. JOHN'S, Aug. 9.

The Steamer America arrived at Halifax at 12 o'clock this morning.

The advices from Paris are to the 26th July, and we have London papers of the 27th.

A very large and enthusiastic meeting has been held in London, at the London Tavern, to express public sympathy with the efforts being made by the Hungarians for the achievement of their independence, and to urge upon the English Ministry of the Crown the recognition of de facto Government. It is mentioned, as a significant fact, that a Quaker moved the first resolution. That would go to prove the friends of Hungary are appreciated extensively, when they overcome in a member of the Peace Society something like an abhorrence of war.

The feeling was strikingly evidenced by the meeting, when some of the speakers, instead of mincing expressions of sympathy, boldly proposed to aid the Magyars by taking up arms against Austria. The scene which ensued baffles description. The whole assemblage, packed together to suffocation, rose as one mass, and never, to use the well remembered expression of Byron, "was the yell of war in London Tavern shouted more vehemently." The petition agreed to by the meeting has been laid before Parliament, and elicited an interesting debate upon the affairs of Hungary.

Lord Palmerston demonstrated the impossibility of the Government interfering, except in urging the beligerents, for their own interest's sake, to come to some reasonable accommodation.

THE NEWS FROM HUNGARY.—It is certain that up to the hour the very latest intelligence from the seat of war, there are only reasons for entertaining the greatest confidence in the strength and glory of the Hungarians, who, under the enthusiasm created by Kossuth, are routing in all directions the formidable armaments of two stupendous despotisms.

It is admitted on all hands, that the treacherous Ban of Crotia, Jellachich, has been completely defeated by the Magyars under Bem. It appears that Bem crossed the Bascer or Franzen's Canal at the head of five thousand men, took the the intrenchments of the Croats by storm, and after a series of conflicts which lasted four days, compelled the Imperialists to raise the seige of Peterwardein and to evacuate the country.

The troops of the Ban, disappointed by the defeat and diminished by sickness, can make no head against those who have marched to the South and the Imperialists fear that he will enter Servia and Sulavonia.

The Ban has been driven over the Danube into Servia—and the Servia Chief, Chickanim was forced to leave his position at Titel.

The Commissioner of the Hungarian Government writes from Hermanstadt under the date of the 3d of July, that the Russians had been forced to retreat to Cronstadt. Bem was preparing to attack that city on the 8th or 9th of July.

The seat of the Hungarian Government had been transferred to Ared on the 14th of July. The last circumstance proves the assurance of hopes to finish with the Russians in Transylvania, and on the other hand, it confirms the defeat of Jellachich, because if the army of the South was still formidable, the Hungarian Government would never dare to select the city of Arad for its residence, as it would be placed between two fires.

ITALY—*State of Rome.*—Under the military rule of Gen. Oudinot order and general tranquillity prevails at Rome. All public acts are rendered in the name of the Pope.

His Holiness still continues at Gaeta, but beyond the fact that he will remain there until the accouchment of the Queen of Naples, nothing seems known. It is said he will afterwards proceed to Rome in the full and unrestrained possession of both temporal and spiritual authority, and that that the Priesthood around him, having learned nothing from their past misfortunes, resolutely refuse all concessions to the popular party.

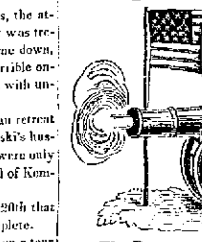
It is not stated how the French army is to be paid, but it is reported that Russia has agreed to send his Holiness 10,000,000 without interest—the principal to be paid at the rate of half a million annually.

The American Consul at Rome had not resumed his functions since the outrage committed on his flag and family by the French soldiers. The Consul after strongly protesting against the indignity, withdrew.

INDIANA ELECTION.



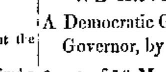
Bring out the Gun!



The Democracy of Indiana,

TO THE

Democracy of the Union, Greeting:



WE HAVE ELECTED

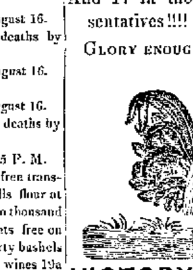
A Democratic Governor and Lieut. Governor, by 10,000 majority!

9 out of 10 Members of Congress!!

A majority of 8 in the Senate!!!

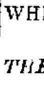
And 17 in the House of Representatives!!!!

GLORY ENOUGH FOR ONE DAY!



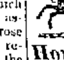
VICTORY! VICTORY!

Make room for the glorious Hoosier State at the Head of the DEMOCRATIC Column!!

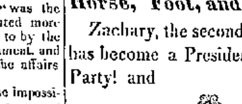
WHIGGERY  IS DEFUNCT

THE COON IS SKINNED!



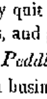
DEMOCRACY  **TRIUMPHANT!**

AND WHIGGERY ROUTED,



Horse, Foot, and Dragoons.

Zachary, the second Washington, has become a President without a Party! and

TRUMAN  SMITH,

may quit writing electioneering letters, and go to

Peddling Wooden Nutmegs,

—a business better suited to his capacity

Ninety-Nine Cheers for INDIANA!

☞ Intentions of marriage are now advertised in all Massachusetts papers, according to the spirit of the law, which requires ante-nuptial notices. Right.—*Times.*

☞ In Massachusetts it may be "right" to publish such notices in the papers; but it is totally unnecessary to do so in Fort Wayne. The ladies here take that business into their own hands, and with the aid of a few kindred spirits of the masculine gender, so effectually publish the glad tidings to the world that the printer's aid is entirely needless;—one sewing society is worth two papers any day, in giving circulation to such notices. They even go ahead of the spirit of the Massachusetts law, which only requires ante-*nuptial* notices of intention; in many instances their notices are ante-*intention* of nuptials.

OLD WHITEY.—The Cincinnati Enquirer says there is a report in circulation that Gen. Taylor was offered three thousand dollars for the use of Old Whitey for one year, with a *pledge* that his life should be insured for one thousand more should he die within that time. The object was to exhibit him in the eastern cities to the whigs at a dime each, but as the General was naturally suspicious of those making a *pledge*, knowing that those most ready to make, pay the least regard to them, he declined. Before peremptorily refusing however it was made a cabinet question.

To the Editor of the Sentinel.

An apology may be deemed necessary, and doubtless is, for troubling your readers with an article on a subject which I presume they are already as much enlightened as they will be by reading newspaper articles. I mean on the subject of cholera. But why should I not thrust my views upon the public? why not see some ostentatious article in a newspaper and know that I am the author of it? why may I not carefully revise and select words to reflect the opinion of some great man? Unfortunately, I know of none whose name comes near my own, nor have I ten European authors now before me from whom to quote.—But suppose, for instance, I should use such language as the following: "destroying the susceptibility of the receiving organism, for the disease without reference to animal system is not on that account incapable of being under certain circumstances influenced and augmented by the living chemistry of the animal frame." Would not this appear very scientific, and give to the world the opinion that I was a great man, profound in learning, possessing wonderful medical attainments!—Or suppose I should say to the public, "keep the inside and outside well scrubbed, none ever take this disease or any other when they are clean, or if they do they never die with it"—(a sad eulogy on the departed.) But this is not my object. I do not wish to appear wise, neither is it my intention to write for fame, nor to bring my long and neglected claims conspicuously before the public, but for the purpose of saying to every one that they should inquire of the physician to whose care and judgment, in case of an attack, they expect to intrust the lives of themselves or their families, the course of treatment he expects to pursue; compare it with the opinion of those you have already received from gentlemen who stand high in the profession, whose age, experience, and intelligence entitle them to public confidence. I cannot agree with the opinion advanced by *a very distinguished writer*, that every one should be kept ignorant as to the treatment; but this may suit the views of some. They may perhaps heretofore have given an opinion adverse to the known and acknowledged one at this time. Perhaps they may feel a little chagrined and disappointed by their views not meeting with public favor. Perhaps some croaker who has made pitiful attempts to ride into practice by disclaiming against remedies of tried and known utility, may not now find it popular, and he will therefore say do not trouble yourselves about the treatment, only keep clean inside and out; do not think that the disease is contagious; and this is all that is necessary. Perhaps I might appear better to give a long dissertation on the disease. I might tell of its appearance in India; its course, duration, and its appearance on this side of the Atlantic, and much more, but of what use would this be to your readers? what practical information would be derived from it? what else would it evince than a desire to gratify my vanity? I might describe the symptoms, the different stages, treatment, &c., and much more to make a display; but when I was done, I think it would read thus:—Diagnosis, *simple*; symptoms, characteristic; treatment, *contempt*.

In conclusion, I would say to your readers, that there has existed and still exists in this community unusual dispositions to derangement of the bowels. With some, diarrhœa prevails; with others the opposite extreme is troublesome; articles of food that could heretofore be eaten with impunity are more necessarily abstained from. In this assertion I believe the most of our citizens will bear me out.

Several cases of cholera have occurred, all of which can be attributed to some impropriety in diet, producing at first a diarrhœa, which finally terminated in cholera. Many eminent writers on the subject have said that the diarrhœa is veritable cholera, and urge upon every one so affected to apply immediately for medical advice, and take some sanative, not sanatary remedy. This is at least a safe course, and I would advise my friends to adopt it. I would say, be prepared with remedies, and you have a right to know what they are, and in case of a violent and sudden attack take them; then procure a physician as soon as possible; or, to use the language of the justly celebrated Dr. Cartwright, (I have a right to quote great men) take yout medicine first, and send for your physician afterwards. I have no hesitation in saying what I believe that remedy to be. In my opinion, it is calomel.—The opinion of those who are trying to operate on the credulous by crying out too much medicine, to the contrary notwithstanding.—Perhaps the combination of Dr. Cartwright is as good as any other, if not the best. I have used it, and it has done well; but if the quantity recommended by him should prove insufficient, I would give more, and repeat it at proper intervals until it produced the desired effect, which would be manifested by a change in the character of the discharges. I look upon it as the only reliable remedy; all others in my opinion are mere auxiliaries. I might give my reasons for relying upon it, but I have indulged my egotism sufficiently far, and should not have done so had I not an illustrious precedent.

AN OLD PRACTITIONER.

From the Savannah Georgian, Extra, Aug. 1, 1849.

FROM FLORIDA.

Report of further Depredations.

From passengers by the Florida boat, we learn that another express arrived at Polatka, just as the boat was leaving, giving information of the murder, by the Indians, of six or seven negroes, the property of some of the settlers on the Manatee, between Tampa Bay and Charlott's Harbor. It is stated that the Indians first attempted to carry off the negroes, but they resisting, were killed upon the spot.

It is further reported that the company of troops from Tampa, with a few volunteers, came upon the trail of the Indians and pursued it to the banks of a stream, (the name of which we did not learn,) where the bridge used for crossing had been destroyed, and the Indians, to the number of one hundred, appeared on the opposite side, armed and painted, giving the war whoop, daring the troops to cross. Being so small a number in comparison to the Indians, the troops felt obliged to decline the invitation, and returned to Tampa.

These reports, which are said to be well authenticated, evince a disposition to hostility we have heretofore suggested, and of another regular outbreak.

An editorial in the Jacksonville News of the 28th July, written before the receipt of the news by the last express, intimates that these depredations are not the consequence of a general rising of the Seminole nation, stating as reasons, that Billy Bow Legs, one of the principal chiefs, had been met by the United States troops from Tampa, who solemnly disclaimed all participation in the affair, and charged it upon a band of outlaws of the tribe.

All the plantations are deserted, and the frontier towns along the St. Johns, Lake Monroe, &c., are placed under military discipline. Dwellings on plantations most exposed are being picketed in, as during the last war.

For a long time the Indians have had every opportunity of providing themselves with the means of defence. They have been laying up provisions, and have secured a full supply of powder and lead. They have increased in numbers, and feel themselves ready for another attempt to gain full possession of the country.

It is rumored, but we do not credit it, that reinforcements of other Indians have made their way into Florida from Alabama and other quarters. There were a few Indians left in West Florida who might have joined the Seminoles, but their number were few and unimportant.

Whether our details are strictly correct or not, one thing is certain—they are believed in Florida, and the authorities of the State are promptly acting in reference to this belief.

Governor Moseley has issued a requisition for a large number of volunteers, and will prosecute a war of removal or extermination.—We have heard of the requisition amounting to the number of five hundred, and that if necessary it will be farther increased. One company has already left Tallahassee. One hundred men will be mustered into service at Jacksonville, by Colonel Pons, to-morrow, and double that number we learn are in readiness. Requisitions have likewise been made on the other counties in East Florida. There will be no lack of volunteers from the State. And from the well known character of Governor Moseley, we are satisfied that the Indians will be removed—if not by the General Government, by the State authorities.

From the Ohio Statesman.

The Government of California—Efforts of the Administration to stave off action on the Wilmot Proviso, &c. &c.

During the last Presidential campaign General Taylor was supported in the South as an extreme southern slave propagandist, and the fact that he was the largest slave owner ever nominated for the Presidency, was urged with much effect in the slave states, in his favor.—In Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio and other states, the tune was changed, and the letter of General Taylor, to the Cincinnati Signal, tho' afterwards repudiated, was shown as evidence that the owner of two hundred and eighty slaves was in favor of "free soil," and strange to say free soil votes in Pennsylvania give him the vote of that state, without which he could not have been elected.

The Administration thus gaining power by a fraudulent concealment of principles,—by making the North believe one thing, and the South another, before inauguration took place, and the new President and his cabinet was enducted into office, set itself to work, to settle the question at issue, so as to throw the responsibility on Mr. Polk, for it dare not meet the question, upon which, by blowing both hot and cold, it had succeeded in getting power. Foiled in their attempt to pass the Walker compromise through congress, and finding that the question must be met at the next session, unless the people of California could be induced to erect a state government, without authority of law, General Riley, the military Governor of California, who it is acknowledged acts under the orders of the cabinet at Washington, has issued his Proclamation for the election of delegates to form a state constitution, the sole object of which is, by the assumption of authority, to skulk the question of the Wilmot Proviso, which is believed will be attached to the bill for the erection of a territorial government in California at the next session.

Some days since, we published the proceedings of a public meeting in California, in opposition to the assumptions of power in the proclamation of General Riley.

The following, which we find in the Cincinnati Chronicle, shows the powers of General Riley, and it covers the acknowledgment of the New York Tribune, that General Riley, in his "civil capacity is directly responsible to the authorities at Washington," and of course acts under the instructions of the administration.

The New York Tribune thus explains the reasons why General Riley acts as quasi Governor of California:

"Some inquiry has arisen, since the arrival of the Crescent City, on account of the intelligence that General Riley is the acting Governor of California, and not General P. S. Smith, as was previously supposed by most people. It seems that Major General Smith commands the whole Pacific Military Division, which includes Oregon. Brigadier General Riley commands in the District of California, and, being such, exercises the functions of civil Governor, as he states in his proclamation which we published last Saturday, by virtue of the Mexican laws and of the instructions from the War Department. General Smith's office is merely a military one, while that of General Riley—though he is inferior to General Smith in military rank—is civil also. In that civil capacity we understand him to be independent of General Smith and responsible directly to the authorities at Washington."

The following, from the Washington Union of Monday also contains a similar acknowledgment of the Republic, General Taylor's new organ at Washington, besides showing up the utter profligacy of the whig press and the imbecility of the President and his cabinet:

More Blunders of the Administration.—Governor of California.

The following article from the Washington Republic in reference to the government of California, furnishes another proof of the "little wisdom" with which our government is now administered:

"It has been generally known that General P. F. Smith, United States army, had gone to California in command of the troops intended to garrison that country; and, therefore, some curiosity has been excited on account of the recent proclamations, &c. having been signed by General Riley, without the presence or existence of General Smith being in any manner alluded to. The state of the case is as follows: The troops in Oregon and California compose a division commanded by General Smith; who, of course, in Oregon, where there is a civil government, exerts neither directly nor indirectly any authority, the mounted rifles, under command of Brevet Colonel Loring, merely occupying the posts. The troops in California are under the immediate command of Brevet Brigadier General Riley, who, in the absence of all government lawfully established, discharges the functions of the civil magistrate. General Smith yet remains on the Pacific coast, and, in a military point of view, commands General Riley, who, however, so far as his civil functions are concerned, reports directly to the seat of government at Washington."

The above is a specimen of the confusion of ideas and of the very contradiction of terms which characterize the present imbecile administration. The organ admits that there is now *no government* in California *lawfully established*; and then, in the very face of this declaration, affirms that General Riley is authorized by the administration to "discharge the functions of civil magistrate"—that is to say, to act as a civil magistrate where there is no lawful government. Congress would not organize a government for California, admitting, at the same time, that there was no civil government there; and yet here is the President of the United States usurping the power of erecting a government and a civil magistrate. Again, this usurpation presents another anomaly. When the last administration conquered New Mexico, and under the legitimate authority of the laws of war, determined to preserve their conquest by a necessary but very limited organization, Mr. Polk was charged with violating the constitution, and usurping the power of erecting a government. All that he did, however, was strictly according to the laws of war; and here are the very same politicians, who denounced Mr. Polk assuming powers which Congress had declined to confer upon them, in a period of peace, and without the slightest sanction of the laws of war. These men usurp powers and violate the constitution, without color of authority, which they had denounced Mr. Polk for exercising according to the acknowledged laws of war.

Some descendent of Solomon has wisely remarked that those who go to law for *damages* are sure to get them.

Intelligence from California.

Life and Business at San Francisco—Speculation in Lands.—Labor, Wages &c.

The Boston Evening Traveller, on the authority of Mr. Jarvis, from San Francisco, communicates the following interesting facts, in regard to the state of things in California, which are not furnished by the newspapers:

The number of arrivals of passengers at San Francisco in June, by sea, was about 1,000 per week. By land, at the mines, from Lower California, Senora, Durango and Mexico generally, the immigration is computed at 15,000, with many thousand mule loads of merchandise, which has thus found its way into California, duty free, to the great dissatisfaction of the sea-board merchants.

Coin was scarce at San Francisco, being absorbed by the custom-house for duties.—The average price of gold dust was $15 50 to $16 per ounce. It is computed that on the 20th June, $100,000 worth of flour was exposed in open air, and more than $500,000 worth of other merchandise, chiefly dry goods, for want of storage. Storage was from $1 to $3 dollars per month.

Rents of the smallest lodging rooms were 100 to $350 per month; stores from 500 to $1,000 per month. The rents of the Parker House amount to $142,000 per annum—one gambling room letting for $18,000 per annum; two others, small sized, say 12 by 18 feet for $6,000 each. The city hotel rented for $16,000 per annum, is underlet for $45,000. A small room in it, about twenty-five feet square rents as a retail shop at $9,000 per annum.

Land which a few years since was purchased at $700 will now command $200,000 cash. Central business lots, not exceeding 100 feet square, command from 10,000 to $20,000—buildings in same proportion. Money loaned on good security at from 2½ per cent to as high as 10 per cent per month.

The average receipts of the French restaurant are $1 per minute. Mr. Jarvis informs us that his first dinner in San Francisco, ordered from a hotel, for two gentlemen, two ladies and four children, consisting only of meats and pastry, cost $90. Eggs $3 per dozen.—Boat hire to go to steamer, 30 minutes pull, $8. Ordinary day labor, $6—varying from that to $20—mechanics in proportion.

Buildings were springing up very rapidly, mostly of the cheapest character. At present, one half the population live in tents.—The population increases slowly as the departures for the mines about equal to the arrivals. The risk to property at San Francisco to fire is very great. The buildings are all of the most frail and combustible description.

Good order in general prevailed both at the Bay and Mines. Capt. Grayson was robbed on the 5th of June of $15,000, by a Chilian servant, in whom he reposed confidence. He would undoubtedly be hung as soon as apprehended. Another robbery of $6,000 occurred a few days after. As a general thing property is respected, evil doers being kept in check by fear of the Lynch law.

Provisions were abundant and comparatively cheap at the mines—say $2 per meal, consisting of game, potatoes, preserved meats, &c. As to gold, it is found every where, and is generally considered inexhaustible. A moderate computation gives as this year's product at least $50,000,000. At present the waters are high. September, October and November are considered the best months.—More gold, it is said, can be gathered in those months than during the other nine months of the year.

Col. Fremont and lady arrived, and left for a rancho below the Puebla de los Angelos, which he had purchased for $200,000. It is well stocked with cattle, some 10,000 head, and has good buildings on it. He will probably be a candidate for the Governorship.

Many shipments from the United States and Europe will prove a total loss, not paying expense of landing. Scow hire per day, taking but one load, is $150; men to discharge, $15. Sailors receive $100 to $200 per month; mates and captains from $300 to $600 per month.

An immense amount of lumber was ready at Oregon for shipment to San Francisco.—Every vessel that could be got to sea, even at an expense of $5,000 per month, was sent to the River. By September and October a very large amount; besides frame buildings, will have been landed from Oregon. Mechanics will be in great demand at this season, to erect buildings to shelter the mining population during the winter.

In June, good prints were selling at 6c, and prime brown cottons at 4c; Flour 5 to $6; Pork $9; Beef $2 50 per barrel, at auction; Salmon $8; Copper nails 8c; Shovels $2 per dozen; Shirts $6.

Speculation in lands is pushed to a great extent. Every available site for villages or towns on the bay or rivers, has been taken up and laid out. Lots in Benicia, which in February sold at $100 each, are now held at $6,000. This town has been laid out to rival San Francisco. Com. Jones and other prominent officers are said to be interested in it.—Stockman, New York, Suttersville, and Sacramento City, each promise to be of importance.

The U. S. steamship Massachusetts arrived at San Francisco June 20, from Oregon.

Ship James Monroe, loaded at Honolulu at $20 per ton freight for San Francisco, took back a portion of her cargo at $10 per ton without landing. Consignments of vessels and cargoes are daily refused.

Clerks at San Francisco get from $2,000 to $4,000 per annum and their board; 10 per cent is charged on sales of merchandize, and 1 per cent storage. A private mint has been established, which has issued thus far half eagles. Silver coin, less than dollars, is generally refused. Merchants will not take the trouble to count it. A drayman of one mercantile house receives a salary of $6,000 per annum, and the house finds the dray and mules and feeds the animals. At this rate it is a source of profit to the house, as besides their own carting, the drayman receives $1,800 a month. $1,000 per month has been offered and declined, to command a river launch.—Washing 6 to $10 dollars per dozen.

FROM THE SACRAMENTO.—*Row among the Miners.*—A letter from the New York Tribune, dated Spanish Bar, Middle Fork of the Sacramento, June 3, 1849, says:

"Some ten miles from here, on the North Fork of the Sacramento, last week, the Americans and Chilians had a grand row, which resulted in taking all the gold from the Chilians and their expulsion from the River. They were first warned to take their provisions and gold, and leave in a certain time, but did not go; so, Oregon-like, the Americans came down on them, and made a "fine day's digging" in the language of one who was in the affray.—No lives lost.

"On the Stanislaus digging the foreigners were the most numerous, and trampled on the rights of the Americans, and there were so few Americans they could not resist, so the Oregon men from the North Fork sent them a deputation of sixty well-armed men to act in concert with about the same number already there, to drive some 700 to 1,000 Chilians from their diggings. The result we know not as yet, but we can find notices on almost every tree that Chilians found in the mines after the month of June will be shot down unless sufficient excuse can be given for their delay, and you may rest assured that if the President and Congress will not do any thing to protect the citizens in California, there is sufficient force (though in comparison a handful—not one to five) to protect themselves against the aggressions of the armed powers of Peruvians, Chilians, Portagese, Mexicans, Indians, &c., and they will do it."

Elkhart County elects one whig and one democrat to the Legislature.

A HARD TIME.—The following extract of a letter from one of a party who left New Orleans in January last, for California, shows that the "promised land" is to be reached only through privation and suffering. We copy from the New Orleans Crescent:

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, May 4, 1849.

DEAR S.—I once again have an opportunity to address you. * * * Since I started we have been near starving three times—once for provisions, and twice for water. Once we were five days without water, and once three; we were six days without anything to eat except a few snakes and hawks which we found on the road and shot. Moreover, we have had two fights with the Indians—had two of our men killed and eight wounded. My bed is made nightly on the ground; that is, I sleep on one blanket and cover with another. I eat dried beef and venison, with coffee and bread of my own making. I work hard, drive mules, butcher deer, physic the company, fight the Indians, and trade with the Mexicans for corn, flour and beef. * * * My spirits are low and my hopes are flagging. Write to me at San Francisco, &c.

Facts for the People.

More than fifteen years of unrivalled success in the cure of every variety of external diseases and injuries such as sprains, cuts, bruises, burns, cutaneous eruptions, sore lips, sore breasts, chapped hands, chilblains, bites, ulcers, corns, pains in the back, sides, or other parts of the system, rattlesnakes' bites, &c., bears ample testimony that Sloan's Ointment is just the thing for the hour.

Certificates without number have been received by the proprietor, many of which have appeared in our columns, from disinterested individuals, giving details of remarkable cures effected by its use.

☞ See Agents' names at the head of Sloan's Column.—For further particulars and testimonials, get pamphlets of agents.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE SENTINEL, Fort Wayne, August 18, 1849.

There has been a warm competition among buyers this week. Wheat sells at 85a90 cents—according as the fever rages among buyers. No change in other articles.

Buffalo, Aug 16.—Flour 4,94a5,12; Wheat 1,04; Corn dull at previous rates; High wines 21½a22.

New York, August 16,—Common brands Flour 5,37a5,44; pure Genesee 5,50a5,62½; Rye 60; Corn 62a64.

MARRIED. On Tuesday, the 14th inst., by Rev. S. Brenton, JOHN G. WALPOLE, Esq. to Miss ELIZA J., eldest daughter of the late Philo H. Taylor, all of this city.

DIED.—In this city, on the 17th inst., of Congestion of the Brain, Mrs. MARY VAN SCHUYVER, aged 30 years.

Funeral Service on to-morrow afternoon, at the Episcopal Church, by the Rev. Mr. Largo.

☞ Cleveland and Rochester papers please copy.

On Tuesday last, Mr. JOHN G. ITEN, of this city.

On Tuesday afternoon, of dysentery, EDWARD BEECHER, son of Hugh and Susan McCulloch, aged two years.

In this city, on Sunday morning, the 12th instant, CUTHBERT HARRISON SLOCUMB, eldest child of Susan M. and C. R. Black.

Selling Off, Cheap.

E. PRITCHARD having bought out the entire stock of GOODS of the NiagaraStore offers the same at such

Greatly Reduced Prices

as will make it an object for Country Merchants to give him a call, as they can replenish their stocks with him on as good or better terms than in Cincinnati or elsewhere.

The stock consists of

Dry Goods, Hardware,

Glassware, Crockery, Patent Medicines, &c.

and as it must be sold off *immediately*, those wanting BARGAINS had better call at once.

WANTED—Any amount of *Land Warrants*, and *City and County Orders*, for which the highest price will be paid in Cash or Goods.

Fort Wayne, Aug 17, 1849. tf7

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned offers for sale his Mill Property situate on the Elkhart River, in Noble County, Indiana, 40 miles north west from Fort Wayne and the Wabash and Erie Canal.—The property is new improved with a SAW-MILL, and Head Gates for GRIST and other MILLS. The Dam is one of the best in the country, and has been built only two years, but during that time has withstood without the slightest injury unusual freshets that caused more or less damage to all other dams on the river. The supply of water is unfailing, and sufficient with the head of 7½ feet of driving 4 run of 4½ feet stones, Saw Mill and Woollen Mill at all times, and during most of the year almost any amount of machinery could be propelled.

The Saw Mill has recently been put in first rate order, and is considered one of the best in the west. Logs in any quantity of the best kind, such as Poplar, Black Walnut, Ash, Oak, and Cherry, can always be obtained.

The property is situate in the midst of a thickly settled country, where mills are much needed and water power scarce, thereby insuring to the owner a monopoly of the milling business of the country, if well managed.

In connection with the mill and water power, will be sold

160 ACRES OF LAND

on which the mill is situated, together with Timber got out for the erection.

A. B. MILLER.

For particulars apply, if by letter post paid, to T. Tigar, editor of Fort Wayne Sentinel.

Fort Wayne, Ia. August 18, 1849. tf7

☞ *Ohio Statesman* (Weekly) publish 3 month' and send account to this office.

Sale of Land.

THE undersigned will sell at public sale, at the court house door in Fort Wayne, on Saturday the [illegible] day of October next, the East half of S[illegible]th West quarter section 16, town 30, Range 14 e[illegible]st, being part of the school land of said township, containing 80 acres, purchased by John Scannell & Patrick Gallaker, and forfeited for the non payment of interest. It will be sold to make the sum of $199 and costs of advertising.

Sale to commence at one o'clock.

H. W. JONES, Auditor,
T. T. DE KAY, S. C. A. C.

Aug. 17, 1849. 3w7

State of Indiana, Allen County, ss. } Allen Circuit Court, October Term, 1849.

DIVORCE.

Catherine Lloyd vs. Henry J. Lloyd.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of Allen Circuit Court, by the affidavit of a disinterested person, that the above named defendant Henry J. Lloyd, is a non resident of the state of Indiana: It is ordered that said defendant be notified by publication in a paper of general circulation, according to law, of the filing and pendency of said suit, and that unless he personally be and appear before the Judges of the Allen Circuit Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the court house in the city of Fort Wayne, on the second Monday of October next, to plead answer, or demur to said bill, the same will be taken as confessed and true against him.

R. E. FLEMING, Clerk.

M. Jenkinson, Sol. for Compl't.

August 17, 1849. [$2 20] 3w7

A CALL.

ALL persons indebted to us by Note, Book Account, or otherwise, are requested to make immediate payment at the office of the late Receiver, over our old store, where there will be a person in constant attendance for a short time to settle with all who will favor us with a call.—This notice is intended for no person in particular, but for "every body" indebted to us, and we hope none will consider themselves excused.

We shall attend to this matter but a short time personally, when the accounts will be handed over without reserve to proper officers for prompt collection. Duty to our creditors as well as ourselves demand this course, and when it is borne in mind that we have never yet sued one of our customers, we trust our past lenity will prompt a ready response to this call.

BARNETT & NELSON.

August 17, 1849. 7tf

BARK AND HIDES

WANTED—Delivered at the Red Tannery (late P. H. Taylor's.) Inquire at the Tannery, or at the Store of

Aug. 16, 1849 R. M. LYON.

GROCERIES.

JUST Received—Rio and Java Coffee, Sugar, Tea, Raisins, Pepper, Spice, Madder, Goodwin's patent Honey Dew Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Rice, &c. For sale low by

Aug. 15, R. M. LYON.

Attorney for prosecuting Claims at Washington.

THE subscriber undertakes the collection, settlement, and adjustment of all manner of Claims, Accounts, and Demands against the Government of the United States, or any foreign state or country; before Commissioners; before Congress; or before any of the Public Departments.

The procuring of Patents, Army and Navy Pensions, Bounty and other Land Claims, Soldier's Dues, Drawbacks, the collection of accounts against the Government, and every demand or other business of whatever kind, requiring the prompt and efficient services of an attorney or agent.

A residence of fourteen years at the seat of the federal government, with a thorough and familiar acquaintance with the various systems and routine of public business at the different offices and in Congress; added to this, free access to consult the ablest legal advisers if needed justifies the undersigned in pledging the fullest success and utmost despatch to those who may entrust their business to his care.

Being well known to the greater part of the citizens of this district, and to many gentlemen who through members of both Houses of Congress for the last twelve years, it is deemed useless to extend this notice by special references.

Communications must be pre-paid in all cases.

Charges or Fees regulated by the nature and extent of the business, but always moderate.

Address, H. C. SPALDING,
6m7 Attorney, Washington, D. C.

"THE SABBATH WAS MADE FOR MAN."

Barbers are Men; therefore the Sabbath was made for Barbers.

WILLIS ELLIOT to his Customers, GREETING:

GENTLEMEN:—it has been my sincere desire to give satisfaction in my humble though important calling, to all my patrons; my door has been opened at all times, and on all days, for your accommodation; and I am very thankful for the extensive patronage with which I have been favored.

I shall continue to perform my duties faithfully, and in the best style at all times hereafter, except on Sundays that day I have resolved to keep as a day of rest. Will you sustain me in this resolution? I hope you will.

My motto, in future, shall be "sink or swim, starve or grow fat, I'll shave no more on Sunday!"

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
WILLIS ELLIOT.

Fort Wayne, August 8, 1849. 3wp-

NOTICE

To the Tax Payers of Allen County

THE following Taxes have been assessed for the present year, 1849, on each one hundred dollars valuation, to wit: 50 cents for State purposes; 75 cents poll tax for State purposes; 40 cents on each $100 valuation for county purposes; 25 cents on each $100 valuation of Town lots, and 24 cents on each acre of land for road purposes.

The following Townships have levied a township tax for township purposes:

Wayne	Township 13 cents on each $100 val.	
Washington	5	"
Springfield	19	"
St. Joseph	6	"
Perry	10	"
Madison	3	"
Monroe	20	"
Marion	4	"
Milan	5	"
Lake	7	"
Jefferson	6	"
Eel River	5	"
Cedar Creek	4	"
Adams	10	"
Aboite	10	"
Pleasant	15	"
Scipio	8	"
Lafayette	15	"

The following School Districts have levied the following taxes, to wit:

Dist. No 4 Wayne	20 cents on each $100	
" 2 Cedar Creek	20	"
" 3 "	25	"
" 1 "	21	"
" 8 "	25	"
" 1 Aboite	25	"
" 4 "	25	"
" 2 Springfield	25	"
" 4 "	25	"
" 5 Lake	25	"
" 2 Jefferson	25	"
" 3 Eel River	25	"
" 6 "	25	"
" 5 St. Joseph	25	"
" 4 Adams	25	"
" 4 Pleasant	25	"
" 1 Scipio	25	"
" 2 Perry	$20 no per centage	
" 4 "	"	
" 7 "	"	

Persons neglecting to attend to the payment of their taxes on or before the 1st day of January, 1850, there will be a penalty of 10 per cent added thereto.

Those who are owing delinquent taxes will save further costs by calling and settling the same immediately. S. M. BLACK, *Treasurer.*

Fort Wayne, Aug. 7, 1849. 4w6

State of Indiana, } In the DeKalb Circuit Court
DeKalb County ss } after April term 1849.

Bill for a Divorce.

Seneca Coll, vs. Nancy Coll.

IT appearing by affidavit filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court that the above named Nancy Coll is not a resident of said State of Indiana. Notice is hereby given to said Nancy Coll of the filing and pendency of said Bill for divorce, and that unless she appear at the next term of said DeKalb Circuit Court, and plead, answer or demur to said bill, the same will be determined in her absence. S. W. SPROTT, Clk.

Munger, S. I. for Compl't.
August 9, 1849. [$1 50] 3w6.

For Sale.

THE commodious Brick STORE and Ware House, eligibly situate on Columbia street and the canal, known as the Niagara Store, and occupied by A. B. MILLER. For terms, inquire on the premises, or at the Sentinel office.

August 4, 1849. tf5

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and duly qualified as administrator of the estate of Isidore Cerrillion, late of Allen county, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them legally authenticated for settlement within one year from this date; and all persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to make immediate payment. The estate is supposed to be solvent.

GEORGE L. SITES, Adm'r.

August 4, 1849.

Notice.

THE firm of H. B. REED & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

H. B. REED,
W. WALL.

27, 1849.

Pianos! Pianos!

THE undersigned has two Pianos which he intends to sell cheap for Cash.

He also will tend to tuning and repairing Pianos at the most reasonable terms.

July 21, 1849. F. SMALLHOUSE.

NOTICE.

PHYSICIANS, Merchants and others desirous of securing *good* articles at fair prices, are invited to call and examine my

STOCK OF DRUGS, &C.

which is now complete, and not to be excelled in this city. JAMES B. SHOAFF,
y4. Druggist, Fort Wayne.

Old Dr. Townsend's SARSAPARILLA,

THE GENUINE AND ORIGINAL.

JUST received Twelve Dozen of the above and for sale by

JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Only Agent in Fort Wayne.

Paint Brushes, &c., &c.

JUST opened, a superior lot of Paint Brushes, Sash Tools, Shoe Brushes, Blacking, &c. and for sale low by JAMES B. SHOAFF,
Calhoun St. Fort Wayne.

CANARY SEED.

COME on now, and get your supply of Canary Seed, I have just received a superior article. JAMES B. SHOAFF.
Calhoun St. Fort Wayne

Deer Skins.

THE highest price, in cash, will be paid for any quantity of well handled Fall and Summer Deer Skins, delivered in Fort Wayne.

HENRY R. COLERICK.

July 18, 1849. 3w3.

Engines! Engines!

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he is now prepared to manufacture at his Foundry in this city, **ENGINES** of all sizes and patterns, and after the most approved styles. Persons wishing Engines will do well to give him a call before making permanent arrangements elsewhere. JAMES STORY.

Fort Wayne, July 14, 1849. 2

Medical Card.

DR. ROBERT McNEILL (late Surgeon in the United States Volunteer Service in Mexico) offers his professional services to the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity.—In addition to his experience in the army, he has had the advantage of several years' private practice in the West, and will be found familiar with the diseases incident to the western country.

He may be found at his office on Calhoun street, above T. K. Brackenridge's Store, or at the Spencer House, and will be happy to attend to any business entrusted to him; and at all times when not professionally engaged.

Fort Wayne, July 6, 1849. 6m1.

Notice

IS hereby given, that the following assessment has been ordered by the Directors of the Fort Wayne & Lima Turnpike Company: Four Dollars on each share of stock subscribed in money, payable to O. W. Jefferds, Treasurer of said Company, at his office in Fort Wayne, on or before the 9th day of September next.

SAM'L. HANNA, *Pres't.*

O. W. JEFFERDS, *Clerk*

Fort Wayne July 7, 1849

WESTERN Military Institute,

GEORGETOWN, KY.

BOARD OF VISITORS.

THE *Adjutant General*, together with five fit persons, to be annually appointed by the Executive, to attend examinations at least once in the year, according to law.

FACULTY.

INCORPORATED with all the powers, privileges and rights exercised by the *Trustees* and *Faculty* of any other College.

*COL. T. F. JOHNSON, *General Superintendent.*
*COL. E. W. MORGAN, *Joint Superintendent, and Professor of Engineering and of Natural History.*
‡LIEUT. COL. B. R. JOHNSON, *Professor of Natural and Experimental Philosophy.*
‡MAJ. W. A. FORBES, *Professor of Mathematics.*
RICHARD N. NEWELL, A. M., *Professor of Ancient and Modern Languages.*
JAMES G. BLAINE, A. B., *Adjunct Professor of Languages.*
REV. J. R. SWIFT, A. M., *Professor of Ethics and Belles Lettres.*
JAMES H. DAVIESS, Esq., *Professor of Law.*
REV. H. V. D. NEVIUS A. M., *Principal of the Academy.*
CAPT. C. E. MOTT, *Teacher in the Academy.*
CAPT. W. W. GAUNT, *Adjutant of the Institute.*

*Educated at West Point. ‡Educated at the Virginia Military Institute.

Two hundred and thirty Cadets, from fifteen different States, have entered this Institution since it was organized, in 1847. It is entirely free from the control or domination of any sect or party, either political or religious. Economy in dress, in the adoption of a cheap Uniform, for Winter and Summer, is rigidly enforced. Every student is required to select a College guardian, with whom all funds brought or received must be deposited, and no debt must be contracted without the consent of such guardian.

An Institution combining the science of the West Point Academy and of Polytechnic Institutes, with the classical literature of our best Colleges, adding the modern languages, and superadding practical schools of Law and Engineering, nearly realizes the long-felt desideratum of a university able to meet the wants of Western progress—a university where all may select a course of study to suit their time, means and professional destination.

Mr. DAVIESS, the Professor of Law, is known in the various Courts as a practitioner of great ability, varied learning, long experience and exalted character. His eminent qualifications, the wholesome exercise and discipline of the Institution, and the convenient observation of the forms of judicial proceedings, offer unusual inducements to those who are earnest to achieve distinction as sound Lawyers.

CIVIL ENGINEERING

Will be *thoroughly* and *practically* taught in the Western Military Institute—the Professor, Col. MORGAN, being one of the most skillful and experienced Engineers in the United States. All the instruments connected with that department, have been procured at considerable cost, and of the best quality.

The Superintendent takes the liberty of stating that he is now offered seventy-five dollars per month for competent assistant Engineers. One of his former pupils receives at this time $2,500 per annum as Principal Engineer of a Railroad now under construction in Kentucky—whilst others of the same class are receiving in different parts of the United States, $2000, $1500, and $1200 a year as assistant Engineers.

The time is rapidly approaching when there will be a great demand for such as have been prepared for that vocation at the Western Military Institute. Nothing is hazarded in saying that they will readily command $1200 or $1500 per annum. Every man of observation must see that the gigantic enterprise already proposed, will give birth to hundreds of others, tributary to them. The rapid advancement of our whole country, and the eagerness of our people for exploring the hidden resources of the new States and the newly acquired territory, will give ample scope for ages to come, to the skill and enterprise of the Engineer, the Geologist, the Mineralogist, the Surveyor, and the Architect. Young men who have an *aptitude* for the Mathematical and Physical sciences, will have a wide field opened to them for engaging in an honorable, a healthful and a lucrative pursuit, for which they may be thoroughly and practically qualified, in a short time, and at small expense, at the Western Military Institute.

TERMS:

In the Academy,	$30 00	per annum.
In the College,	40 00	"
For music and use of arms and accoutrements	3 00	"
For fuel,	2 00	"

Boarding can be had in private families, at from two to two and a half dollars a week. When in Barracks, it is designed to furnish Commons at a uniform rate. Students from a distance will be required to board at the Institute, and have no communication with the town, except as allowed by written permits.

☞ The next session will commence on the first of September and continue ten months.

August 3, 1849. y—5.

DRIED APPLES.—150 bushels, first rate, for sale at the Farmers' depot.

Aug. 10, 1849. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Weaving.

HENRY GERHARDT informs the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country that he is now prepared to weave every description of

Carpets, Coverletts, Jeans, Linseys Cloths, Rag Carpets, &c.,

on short notice, and reasonable terms, and feels confident he can give entire satisfaction to all who favor him with a call.

He will also keep on hand Coverletts, Carpets, &c., for sale. His shop is on Main Street, south of Robinson's Tannery.

July 23, 1849. 3m6—pd

AN ENTIRE

New Stock of Goods.

THE undersigned is now opening and offers for sale a new and well assorted stock of GOODS embracing almost every article called for in this market. The stock was bought low, and shall be

Sold Cheap for Down Pay.

No time for particulars. Suffice it to say these goods will be sold RIGHT—and no mistake.—The business men of Fort Wayne are clever fellows. They must and will make this a desirable market town for people in this part of Indiana—the place to sell Produce and buy Goods. *I shall do my part towards it.* For the present call at the Buck Block (late Bartlett's Store) next to A. B. Miller's, R. M. LYON.

Fort Wayne, July 7, 1849, 6m1.

OUR BONNETS are Super China Pearl, Persian, Florence, Split Straw, Jenny Lind, Misses' Jenny Lind (for summer or winter,) and Queen's own, a style *just out*—for sale low. R. M. LYON.

July 20, 1849.

For Rent, & For Sale.

TO RENT—A House. To Sell—a few Bees. The "Daily Labors," &c.

R. M. LYON.

AFTER ALL—What one *does* is the thing—A man may *say* one thing, but *do* quite another. He may *say*, for instance, he will sell goods cheap—but will he? Call next door to A. B. Miller's, and see if I don't—see what can be *done*. R. M. LYON.

HARVEST & HAYING TOOLS—Of the best quality—Scythes, Sneaths, &c., &c. for sale low at R. M. LYON'S.

To Dealers and Pedlars.

300 Dozen Green's SPOOL THREAD—A new article—A. No. 1, 200 & 250 yds. on consignment. R. M. LYON.

FANCY GOODS.—Lawns, Silks, &c., the very latest styles, and at latest low prices—going—going—a look at them will do you good whether you buy or not—but to buy is the practical thing. July 7. R. M. LYON.

REMITTANCES of any kind of Property to California—or making enquiries. Can put any one on the track of the very person to do that business right. July 7. R. M. LYON,

THE CREDIT Business.—Of no use whatever. July 7. R. M. LYON.

THAT READY MADE CLOTHING—Is to be sold, whether or no—and some Gentlemen's Hats—do. and Palm Hats do. selling at the lowest prices. Summer Clothing—prices next to nothing. R. M. LYON.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of Turk & McMaken is dissolved this day by mutual consent. The notes and accounts are left with James P. Turk for collection; the said James P. Turk alone having the right to use the name of the late firm in closing up the unsettled business

JAMES P. TURK.
E. V. McMAKEN.

Fort Wayne, July 19, 1849. 4w3.

Notice.

THE firm of Turk & McMaken having been dissolved, all persons indebted to said firm on book account will please call on the subscriber and settle either by payment or note. Speedy attention to the above will oblige

July 19, 1849 JAMES P. TURK.

Groceries.

50 Bags Coffee;
5 Hhds. Sugar;
10 Kegs 6 Twist Tobacco;
15 Boxes 5 plug "
10 Bbls Molasses;

Pepper, Spices, Raisins, Nuts, Herring, Rice &c. just received and for sale at the lowest prices, HILL, WILSON & Co.

May 8, 1849.

FOR SALE.

A First rate THRESHING MACHINE, new and in good order. Cost $250 in Rochester New York. Liberal terms will be given.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jun.

Fort Wayne, June 29, 1849. 1652

Cutlery Manufactory.

THE subscriber informs the public that he has commenced the Cutlery business on Calhoun Street, south of the Palo Alto Hotel, and is prepared to make Knives, Scissors, Carpenter's Tools, and every description of Cutlery, to any pattern desired. He will also grind Razors, Scissors, Surgeon's Instruments, &c.

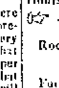
Locks repaired and Keys fitted; Silver & Brass Plating; Turning in Wood, Brass, Ivory, Iron, &c.

Having worked in some of the most celebrated Cutlery manufactories in Europe, he feels confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call

FREDERICK SEIGWALT.

Fort Wayne, June 16, 1849. 3mpd.

Undertaking.



THE undersigned are now prepared to attend on Funeral occasions as they keep READY MADE COFFINS of all sizes and different qualities; viz. Mahogany, Walnut, and Cherry, flat and raised lids;—also, covered with Black Cloth or Silk Velvet if desired. They will be able to furnish the same promptly and lower than the usual rates. Strict attention will be paid to Funeral Hours, causing no delay.

☞ *A Hearse and good Carriage furnished, free of charge.*

Room on Calhoun st. near the Spencer House.

JOHN M. MILLER,
LOUIS PELTIER.

Fort Wayne, June 1, 1849. y48

NAILS.—100 Kegs just received and for sale by ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Wabash & Erie Canal Lands.

I Will attend at Fort Wayne on the 10th, 11th, and 12th September next, for the receipt of principal or interest on Canal Lands.

Persons residing in Kosciusko or Noble counties can pay at Fort Wayne, if they desire so to do.

JOHN W. WRIGHT, Clerk.

Land Office, Logansport, } June 25, 1849. } td52

Valuable Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, for Cash, a valuable farm on the St. Mary's river, near the Bluffton road, and within two miles of Fort Wayne. The property consists of one hundred and nine acres of land, seventy five acres of which are under cultivation; a good frame dwelling house of two stories, an excellent frame barn with stables below, and other out buildings; and a young orchard of choice grafted fruit.

This farm, from its location and other advantages offers uncommon inducements to any desirous to purchase. The farm will be sold cheap as the owner is about to leave the country.

HOUGH & TURNER.

Fort Wayne Mar 31, 1849. 39.

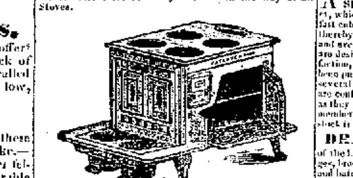
R. W. OAKLEY,

THANKFUL for the favors of the past, would respectfully inform his old customers and the public generally that his Fall and Winter supply has in part arrived, and is so well assorted that by the close of navigation all demands for the season can be promptly filled.

STOVES.



We place the "IMPERIAL AIR TIGHT" first; because we consider them decidedly foremost in the way of all Stoves.



The "UNITED STATES AIR TIGHT" is next, that many consider them equal, if not superior to those above—and with them may be classed the Washington and Troy Air Tights and the Quackenboss Air Tights, of Albany.

PREMIUM STOVES.

Among the different kinds of Premium Cooking Stoves we have the "Troy Victory," to the excellent qualities of which all who have ever tried them will readily attest. We selected them as the best premium stove in market, and the increased demand for them induced us to bring on a large assortment. We have also the common premiums from Buffalo and Cincinnati, and last though not least, the "Farmer," with no roses or superficial ornaments, but so well recommended that any one wishing a stove can take it, and bring it back again if it does not work well. Last, & least in the Cooking line stands the great "Hathaway," of Dayton, which we keep on hand for the especial benefit of those who prefer this to a better article.



Parlor Stoves of Cast or Sheet Iron; Dining Room Stove Shop and Store Room Stoves of all varieties and sizes from a meeting house to a 10 by 12.

In connection with our Stove trade we have added a small but well selected assortment of

Castings and Hardware,

Consisting in the main of all the most essential and necessary articles used by farmers and mechanics.

Our *Tin and Copper* business is still as noisy as ever, and all hands ready and happy to wait upon those who desire any thing in our line. R. W. OAKLEY.

N. B.—Old Copper, Brass, Rags, Ginseng, Beeswax, &c., &c., received in exchange for Goods. R. W. O.

Fort Wayne, October 23, 1848. y17.

If you want Bargains call at the Farmers' Depot.

ORFF & SCHWEGMAN have just received a full assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, which they intend to sell off without delay, to insure which they offer them so low that all who see will of course purchase—Amongst a great variety of

DRY GOODS,

all of the newest styles and best fabrics, they particularly call the attention of the Ladies to their

Berages, Chambrays, Lawns, Ginghams, Gingham Lawns, Linen Gingham,	Gloves and Mitts, Barege, Lawn, De laine, Cashmere, Sicilian and Lace SHAWLS,
Silk and Lace Fringe Gimps, Needlework and Hemming Collars,	Artificials and Wreaths,—a splendid lot;
Dress Handkerchiefs, Cravats, Dress Caps,	Leghorn, China Pearl, Straw, Lace and Open-work BONNETS; Veils,
Bonnet and Cap Ribbons—a rich and fashionable assortment,	Gaiters, Shoes &c. every variety.
Silk Scarfs, Parasols, Fans,	

besides a full stock of Staple Articles, such as Muslins, Calicoes, Summer Goods, Jeans, Sattinets, Broadcloths, Cassimeres, &c. *Ready made Clothing*

Groceries, Hardware, and Queensware,

a full stock of the best, offered at the Lowest Prices.

Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats; Glazed and Cloth Caps; Boots and Shoes; Umbrellas, &c.

COUNTRY DEALERS are invited to call, as the Goods will be sold at WHOLESALE as low or lower than they can be purchased elsewhere.

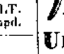
Wanted,—All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins, Beeswax, Ginseng, Yellow Peccoon, Ladies' slippers, &c. for which the Highest Price will be allowed.

Fort Wayne, May 15, 1849.

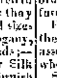
Not for California!!

CHARLES FINK,

Undertaker & Cabinetmaker,



RETURNS his thanks to the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country for the liberal patronage he has received, and hopes that by strict attention to business he will still continue to receive a share of public patronage. All kinds of CABINET WARE kept constantly on hand and made to order. All kinds of CHAIRS will be made to order and kept on hand.—*Furniture repaired* at the shortest notice and in the best style. Also,



Prompt attention will be paid to the

Undertaking Business

Coffins kept constantly on hand and made to order in the best style. *Hearses and Carriages* furnished on all occasions if required.

From long experience and strict attention to the Undertaking and Cabinet business, he feels assured to render full satisfaction to all those who may favor him with their custom.

Shop on Calhoun Street, opposite Mr. Kiser's.

Feb. 17, 1849. 3m33.

In Advance of the Telegraph!

W. SMITH & Co., No. 3 Jones' Block, respectfully inform the Ladies that they have just received their

SPRING STOCK

Of New and Fashionable GOODS,

embracing every thing really desirable in the Eastern markets, and which will be sold at prices to

Beat the Jews!

The Ladies are invited to call and examine this splendid stock, for exceeding any thing ever brought to the place. Their

New Styles of Dress Goods

are peculiarly rich and becoming; their stock of Bonnet Ribbons, is beyond comparison the best ever seen in the west; and as for Lawns, Ginghams, DeLaines, Calicoes, &c., &c., the half of what might truly be said about them would not be believed. Therefore a general invitation is extended to all to call and judge for themselves.

SEEING IS BELIEVING.

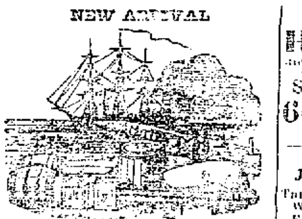
P. S. Beware of WANDERING JEWS, unless you wish to be shaven: you can buy a good genuine article at No. 3 for considerable less than the small pox pedlers charge for their damaged, imperfect, spurious, flimsy articles, which are made to sell and not to wear.

April 21, 1849. 42.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT—Gent's White Kid and Silk Gloves—an indispensable article on certain *interesting* occasions. Just rec'd, by MRS. DYKES.

Sept. 8.

NEW ARRIVAL



At the Ohio Cash Store.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN are now receiving their SPRING & SUMMER GOODS suitable for the market, which have been selected with a view to durability and fast colors. Having purchased many of them from first hands, thereby saving one profit, they will be sold at a small advance, and even cheaper than others are selling inferior goods. We are desirous that all goods sold by us should give entire satisfaction, as it regards durability and prices. The goods have been purchased in New York, and not in Cincinnati where several of our merchants have made their purchases, and we are confident that we can sell goods in Fort Wayne as cheap as they do in Cincinnati. This is an important fact to be remembered by those who purchase goods in this city. Our stock is new and fresh, we have a great variety of

DRESS GOODS & TRIMMINGS,

of the latest styles, consisting in part of silk and linen berages, brocade linen lustres, linen, English, Scotch, French, and hair cloth ginghams, balzarines, lawns, figured and plain jaconets every variety of prints. Beautiful plain and embroidered white crape shawls, berage and mous de laine do; canton crape scarfs. Also a large stock of French and English cloths, cassimeres, cashmerets, croton cloths, plain and figured satin vestings, figured and plain serge de rhone vestings, fancy do; plain marseilles vestings, Kentucky and cassinett jeans, summer cloth, cottonades, sattinetts, &c. A large stock of gloves and hosiery of every description.

BONNETS.—Beautiful French braid bonnets, French lace mourning do; Rough and Ready, China, pearl, leghorn, and English straw do; Misses Jenny Lind do, open braid and leghorn flats. ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS of every variety, mourning sprigs; also a splendid stock of

HATS.—Fashionable silk hats, English, Duesta, and Rutland, do Pedal, and plain and colored leghorn; also a magnificent stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Ladies' black and colored walking and dress gaiters, Congress half gaiters, Excelsiors, slippers and walking shoes, Misses' gaiters, slippers and morocco boots, childrens' shoes of every description and size.

Carpets and Rugs.

We have in store fine ingrain and Venitian carpets, Wilton and tufted rugs, Brussels carpet bags and satchels. We would here say to the public that we have made extensive arrangements with a house in New York, to enable us to open a carpet room, where we will during the course of the summer receive a large and splendid stock, and shall keep constantly on hand every variety of carpeting used in the West, together with oil floor cloths, matting, druggets, rugs, &c., and will sell them as cheap as a single carpet can be purchased in Cincinnati, at a small advance over New York cost.

We are daily expecting a large stock of sheetings and domestic goods, Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, &c., shipped by the Erie Canal.

WANTED—All kinds of Produce the Farmer has to dispose of in exchange for goods, at the lowest cash prices. We will take all the butter offered at the highest market price.—Don't forget the place, in Hamilton's block. Store formerly occupied by Thomas Hamilton, second store from the corner. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, we are determined to sell our goods very cheap, that we may merit the continuation of the same.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN.

May 9, 1849. y—45.

NEW ARRIVAL Of Spring & Summer Goods.

AYLSWORTH & BORDEN, are now receiving a large and splendid stock of spring and summer goods, comprising every style of goods suitable for this market, which they will dispose lower than any other house in the city.—If those can

BEAT THE JEWS,"

we can beat MOSE. In a word we defy competition—we cannot, we *will not*, be undersold by any establishment in the West. Particulars next *week.*

April 28, 1849. 43.

Nails and Castings.

100 Kegs nails and a full assortment of Hollow Ware for sale low at

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co's

Multum in Parvo.

JUST opened, at No. 5, under the Odd Fellows' Hall, Calhoun Street, a desirable

STOCK OF GOODS,

such as Fancy Satin Parasols, Silk do, Gingham do. cheap. Gingham Lawns newest styles and warranted fast colours; which will be sold low to the trade. A fine assortment of Ladies' and Gent's Hosiery, Sewing Silk, Twist, fancy Ribbons, &c, also a large lot of Howard's superior Pat. Thread; Gloves of every description; Artificials, &c. 100 M. Percussion Caps of various orders. A large lot of superior Cap, Letter and Writing PAPER, from the Lockland Mills; a very fine article of Imported Cigars: One Hundred Barrels Dried Apples for sale cheap. A good article of *Transparent Window Shades*, just the thing for the season.

We have not time to go into a general detail of all our articles; please call and examine our articles.

Country merchants would do well to give us a call. R. C. PILSON.

No. 5, under Odd Fellows' Hall.

Fort Wayne, May 10, 1849.

And Family Grocery Store

H. SAUNDERS informs his friends that his Bakehouse has arisen Phoenix like from the ashes; and having rented the building adjoining R. W. Taylor's store (a few doors north of his late establishment) he again offers for sale every description of

Bread, Cakes, Pastry, Crackers, &c.

of the best quality, trusting his old friends and customers will renew their patronage.

He will also keep on hand a general assortment of fresh

Family Groceries

to which he invites public attention. *No Liquors* will be kept in the establishment

June 8, 1849. 49.

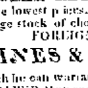
OLD HICKS, Image of his Father, and Mary Grover: also The Three Guardsmen, for sale at WALKER'S.

Wholesale Liquor Store

AND

Rectifying Establishment,

Columbia street, 2 doors east of Clinton, FORT WAYNE, Ia.



S. BEAL informs Tavern and Grocery Keepers, dealers in Liquors, and the public in general, that he has enlarged his Rectifiers, and is now prepared to furnish any quantity of superior

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKEY

at the lowest prices. He has also just received a large stock of choice

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC

WINES & LIQUORS, &c.,

which he can warrant to be superior and FAR CHEAPER than can be purchased short of the Eastern Cities. A call and inspection of his stock and prices will convince all good judges that they will both

Save Money and gratify the taste of their Customers

by laying in their supply at this establishment.

He has now on hand choice articles of pure old *French Cognac Brandies, Port Wine, Rum, Gin, &c.*, for Medicinal use, warranted genuine and pure as imported, which he offers lower than has been paid for the adulterated articles usually sold in this market.

His stock includes

Pure old A. Seignette Brandy	Pure Juice Port Wine
" " Eastern Chetruger "	Brandy's "
" A. Seignette "	Otherbrand's "
J. J. Dupuy	Sweet Malaga "
Several fine Domestic	Madeira "
Old Cherry	Native "
Jamaica Rum	Lemon
St. Croix "	Superior Rectified Whiskey
Old Holland's Gin	Old Rye "
Rose "	East India Bitters
Wheeler's "	Stoughton
American "	

Also, *Decanters, Tumblers, Bottles, Loaf Sugar, &c.* All Brandies, Wines, and Glass will be sold from

20 to 50 per cent. Cheaper

than has ever been sold in this market.

Persons wanting any quantity—from a quart to a barrel—of Wines or Liquors will do well to call, as they may depend on every article being exactly what it is represented, and at the lowest rates at all times.

Dec. 9, 1848. y—23.

Dr. Woodworth

HAS removed his office to his house, two doors East of the Palo Alto Hotel, Wayne Street. October 28, 1848.

Summer at hand and Fire out!!!

6000 Gross Matches, Superior article, Blue Top, for sale at the Notion Store of R. C. PILSON.

NEW BOOKS

Just received at Walker's Book Store.

THE PRAIRIE FLOWER, or Adventures in the Far West—the great premium prize tale!!—By Emerson Bennett.

A MAN MADE OF MONEY.—By Douglas Jerrold.

CORINNE, or Italy.—By Madame de Stael Holstein.

ILDEFONSO, or the Priests of Omen.—By J. H. Ingraham, Esq.

RAPHAEL; Pages of the Book of Life at Twenty.—A. de Lamartine.

THE BEAUTIFUL CIGAR GIRL; and its sequel HEMAN DE RUYTER, or the mystery unveiled.—By J. H. Ingraham.

NEW GOODS.

HILL, WILSON, & Co. are receiving their usual extensive stock of

Spring and Summer Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, &c. &c.

making their assortment as good as any in the city; which they will sell WHOLESALE or RETAIL, as low as can be purchased elsewhere.—Those wishing to purchase will do well to examine our stock and prices before making their purchases. HILL, WILSON, & Co.

May 8, 1849.

SHEETINGS.

20 Bales brown sheetings just received and for sale low.

May 9, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co.

LOG & Trace Chains, at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

STEEL.—Cast, German, Sweeds & American Blister Steel, at the FARMER'S DEPOT

COFFEE.—30 Sacks best Rio Coffee, just received and for sale low at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

TEA.—10 Chests Young and Old Hyson Tea; also Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, which is offered for sale very cheap at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

PRINTS.—500 ps. assorted prints just received and for sale at the lowest prices.

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co.

SUMMER STUFFS.—40 ps. Blue Drill; 100 do assorted Summer Stuffs just received and for sale low. HILL, WILSON & Co.

For the Cholera.

A Pure article of COGNIAC BRANDY, warranted genuine, recommended by the physicians as the best remedy for the incipient stages of cholera, diarrhœa, &c.

Also, Pure Juice old PORT and MADEIRA WINE for medicinal purposes; East India Bitters—an excellent tonic; *Cordials, &c., &c.*, for sale at the Liquor Store of

June 26th, 1849. S. BEAL.

Farm for Sale---Cheap.

THE subscriber will sell very low for Cash his farm situate on the St. Joseph River, about 9 miles above Fort Wayne, being a part of the Jack Hackley Reserve in Town 32. North of Range 13 East. It contains 65 60-100ths acres, five acres of which are chopped off smooth and well fenced, and about twenty acres more deadened; there is a good Hewed Log House, with an excellent spring adjoining on the premises.—The land is chiefly rich bottom land, dry, and well timbered, and as it will be sold at a bargain, and the title is indisputable, the present is a favorable opportunity for any one wishing to buy a farm.

For further particulars inquire of James Homenney, at the Stone Yard, Fort Wayne.

WILLIAM JAMES.

April 12th, 1849. 4—tf.

PERCUSSION NOTES, just printed, for sale at this Office.

Fort Wayne February 10, 1849.

TOBACCO.—A few Kegs and Boxes for sale at Wholesale on Commission, very cheap for cash only at EDSALL'S.

VEILS.—Black & Green Silk and Green Gauze for sale very low at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

Sept. 23.

DRESS GOODS.—Ginghams, Lawns, Barages, &c, a large assortment just received and for sale at

May 8, 1849. HILL, WILSON & Co's

No. 3.

W. SMITH & Co.

WE are again on hand with a large and beautiful stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

Consisting of *Prints, Lawns, Ginghams, Shawls Summer stuffs, Sheetings, Straw Goods, Boots, Shoes, Slippers, Hardware, Queensware, Iron, Nails, Glass, &c., &c.,* all of which we will sell at reduced prices. Notwithstanding the advance in the price of Sheetings at the East, we are selling

Sixteen Yards of Real Heavy Yard Wide Sheetings for One Dollar!!

Not the flimsy trash usually sold at that price which you can throw a cat through without touching, with your eyes shut, but the genuine heavy truck, good 'orhard service. We not only preach, but practice our old motto of no shaving on Orders, Due Bills, or Barter trades—we leave Shaving to Barbers and Jews, and in all cases strictly adhere to Cash prices. Try us once and you will try us again.

WANTED—Black Salts and all kinds of Country Produce.

SALERATUS AT WHOLESALE.

W. SMITH & Co,

Fort Wayne, May 5, 1849.

To Country Merchants.

I offer at wholesale
22 doz. E. & J. Wilbur's handled Cast Steel Hoes.
20 " superior article Grass Scythes.
20 " " " assorted qualities Scythe Snaths.
3 boxes " " Sythe Stones.

The above will be sold to the trade at manufacturer's prices, the same as they are sold at the places where they are made.

Merchants making out their orders for the east will do well first to examine these goods and their prices. PETER P. BAILEY,

March 3, 1849. Hard Ware Store.

Deeds and Mortgages

FOR sale by the dozen or single, at the book store of C. B. WALKER.

CASH paid for HIDES.

S. & W. S. EDSALL.

BRANDY & WINE.—A pure article of Brandy and Wine for Medicine use can be found at WALKER'S D Store.

3 Bbls. CAMPHOR for sale very low by H. B. REED.

DR. Hart's Vegetable Extract for Fits, also Dr. McKenzie's Elixir of Opium just rec'd and for sale by H. B. REED.

BRUSHES.—A very large assortment of White Wash, Shoe, Marking, Graining, Flesh, Paint, Dusting, &c., for sale very cheap.

Oct. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

IRON! IRON!! Just received from Cincinnati, a complete assortment of Iron which we offer for sale at the lowest prices.

42 ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

WINDOW GLASS.—Received per Canal Boat Erie 100 Boxes Window Glass of all sizes and of the best Brands, at a very small advance of the manufacturers prices

H. B. REED

SLOAN'S COLUMN.

☞ All the Medicines advertised by W. B. Sloan are sold by merchants, Druggists, &c. in nearly every town in all the Western States, and by H. L. BELCHER, Fort Wayne.

The best and cheapest Horse Medicine in the World.



SLOAN'S OINTMENT AND CONDITION POWDER, have earned a great name. For Purity, Mildness, Safety, Certainty and Thoroughness, Sloan's Ointment excels, and is rapidly superseding all other Ointments and Liniments now in use for the cure of the following diseases:

Fresh Wounds, Galls of all kinds, Sprains, Bruises, Cracked Heels, Ringbone, Windgalls, Poll Evil, Callus, Spavins, Sweeney, Fistula, Sitfast, Strains, Lameness, Sand Crack, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease Mange, or Horn Distemper.

The Powder will remove all inflammation and fever, purify the blood, loosen the skin, cleanse the water, and strengthen every part of the body; and has proved a sovereign remedy for the following diseases: Distemper, Hide Bound, Loss of Appetite, Inward Strain, Yellow Water, Inflammation of the Eyes, Fatigue from hard exercise; also, Rheumatism, (commonly called stiff complaint,) which proves so fatal to many valuable horses in this country. It is a safe and certain remedy for coughs and colds which generate so many fatal diseases.

W. B. SLOAN.

Grand Depot, 40 Lake St., Chicago, Illinois.

The Proof.

Extract from the Galena "Northwestern Gazette."

☞ By the use of Sloan's Ointment and Condition Powder, I have entirely cured a Fistula on a horse and otherwise improved him, worth more than 500 per cent., on the cost of the medicine. And a cow which was so feeble as to be considered worthless by myself and neighbors, was restored to good health and strength by the use of less than half a package of the powder, and is now doing better than any other cow I have. WM. VINCENT,

Small Pox, May 13, 1848.

THE SUFFERING CHILD.

I hereby certify that one of my children, when naked, fell into a large fire of live coals, and was burned severely from head to feet. The best of medical aid and attention was given to the child for four or five days without any relief—each day's suffering increased till his groans could be heard at a great distance, at which critical period one of my neighbors recommended and presented to me a box of SLOAN'S OINTMENT, and in less than fifteen minutes after the application of the Ointment to the aggravated sores of the suffering child, the pain ceased entirely, and he speedily began to recover. My residence is in Holt Township, Vermillion county, and State of Indiana.

THEODORE L. TAYLOR.

Dated at Chicago, Aug. 24, 1848.

EXTRAORDINARY CURE.

April 13th, 1848. Four miles north of Chicago, (on the road to Milwaukie.) Cook County, Illinois.

Mr. Sloan—Dear Sir: One of my horses had a large bony tumor on his breast bone, immediately under the collar, which lamed him and rendered his services of very little value. I then procured Wilder's Celebrated Horse Ointment, and used that until I became fully satisfied that it would never relieve the animal. Finally I obtained a box of your truly valuable Ointment, and in less than sixty days from the first application the tumor entirely disappeared, and the horse was well.

Yours, EDWARD ARMSTRONG.

POPULAR OPINION.

If popular opinion is any criterion of the worth of an article, we invite the incredulous to read at least a few of the many voluntary certificates that appear in our columns respecting the great variety of remarkable cures effected by the use of "Sloan's Celebrated Ointment and Condition Powders."

These remedies no longer remain among those of doubtful utility, they have passed from the tide of experiment, and now stand higher in reputation and are becoming more extensively used than all other articles of the kind.—*Mich. City News.*

The half has not been told.

Fox River, June 12, 1848.

Dr. Sloan—Sir: Please send by the bearer a new supply of your Horse Medicines. They are the best of the kind that I have ever used, never having been disappointed in their effects as I have been in the use of other, even the most celebrated Ointments, Liniments, &c., of the day. I like very much this feature in them, viz: that they do all that is promised, and upon a thorough trial one is constrained to add, that "the half has not been told."

Respectfully, M. DUDLEY.

THE DIFFERENCE.

The ordinary Ointments and Liniments it is well known, are severe and partial in their operation. Sloan's Ointment is mild yet thorough—it reaches and removes the cause, hence it gives real and permanent relief.

For purity, mildness, safety, certainty, and thoroughness, SLOAN'S Ointment excels, and is rapidly superseding all other Ointments and Liniments now in use.

WE CAN'T GET ALONG WITHOUT IT!

BEEBE'S GROVE, Will Co., Ill. }
October 24, 1848. }

Mr. Sloan

SIR: I have tested the virtue of your Ointment in the cure of rattlesnake bites, sore throat, burns, and many other injuries, and in every case it has surpassed our expectations. As a Family Ointment, I have never seen its equal, and for beasts we can't get along without it.

Yours, &c., MILES M. JONES.

Excellent Ointment.

Mr. Sloan—Dear Sir: For a considerable length of time I was seriously afflicted with a Rheumatic complaint, and applied freely various liniments, pain killers, &c., without obtaining relief. After which your Agent at this place influenced me to try your Ointment, and within two weeks from the time I commenced using it, the pain ceased, and I was effectually cured, and shall recommend all who are similarly afflicted with the distressing complaint, to procure your excellent ointment without delay.

Respectfully yours, OSCAR F. AVERY,

Princeville, Peoria Co., May 1, 1848.

☞ From the Hon. H. V. S. Brooks, Agent of the Illinois and Michigan Canal Packet Boat Company.

Chicago, June 24, 1848.

Dr. W. B. Sloan—

DEAR SIR: For the last 30 years I have had occasion to use many horses, and have used a great variety of Liniments and Ointments, but have never found any thing equal to your Ointment for injuries on horses. Within the last two months I have applied your Ointment to some 30 horses, for various injuries, and in every instance it has proved a sovereign remedy.

A FINGER BITTEN ENTIRELY OFF.

Two miles south of Chicago, Sept. 11, 1848.

Dr. Sloan—Sir: On the 8th instant my son had a finger bitten entirely off by a horse. We immediately applied your celebrated Ointment which relieved him of pain in a few minutes, and prevented the finger from swelling the least particle, and the wound is healing rapidly.

y2 Respectfully yours, S. BROADWAY.

Copartnership.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr., having formed a partnership with Reuben D. Turner, under the name and style of Hough & Turner, the firm will continue a general Land agency and Collecting business at the office of the "Indiana Land Agency."
JOHN HOUGH, Jr.,
REUBEN D. TURNER.
Feb. 1, '49.

Town Lots for Sale,

At the Indiana Land and Tax Agency.

THE subscribers offer the following Lots for sale, situate in Fort Wayne as follows:
HANNA'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 17, 34, 39, 40, 535, 278, and 279.
COUNTY ADDITION AND OLD PLAT.—19, 6, 48, 72, and e. 1-3 of 75, part 59.
EWING'S ADDITION.—Lot 3, Block 27; lot 3, block 3; lot 4, block 27; lot 8, block 3; lot 26; lot 9, block 3; lot 7, block 25; block 4.
TABOR'S ADDITION.—Lots numbered 2, and 30.
They will be sold low for cash or on a credit.
HOUGH & TURNER.
Feb. 3, 1849. y31.

INDIANA
LAND AND TAX AGENCY.

THE subscribers, proprietors of the above Agency, will continue the business of a

"GENERAL LAND AGENCY"

in its various branches, and tender their services to the public for the *Sale of Lands, Investigation of Titles, Payment of Taxes, Procuring of Patents*, and other services pertaining to a Collecting and General Land Agency Business. They are provided with numerous and accurate Maps of different counties, and of the State—have personally visited the greater portion of Northern Indiana, and have numerous and intelligent correspondents, and are therefore prepared to furnish extensive and thorough information with regard to the ownership, soil, location and value of lands, which will be afforded gratuitously to all who desire such information.

As agents for the owner, they offer for sale large bodies of choice land, well adapted to farming purposes, situate as follows:

	Acres.		Acres.
Allen County	16,705	Noble County	6,847
DeKalb "	7,921	Whitley "	6,893
Steuben "	2,868	Huntington "	5,354
Lagrange "	965	Wabash "	7,703
Kosciusko "	5,389	Miami "	627
Elkhart "	2,771	Carrol "	680
St. Joseph "	793	Cass "	640
Wells "	2,489	Fulton "	1,289
Adams "	906	Marshall "	527
Jay "	724	White "	1,347
Grant "	1,844	Montgomery "	720
Putnam "	897	Clinton "	897
Parke "	335	Marion "	160

The above lands will be sold for cash, or a part cash and the remainder on a reasonable credit. Title rendered indisputable.

They also offer for sale

Several Valuable Improved Farms.

In the counties of ALLEN, HUNTINGTON, NOBLE and WABASH and a large number of

Town Lots

in the towns of FORT WAYNE, HUNTINGTON, LAGRO, WABASH, PERU and MARION. Prompt attention will be given to all communications from persons desiring to purchase. Office at the sign of the "INDIANA LAND AGENCY," Calhoun Street. HOUGH & TURNER.
Fort Wayne, February 3, 1849. y31.

FRENCH PAPETRIES—A most beautiful article, good as the best, for sale at WALKER'S.
Dec. 9, 1848.

LATEST ARRIVAL.

At T. K. Brackenridge & Co's.

OUR long looked for stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS have come to hand, and we are now prepared to accommodate all who may favor us with a call. Our stock is of the latest and finest styles, having been carefully selected and intended for this market alone, and consists of

Dry Goods, Groceries,

Queensware, Hardware, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Muffs, Hoods, Bonnets, Furs, &c., Nails, Glass, Leather, Salt Wicking, Wadding, Batts, Cotton Yarn, &c. &c.

Our stock of DRY GOODS will be found, French and English Cloths of all colors and a variety of pieces; also Doe Skin, English, and Fancy Cassimeres, some of them very pretty; a full stock of Satinets of all colors and prices, from three shillings to one dollar and twenty-five cts.; Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, and Cords; a full and fine stock of

CALICOES *from Sixpence to two Shillings;*

Mous. delines, Blue and Orange for one shilling; a first rate article of full yard wide Muslin for sixpence per yard, do 6 cents, a fine do. five-fourths for one shilling, extra fine for one shilling 3 each; do. from 8 cents to two shillings.

To the LADIES, we would say that our stock of

Dress Goods and Trimmings

is extensive, consisting of Plaid, Satin, Striped, and plain Silks, Gro de Rhine and Gro de Suisse; Lustres; Plaid, Plain and Striped Alpaccas; Merino, Black Plaid, and Stripe, Wrap do; Cashmeres and De Laines. Also, a new and splendid DRESS GOODS lately brought into market and bearing the name of the great French Republican *Lamartine*. In the stock of TRIMMINGS will be found, Gimps, Fringes, Buttons, &c. Give us a call at least, Ladies, and examine our stock.

Our assortment of GROCERIES is large and fine. Java, Rio and Laguira Coffee from 5 to 11 pounds to the dollar; New Orleans, Loaf, Lump, Crushed, and Powdered Sugars; Imperial, Gunpowder, and Young Hyson Teas; Pimento and Pepper, ground and in the grain; Mustard, Chocolate, &c.—Tobacco—Cavendish, Common, Fine Cut, Pressed, and Smoking.

Our stock of QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE is large, consisting of Flowing Blue, by the set or piece; Liverpool; Agate do; Common and extra Tumblers; Pepper, Salts and Preserves.

BOOTS AND SHOES—A fine selection. Stoga Boots from 2 dollars to 2,50 per pair; Kip and Calf do., Youths' and Men's do, Stoga, Kip, and Calf Shoes, Youths' and Boys' do.; Ries' and Misses' Morocco Lace Boots, Buskins, Walking Shoes, Slips, and Children and Infants do. Ladies', Gent's and Misses' Gum Elastic Over Shoes, French, Scotch, Strap, and Manufactured.

Ladies' Muffs, a few first rate African Lynx, Jenet, &c. Misses' do fine lot. Gents fashionable silk and Fur HATS; Cloth, Plush, Oil Silk, Fur, and Seal CAPS from two shillings to two dollars.

Cash paid for WHEAT, and all kinds of Produce. Corn, Oats, Flaxseed, Beeswax, Ginseng, Butter, Eggs, &c., taken in exchange for Goods and the highest price paid for the same at the Illinois Store, Corner of Main & Calhoun Streets, opposite John Trentman's.
October 26, 1848. v17.

Abdominal Supporters.

THE Gent at the other end of the street had as well not get into a passion about an extra humbug, a *good* article can be found at H. B. Reed's for half the money; also Shoulder Braces. Call and see.

500 Boxes GLASS WARE just received from the Pittsburgh manufactories; also, 300 Boxes Window Glass, all sizes and of the best brands, for sale at a very small advance.
Dec. 9, 1848. H. B. REED.

300 Best Sp. Fl. INDIGO, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

LAMP OIL.—Three bbls. Purified Lamp Oil, for sale low. H. B. REED.

12 Bbls. Spts. TURPENTINE for sale by H. B. REED.

Co-Partnership Notice.

J. E. HILL & G. WILSON, have formed a co-partnership with A. M. ORBISON as Dealers in Goods, Wares, and Merchandise, at their old stand, under the name of Hill, Wilson, & Co. Also to conduct a general business of Storage, Forwarding, and Commission, and Dealers in Produce, under the name of Hill, Orbison, & Co., in the Warehouse recently occupied by Nichols and Hoagland.
J. E. HILL,
G. WILSON,
A. M. ORBISON,
September 16, 1848.

THE highest market price in cash will be paid for FURS by C. R. WALKER.
Nov. 24, 1848.

PRINTS from Sixpence to Two Shillings for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

POWDER, Lead, Shot, and percussion caps water proof and common, for sale very low by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

NAILS & GLASS of all kinds, for sale cheap by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

LINEN CAMBRIC.—A splendid article at the FARMERS' DEPOT.

FRINGES & GIMPS.—A splendid assortment. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

CARMINA SACRA: The Psaltry; David's Harp; Howe's Instrumental Music: Boston Glee Book and others just received at Walker's, No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE very popular novel Bragelonne, the Son of Athos, or Ten Years Later, by Alexander Dumas for sale by C. R. WALKER.

COLLINS' And Simmons' AXES, for sale by S. & W. S. EDSALL.

P. P. Bailey

HAS opened his NEW WARE HOUSE on the north side of the Canal, opposite his *Hard Ware Store*, and adjoining Hamilton & Williams' Mill where he is ready TO PAY CASH

For Flour, Wheat, Pork and Corn,

OR TAKE THE SAME ON STORAGE.

Country Merchants and Farmers, who wish to store for the winter instead of selling, can do so at a low rate of Storage, and have the same insured against loss by fire. If the proprietor becomes the purchaser while the produce is in Store, in that case there will be no charge for Storage. *Cash Advances* made whenever desired in Produce in store to go forward in Spring.

REFERENCES.
Messrs. Hamilton & Williams, *Fort Wayne, Ind.*
" Samuel Hanna,
" Hugh M'Culloch, Cash'r of B'k
" Peckham & Bradbury, *Toledo, Ohio.*
" Collins, Brown, & Co.,
" Brownlee & Brown,
" G. S. Hazard, *Buffalo, N. Y.*
" W. S. Bailey,
" Col. James R. Hooker, *Buffalo, Troy New York, and Boston.*

N. B. HARDWARE BUSINESS continued as usual at the old stand, sign of Pad Lock.
Fort Wayne, Dec. 7, 1847. 23.

HUMPHREY & BROWN
Stone Cutters and Stone Masons.

DEALERS in Stone, Lime, Marble, Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table Tops of Is quality, American & Italian Marble, Cut Stone for buildings, and all Jobs in the Stone Line done to order. Shop and Lime Kilns on the Canal, west of Ewing's Warehouse and Boat Yard.
JAMES HUMPHREY. JOHN BROWN.
August 15, 1846.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves!

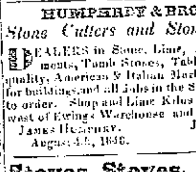
MORE of the latest styles and most improved patents in the way of HOT AIR COOKING STOVES, are now arriving at the Old Stand.

SIGN OF THE PAD LOCK.

From the following descriptions it will be seen that exertions the proprietor of this establishment is constantly making to supply the public with the latest improvements in the line of his business.

He now offers for sale the splendid 4 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking STOVE.



Warranted to economise fifty per cent in the amount of fuel it uses, and the time it takes to boil or bake, over any other stove in use in this or any other country.

The next is the same man's patent of 3 Boiler

Niagara Hot Air Cooking Stove,

which takes in nearly three feet wood, with all the advantages of the other. (See plate above.

These Stoves took the first premium at a recent fair of the Erie County agricultural society, New York.

Next comes the good old EMPIRE HOT AIR COOKING STOVE, which is as well known in this country, *with two ovens*, one being portable. Also, the

Hathaway Hot Air Cooking Stove,

the excellent qualities of which will be readily testified to, by a number of families in Fort Wayne, who have them in use,—the proprietor's own family being one of that number. The next is another new stove called the

Knickerbocker Hot Air,

which is now having a great run in the East, and no doubt will run quite as fast out West, as soon as it is seen and its qualities understood.

Then comes the Premium Cooking Stoves all sizes;

The Noncondensing Hot Air Parlor Stoves;

The Ten and Seven Plate Stoves;

All of them are made of the best and heaviest Castings, and are

Warranted to stand fire.

without breaking.

After these, comes the *Russia Sheet Iron Parlor Office Stoves*, made to order, any size that may be wanted.

TIN WARE manufactured and sold whole sale at Eastern prices. Country merchants will find it to their advantage to call here for their supplies of this article.

Tin Plate, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron and Block Tin to be constantly on hand and for sale to the trade, at the New York Hardware Store, sign of the Pad Lock.
P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ind., Nov. 10, 1847.

NOTE PAPER and Envelopes—a most splendid article for sale at
2 WALKER'S BOOK-STORE.

PURE LIQUORS.

A Fresh supply of Pure Liquors for Medical use, consisting of Brandy, Gin, Port, Madeira, and Teneriffee WINES, for sale at WALKER'S Drug Store.

No Cure No Pay.

I Would inform the world that I have a Remedy for curing or healing Ruptures, without any pain in the operation, and without even seeing the place thus ruptured. Some of the wise and learned may laugh and scorn at the proposition, but don't be too fast, this is no new fiction, my father has practiced the Remedy over forty years in the East, and I have cured three persons myself. I give this to the public, because I believe it to be my duty to do all the good I can to my fellows. WM. IBA.

And I would also request editors of papers in the Country to make a short paragraph of the above in their sheets, and by so doing they will confer a blessing on some of their patrons.
6m38

"Regular Authorized Agent" No. 2

THE "Express Arrival" brought to light in a "Notice Extra" a "Regular Authorized Agent" for *Dr. Fitch's Popular Remedies.* But as this is the first notice of the fact, we presume it was for *keeping them* not selling. Now we have a "Regular Authorized Agency" for *selling*, and we wish our friends to call and test the benefit of the Remedies. Shoulder Braces, Supporters, Inhaling Tubes, and Fitch's Lectures constantly on hand and for sale at
WALKER'S BOOK STORE,
No. 2, Hanna's Block,
Fort Wayne, December 9, 1848.

THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO, by Alexander Dumas, at WALKER'S.

NEW BOOKS

JANE EYRE, by Currer Bell,
Wuthering Heights, " "
Now and Then, by Warren,
Pride and Prejudice, by Austin,
Self Control,
Chrame and Counter Charms,
Just received at WALKER'S BOOK STORE

10 Cases Calabria and Cicily LIQUORICE in store and for sale cheap.
Dec. 9 1848. H. B. REED.

ORLEANS, Alpaccas, Cashmeres, Delaines, and Paramettas, very cheap
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Blank Deeds & Mortgages

neatly printed on
Beautiful Script Type!
For sale at this Office.

3 Cases double refined BORAX on hand and for sale cheap H. B. REED.

NEW BOOKS
At Walker's Book Store.
No. 2 Hanna's Block.

THE subscriber is now receiving his winter supply of *BOOKS AND STATIONERY*, consisting of a full and complete assortment of *Fancy, Miscellaneous and School Books, Plain and Fancy Stationery of all kinds*: being the largest assortment ever brought to this place. Come one! Come all! examine our assortment whether you wish to purchase or not.
CHAS. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, Nov. 18 1848. 26.

JAMES' NOVELS.—The works of G. P. R. James in cheap form, for sale at WALKER'S
Dec. 9, 1848.

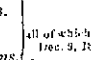
Wines and Liquors,

Brandy.	Wines.
J. J. Dupuy.	Pure Juice Port.
Joel Wolf.	South Side Madeira.
Chatnel.	Golden Sherry.
A. Seignette.	Mountain Malaga.

St. Croix Rum.
Holland Gin.
Irish Whiskey,
all of which are warranted pure for sale by H. B. REED.
Dec. 9, 1848.

10 Copies of the LIFE OF LUTHER translated from the German of Moritz Meurer—a splendid edition, with 16 beautiful engravings, elegantly bound, for sale cheap at the Farmers' Depot.
ORFF & SCHWEGMAN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Boot and Shoe Manufactory.



S. & W. S. EDSALL inform the public that they have commenced the manufacture of BOOTS & SHOES on an extensive scale, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. W. TRAIN, whose long experience and intimate acquaintance with the business, warrant them in saying that all Boots and Shoes made at this establishment will be of the best quality.

Coarse Boots, custom work, made of the best Spanish Sole Leather, warranted, offered by the case at $22.00 per dozen. Fine custom Kip and Calf Do. proportionately low.

They have now on hand and intend keeping a full assortment of all kinds of Boots & Shoes, such as
Ladies' Calf & Kip Boots, Children's do.
Boys' " "
Mens' Course and fine Brogans.
" Fine and coarse Boots, &c., &c.

They offer to the trade, at the lowest prices, Spanish Sole, Upper *LEATHER*, Kip, Calf, Lining and Binding Skins; also a general assortment of SHOE FINDINGS; PEGS of all sizes, &c., &c.
Jan. 15, 1847. 23y.

MEDICAL NOTICES.

DR. C. E. STURGIS, continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery at his office on Columbia street. Those requiring his services will meet with prompt attention.
Fort Wayne, August 16th, 1847. t8

DR. D. KISER would respectfully inform the citizens of Fort Wayne and surrounding country, that he has commenced the practice of Medicine in Fort Wayne, and all who favor him with their custom may rely on prompt attention.
OFFICE—On Calhoun Street, at P. Kiser's Store.—Residence on Main st., opposite E. Broom's Wagon Shop.
Fort Wayne, Oct. 21, 1845. 16.

DOCTOR JONES having returned from Mexico, may be consulted by his friends at his Office, next door to the Mayor's Office, Clinton Street, (between Main and Columbia streets,) *Fort Wayne.* y6 August 12, 1848.

DR. JAMES W. DAILY, *Fort Wayne Indiana.* OFFICE Front Room over Messrs Brackenridge & Stapleford's Store, North-west corner of Main and Calhoun Streets.

DRS. AYRES & ROWAN will give their attention to the practice of Medicine and Surgery in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country, and will at any hour promptly attend those who may wish their services.
Office, next door to Hill, Wilson & Co's store. Residence, one door north of the Spencer House.
Fort Wayne, Dec 7, 1846.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

WM. W. CARSON, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will practice in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, Ind., and will also attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care.
REFERENCES.
Hon. David McDonald, } *Professors of Law*
" William T. Otto, } *Indiana University.*
Samuel Hanna, *Fort Wayne.*
Thos. Hamilton, "
Allen Hamilton, "
Samuel L. Rugg, *Decatur.*
OFFICE—On Columbia Street, over Barnett & Nelson's Store. y32.

J. L. WORDEN. E. A. McMAHON.
WORDEN & McMAHON, *Attorneys at Law* have formed a co-partnership in the practice of law, and will practice together in the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of Indiana. Office continued in the second story of Evans' new brick store house, on the corner of Main and Calhoun streets.
January 1, 1849. 27

JOHN G. WALPOLE, *Attorney at Law*, Fort Wayne, Ind., will attend to any business entrusted to his care in the Court of Allen County, and in the Supreme and U. S. Court at Indianapolis.
Office on Calhoun Street, over H. Smith's store.
Sept. 23, 1848. y13.

G. L. STITES, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. He will practice law in the Courts of the 12th Judicial Circuit, and will attend with promptness to any business entrusted to his care. OFFICE—Removed to room over T. K. Brackenridge's Store, corner Main and Calhoun st. 1r17.

F. P. RANDALL, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Master in Chancery*, Fort Wayne Indiana. OFFICE on Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store

R. BRACKENRIDGE, *Jun., Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the payment of Taxes purchase and sale of lands, and examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.
REFERENCES.
Messrs. W. G. & G. W. Ewing, *Fort Wayne.*
" A. Hamilton, "
" S. Hanna, "
" Hugh McCulloch, "
" Alfred Harrison, *Indianapolis.*
" Richard Suydam, *New York.*
" W. Hyslop, "
" Alex. Kevan, "
" Jos. Jamieson, "
" J. D. & C. Jones, *Cincinnati, Ohio.*
OFFICE near the Bank, north of the Treasurer's Office

EDWARD F. COLERICK, *Attorney and Counsellor at Law*, Fort Wayne, Indiana. Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in Northern Indiana. OFFICE—Room No. 1, Court House.
Nov. 17—y.

Fire Engine and Carding Machine FOR SALE.

THE subscriber having been appointed agent for an extensive manufactory of Fire Engines, Carding Machines &c. is prepared to fill all orders that may be given him. The engines and machines are warranted, and will be afforded of any size and power. He sells on a liberal credit, or at a discount for cash. Inquire at the "Indiana Land and Tax Agency," Calhoun st.
June 1 (48) JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

FT WAYNE OIL MILL.

THE subscribers have completed their Oil Mill, and are now engaged in the manufacture of LINSEED OIL, and will constantly keep the article on hand, to sell by wholesale or retail. They also have OIL CAKE to sell—an excellent article to feed stock.

The highest price paid in Cash or Oil for Flax Seed. Farmers who wish to sow Flax Seed for the purpose of raising seed can be supplied on liberal terms.
RUDISILL & WOLKE.
March 14, 1846. y37

Ft. Wayne Woollen Factory.

RUDISILL & WOLKE having procured New Machinery for the MANUFACTURING of WOOL, inform their customers and the public in general that they will Manufacture Wool into

Sttinets or Full Cloth

of all kinds, on the most liberal terms, on shares or for pay. Those wanting their Wool manufactured must bring it in the fleece well washed.
May 6, 1848. y44

SHOES, GAITERS, &c.—Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, & Slippers—every variety—just rec'd at Mrs. DYKES' Fancy Store

SAWS, Mill, X Cut, Mill and, and Buck, of best kind and cheapest Prices.
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

BOOK BINDERY.

THE subscriber having procured the services of a cok binder, is now prepared to bind and re-bind all kinds of books in the neatest and most substantial manner. Call at WALKER'S Book Store.

MUSLINS.—Good yard wide Muslin for 6¼ cts. per yard at B. MASON'S.

Protection
Fire & Marine Insurance Company.

THE subscriber has been appointed an Agent of the *Protection Insurance Company*, of Hartford, Conn., at Fort Wayne, Indiana, and is authorized to

Insure Dwelling Houses, Stores, Warehouses, Mills, Manufactories, Barns, Stables,

and the contents of each, together with every other similar species of property

Against loss or damage by Fire.

The subscriber is also authorized to issue Policies on the most favorable terms

Against loss or damage on the cargoes of Steam, Keel, Canal, and Flat Boats, while navigating the Western Rivers, Lakes, and Canals.

On account of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to said Company, they have been enabled greatly to reduce their rates of Insurance, so that now every man has an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of these destructive elements.

For terms of Insurance, apply to the subscriber, at the office, of Hough & Turner, on Calhoun street, north of the Spencer House.
R. D. TURNER.

Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company,

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BEEN appointed an agent for said company, is authorized to make every kind and nature of Insurance appertaining to Life Risks, for a certain number of years or for life, grant annuities, and confer endowments.

The provisions of the charter of said company are peculiarly favorable to the assured—containing many important privileges, which experience has proved may be safely granted, and which are deemed superior to any heretofore offered in this country.

Married women may Insure the lives of their husbands, secure from the demands of creditors.

Creditors may insure their debtors, or debtors themselves, for the benefit of creditors.

The assured after a term of years, may at any time surrender the policy and receive its equitable value in cash.

The subject of Life Insurance is attracting much attention in the Eastern States, and commends itself to the favorable consideration of all, as by this means a comfortable support may be left to the wife and children when misfortune comes upon them, and the husband and father is taken from their embrace by the cold hand of death.

Pamphlets explanatory of the uses and benefits arising from Life Insurances, will be furnished those wishing to be insured.

The undersigned is also agent for the HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, HARTFORD, CONN.
F. P. RANDALL.
May 5, 1847. 44tf

Valuable Lands FOR SALE.

350 ACRES of the best land in Northern Indiana, situated in Allen County, Ia., seven miles west of Fort Wayne, immediately ON THE WABASH & ERIE CANAL, well watered and timbered—is offered for sale by the subscriber on very liberal terms and prices.

Also 150 acres situated in Marion Township, nine miles south of Fort Wayne, immediately on the Piqua road.

Also the west half of the south east quarter of section 17, town 32, north of range 15 east, in Springfield township, Allen county.

And a number of other tracts in this and the adjoining counties—all of which lands are well adapted to farming purposes, and are offered on the most liberal terms. For further information call on me at the Recorders office in this city.
EDWARD F. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 20, 1847. tf

J. E. HILL, G. WILSON, A. M. ORBISON
HILL, WILSON, & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, &C.
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

There is no real occasion for sickness!

Dr. Ralph's Pills,

FOUNDED on the only principle on which a UNIVERSAL MEDICINE can safely and conscientiously be recommended to the world. They are fast superceding every other remedy for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Acidity, Heartburn, Costiveness, all Impurities of the blood, Biliousness, Liver Diseases, Fever & Ague, the DISEASES OF WESTERN CLIMATE, &c. The reason is obvious—they act in

PERFECT ACCORDANCE WITH NATURE.

Their operation is exceedingly mild and pleasant, and if taken in accordance with the directions, which are remarkably plain and clear,

THEY CANNOT FAIL TO CURE

and to perfectly prevent diseases of every kind (see explanation of the new theory in the 'Ralphian' an invaluable paper which may be had gratis of the agents.) Their unexampled success in all the complaints of FEMALES, and those also attending pregnancy, is acknowledged by thousands.

NO FEMALE SHOULD BE WITHOUT THEM.

Testimonials of cures, of every disease the human system is liable to, often after all other means had failed, are consequently being received at the Central Office, N. Y. City.

Price 25 cents a box, with full directions, and Family packages at $1, (in which is much saving.)

J. B. Hanna, Fort Wayne, having been appointed general agent, will supply this celebrated medicine, wholesale and retail, on the same terms as at the Central Office.
June 13, 1849. 39

Read the following testimony from W. W. Steevens, principal of the Classical & Commercial Academy, Fort Wayne, Ind.:

"Having had repeated opportunities for the last fourteen years of witnessing the great benefits various persons have derived from the use of Doctor RALPH'S PILLS, and knowing Doctor I. RALPH to be a graduate of the University of Edinburg, a member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, and of the Medical College of the State of New York; also a Physician of *Long, Extensive and successful Practice*, I cordially recommend said Pills to all who may be afflicted with diseases for which the *Pills* are recommended, believing they will perform all that is promised for them if the directions for using them be strictly followed.
W. W. STEEVENS.
Fort Wayne, July, 1848.

"DEAR SIR: In compliance with your request I would state that I have used Doctor RALPH'S PILLS in my family for something like ten years, and am satisfied that they are an excellent family Medicine. I have no doubt but that the use of them has at different times saved myself and family much sickness and expense.
HUGH MILLER."

To J. B. HANNA.

The above Pills can be had at wholesale of J. B. HANNA, General Agent at Fort Wayne.

They are also sold at retail by A. B. Miller, Ligonier; E. D. Bartlett & Co., La Grange Centre; C. R. Walker, *Fort Wayne*; DeFrees, Wolf Lake; Peter Heller Eel River; Robert Dykes, Ontario; J. N. Alderman, Muy's Mills; L. S. Bayless, Bayless's Mills.

WANTED, 50,000 Bushels Wheat, 10 000 Flax Seed, and any kind of merchantable produce. We will buy, and pay the highest price in CASH. HILL, WILSON & Co.

DRESS GOODS.—A magnificent assortment of rich and beautiful DRESS SILKS, &c. very low. B. MASON

First Spring Arrival for the Ladies

MRS. DYKES has just received from New York a choice lot of English and American Calicoes. Also, Plain and Figured DeLains, Zephyr Worsted Purse Twist, Steel Beads, &c., all of which will be sold cheap for cash.
April 21, 1849.

THE IMMENSE
Mineral Wealth of California

HAS induced thousands to abandon the comforts of home and brave the hardships and horrors of a trip across the Rocky Mountains, or the perils of a passage round Cape Horn all of which may now be avoided, and as fair a chance found of making money at home. It is an old adage that *a penny saved is two pence earned*; there is no trouble in making money here, the only thing is, to keep it after it is made. This may in a great measure be accomplished by buying at

B. MASON'S
Celebrated Cheap Store,

where goods can be had so cheap that none who make all their purchases there can fail to save enough to make themselves rich, and that too without running the risks necessary to pick up gold on the Sacramento.

A large stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS has just been received, including a beautiful assortment of

Fancy Dress Goods.

Silks, Bareges, Linen Lawns, Linen Poplins, Lawns, Ginghams, Lawns, White Lawns, Swiss Mulls, Plaid Mulls and Jaconets, Victoria Lawns, Nankeens, Calicoes, &c. White and Red Crape, Embroidered Crape, Berage, and Silk SHAWLS; Parasols—a splendid assortment. Fans of every variety. Ladies' and Gents' Gloves. Leghorn, Palm Leaf, and Straw Hats. Besides all kinds of staple goods, such as Shirtings, Sheetings, Checks, Drillings, and all sorts of Summer Wear.

It is needless to say more than that the stock now on hand at this establishment fully equals all former ones, and is offered at even less than *Mason's unrivalled low prices.* Call and satisfy yourselves.

The stock of GROCERIES is large, and all of the choicest quality—nothing else is ever kept, and they will be sold as Cheap or CHEAPER than the inferior articles offered in some of the blowing *gas-houses* in this city. DYE STUFFS—Madder, Indigo, Alum, &c.

QUEENSWARE.—A large and most beautiful assortment of the latest styles.

HARDWARE.—A full stock, which is offered very low.

Every thing in the shape of BOOTS AND SHOES, from a Stogie Boot to a Baby's Shoe—including Misses' Gaiters, Slippers, Walking Shoes, &c., and Gents' Calf Boots, Water Proof Boots, Shoes, Bootees, &c. &c. at very reduced prices.

HATS AND CAPS in great variety—from a Broadway Box Tea to a shilling cap.

STATIONERY.—He has also a large stock of Stationery—including School Books, Cap and Letter Paper, Envelopes &c. &c.

Also an endless variety of NOTIONS—such as Steel Beads, Clasps, and Purse Twists. Combs in great variety;—Traveling Bags; Pen and Pocket Knives, and every thing else that is neat, tasty, fashionable or desirable.

SALT & WHITE FISH by the bbl. NAILS & GLASS.

In short, buyers will find any thing and every thing they can ask for, and for CASH can have such bargains as they have never dreamt of. All kinds of PRODUCE, Deer Skins &c. taken in exchange for Goods.

Notice to Farmers and PRODUCE DEALERS.

THE undersigned having leased the well known CITY MILLS, in Fort Wayne, heretofore run by *Hamilton & Williams*, take this method of saying to all interested that they are prepared and ready to Flour promptly any quantity of Wheat, on the most reasonable terms.

Farmers who have *Custom Work or Grists* to grind will always find one or more Run of Stones in readiness for this purpose.

All kinds of *Bread Stuffs* and *Mill Feed* at all times for sale.

CASH Paid for WHEAT at the Highest Rates.
HOAGLAND, COMSTOCK, & CO.
Ft. Wayne, Aug. 23d, 1847. ly8

STATIONERY.—Blank & Memorandum Books, 1st 2d, 3d, and 4th Readers, Spelling Books, Fool. Cap and Letter Paper, &c. at
Sept. 23. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

200 Lbs. Sp. Fl. INDIGO for sale cheap H. B. REED

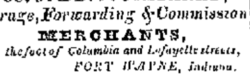
800 Lbs. Tartaric Acid and Sup. Carb. Soda of the best quality, for sale H. B. REED.

300 Lbs. CLOVES. Also 100 lbs. CASSIA, for sale cheap by H. B. REED.

FISH OIL, Tanners Oil, and Neat's Foot Oil, by the Bbl. or gallon. H. B. REED.

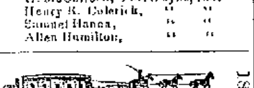
SPELLING BOOKS—Webster's and McGuffey's Elementary, for sale wholesale and retail at WALKER'S
May 13, 1848. New Book Store.

FRENCH PERFUMERY—A fresh supply just received at WALKER'S.



JOS. J. & D. F. COMPARET,
Storage, Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,
At the foot of Columbia and Lafayette streets,
FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Refer to
Suydam Sage & Co., New York.
Collins Brown & Co., Toledo, Ohio.
Brownlee Brown & Co., " "
G. S. Hazard, Buffalo, N. Y.
H. McCulloch, Fort Wayne, Ind.
Henry R. Colerick, " "
Samuel Hanna, " "
15tf Allen Hamilton, " "



HILL, ORBISON, & CO.,
(Successors to Nichols & Hoagland,)
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS.
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal advances made on Produce.

REFERENCES:
E. Haskell & Co. }
Smith, Robinson & Co. }
Collins, Brown, & Co. } *Toledo!*
Peckham & Scott. }
Field & King, }
Kirk & Lawton, *Piqua, Ohio.*
Ayres & Tunis, } *New York.*
Kent, Pong, & Co. }
Kimberley, Pease & Co. *Buffalo.*
C. McKennell & Co. *Cincinnati.*
John Rench, *Dayton.*
H. S. Mace, *Troy, Ohio.*
Fort Wayne, September 16, 1848.

Notice.

THE Firm of SAMUEL HANNA & SONS was dissolved in July last. This is to give notice to all concerned, that the notes and accounts due said firm, both in this county and Noble, have been put in the hands of Mr. WM. C. TAYLOR for collection, who is authorized to receive and receipt for the same. Many persons owing have been repeatedly called on for payment, and as often neglected to pay, until I have become ashamed to ask them again; but I assure all persons indebted that unless their attention is immediately directed to the subject, they will find those claims in the hands of an officer for collection.
SAMUEL HANNA.
Ft. Wayne, Nov. 29th, 1847. tf—22.

BLANK BOOKS.

THE attention of County Officers and others is called to a large and extensive stock of BLANK WORK now opening at WALKER'S, No. 2, Hanna's Block, consisting of Quarto, Cap, Demy, and Medium *Ledgers, Dockets, Records, and Journals.* Memorandums of all kinds. A liberal discount made to those who wish them to sell again. Call and examine.
C. R. WALKER.
Fort Wayne, May 6.

Removal.

MRS. DYKES returns her thanks to the ladies of Fort Wayne, and the public in general for the liberal patronage she has received while doing business in Columbia Street, and respectfully informs them that she has removed to the new Brick Block on Calhoun Street, two doors South of Smith's Corner, where she will be happy to receive calls from all in want of Fancy Articles, Dry Goods, &c.—a new supply of which has just been received.
Dec. 2, 1848.

Music Books.

PSALTERYS, Carmina Sacra, Missouri Harmony, David's Harp, by the dozen or single copy. WALKER'S.

SUGAR. 50 bbls. N. O. Sugar of the best kind at the FARMER'S DEPOT.

PRINTS.—150 pieces Prints of the latest and best quality just received and for sale low at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S.

SCYTHES.—10 Doz. Waldron's grain Scythes 5 do. Grass Scythes; 5 Doz. Blood's Grass do. for sale low. HILL, WILSON & Co.

GENTLEMEN'S
Furnishing Goods.
C. B. HATCH,
97 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK,
Between John St. and Maiden Lane.

IMPORTER, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Shirts, Cravats, Scarfs, Stocks, Gloves, Hosiery, Under Garments, Suspenders, Bosoms, Collars, Dressing Robes, Shoulder Braces, Handkerchiefs, Money Belts, Metallic Water-Proof Coats, Oiled Silks, &c. &c.

The facilities of the subscriber for importing and manufacturing his goods, enable him to supply his customers at the very lowest market prices; and every effort will be made to render it an object for merchants and dealers from every section of the country to give him a call.
C. B. HATCH,
3m50pd. 97 *William Street.*

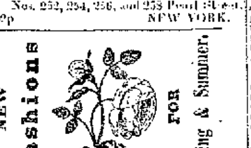
UNITED STATES
Wholesale Clothing Warehouse!!
LEWIS & HANFORD,

Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258, Pearl Street. (Between Fulton street and Burling Slip) NEW YORK.

HAVE on hand the largest assortment of CLOTHING in the United States, adapted to all markets! In the article of SHIRTS and DRAWERS we keep an endless variety. Also the most extensive manufacturers of OIL CLOTHING and Covered Hats in the world.

Plain and Fashionable Clothing

of all kinds. Catalogue of stock sent by mail. Orders promptly filled.
LEWIS & HANFORD,
Nos. 252, 254, 256, and 258 Pearl Street,
6m50p NEW YORK.



MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies that she has received a new and splendid assortment of SPRING GOODS and the latest Fashions. Among the great variety of BONNETS will be found all kinds of Fancy Straw, French Lace, Chapeau, Pearl, Devon, Rutland, Tuscan, Plain Straw, and a great variety of other kinds, besides Silk and Lace Bonnets of every description. Also, some splendid

SILKS for Dresses, Ribands, Flowers, Laces, Collars, Gloves, Zephyr Worsted,

and many other FANCY ARTICLES, all of which will be sold very cheap.

Bonnets cleaned and repaired in the neatest manner. DRESS-MAKING attended to in all its branches.

Shop on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller.
Fort Wayne, May 23 1849.

LADIES' and Children's SHOES, Gaiters and Slippers—all sorts and sizes—just received by B. MASON.

BONNET TRIMMINGS.—Just received a superb and fashionable assortment of Ribbons, Artificials, and other Trimmings.
May 6. B. MASON.

MOLASSES.—Sugar House and N. O. Molasses just the sort for Family use, at ORFF & SCHWEGMAN'S

FRESH GROCERIES.

MRS. DYKES has just received a stock of fine fresh Family Groceries—Teas, Coffee, Loaf, Crushed, and New Orleans Sugar, Molasses, Spices, Tobacco, &c. Candies, Oranges, Figs, &c. Children's Toys, Marbles, &c. All of which will be sold at reduced prices.
May 6, 1848.

WHITE CRAPE LISSE.—Just the article for Veils. Call soon and get before it is all gone. ORFF & SCHWEGMAN.

Shoes for the Million.
THE PROPRIETORS OF THE
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTORY

HAVING replenished their stock, and made further arrangements to accommodate the public, offer to their numerous customers additional inducements for their continued patronage.

At Wholesale or Retail they offer

Thick Boots,	Over Shoes,	Thick Shoes,
Gaiters,	Calf Boots,	Buskins,
Kip Boots,	Bootees,	Morocco Boots,
Rubbers,	Youth's Boots,	Mens' Gaiters,
Eastern Boots,		Stockinett Rubbers,
Misses' Buskins,		Children's Shoes, &c.

FINDINGS.

Pegs, Nails, Kit, Thread, Lining, Bindings, Lasts, &c., &c.

All the above articles and many more, we offer to sell at the *lowest prices* for DOWN PAY, and we invite the people of North eastern Indiana to call and be well provided with Boots and Shoes, and remind them of the danger of neglecting the feet in winter—to take care of the feet is to take care of the head, come one and all and be well shod—buy new Boots and get the old ones mended.

EASTERN BOOTS.

Dealers can be supplied with Eastern Boots of the best quality, better than those usually offered in this market, at eastern prices.
ANDERSON & Co,
Fort Wayne, Jan. 27 1849. y30

W. SMITH & Co.
No. 3, JONES' BLOCK, FORT WAYNE, IA.
DEALERS IN
Domestic & Fancy Dry Goods
GROCERIES,

Crockery, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Glass, FLOUR, SALT, *Fish, &c.*

Also, the best Sole and Upper LEATHER, just received. All of which are offered at the lowest prices.
SALERATUS at wholesale or retail.
CASH at all times paid for WHEAT.

More New Goods.

S. & W. S. EDSALL have received their spring stock, making their assortment complete, and at least equal to any to be found in the place.—The new arrivals comprise all the new styles of

Fancy Dress Goods,

Calicoes, Ginghams, Lawns, Trimmings, &c. Drillings and Summer Goods of every description.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c., &c., &c.

We are not disposed to puff ourselves into notoriety, like some of our neighbors, as we believe actions speak louder than words; but intend that all who give us a call shall be satisfied that better bargains can be had at this establishment than at any *gas house* in the city. Those who want genuine good articles at fair prices will find this the place to purchase. Persons living in the country, even if they do not want to trade over $5, will save money, by harnessing up their teams, coming here and getting articles they will have some satisfaction in wearing, instead of trading with those *Itinerant Israelites* who are now flooding the country with their trash.

A SAVING OF AT LEAST FIFTY PER CENT

will be the natural consequence of taking his advice. Call and try.
May 12, 1849.

AMERICAN REMEDY.

WESTERN NEW YORK
COLLEGE OF HEALTH.
207 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.
DR. G. C. VAUGHN'S
Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture.

THIS celebrated remedy is constantly increasing its fame by the many cures it is making

ALL OVER THE WORLD.

It has now become *the only medicine for family use*, and particularly recommended for

DROPSY;

all stages of this complaint immediately relieved, no matter of how long standing. *See Pamphlet for testimony.*

GRAVEL,

and all diseases of the urinary organs; for these distressing complaints it *stands alone*; no other article can relieve you and the cures testified to will convince the most skeptical; *see pamphlet.* Liver Complaint, Billious diseases,

FEVER AND AGUE.

To the Great West especially, and wherever these complaints prevail this medicine is offered.

NO MINERAL AGENT,

no deleterious compound is a part of this mixture. It cures these diseases with certainty and celerity, and does not leave the system torpid. See Pamphlet.

PILES,

a complaint of a most painful character, is

IMMEDIATELY RELIEVED.

and a cure follows by a few days use of this article; it is far before any other preparation for this disease, or for any other disease originating from impure blood. See pamphlet.

DEBILITY OF THE SYSTEM,

weak back, weakness of the Kidneys, &c., or inflammation of the same, is immediately relieved by a few days use of this medicine, and a cure is always a result of its use. It stands as

A CERTAIN REMEDY

for such complaints, and also for derangements of the female frame IRREGULARITIES SUPPRESSIONS,

painful menstruations. No article has ever been offered except this which would touch this kind of derangements. It may be relied upon as a sure and effective remedy, and did we feel permitted to do so could give

A THOUSAND NAMES

as proof of cures in this distressing class of complaints. See pamphlet. All broken down, debilitated constitutions from the *effect of mercury*, will find the bracing power of this article to act immediately, and the poisonous mineral eradicated from the system. ERUPTIVE DISEASES

will find the alterative properties of this article

PURIFY THE BLOOD,

and drive such diseases from the system. See pamphlet for testimony of cures in all diseases, which the limits of an advertisement will not permit to be named here. Agents give them away; they contain 32 pages of certificates of high character, and a stronger

ARRAY OF PROOF

of the virtues of a medicine, never appeared. It is one of the peculiar features of this article that *it never fails to benefit* in any case, and if bone and muscle are left to build upon let the emaciated and lingering invalid

HOPE ON,

and keep taking the medicine as long as there is an improvement. The proprietor would

CAUTION THE PUBLIC

against a number of articles which come out under the head of SARSAPARILLAS, SYRUPS, &C.

as cures for Dropsy, Gravel, &c. *They are good for nothing*, and concocted to gull the unwary;

TOUCH THEM NOT.

Their inventors never thought of curing such diseases till this article had done it. A particular study of the pamphlet is earnestly solicited.

Agents and all who sell the article are

GLAD TO CIRCULATE

gratuitously. Put up in 30 oz. bottles, at $2; 12 oz. do. at $1 each—the larger holding 6 oz. more than two small bottles. *Look out and not get imposed upon.* Every bottle has "Vaughn's Vegetable Lithontriptic Mixture," blown upon the glass, the *written signature* of "G. C. Vaughn" on the directions, and "G. C. Vaughn, Buffalo," *stamped on the cork.* None other are genuine. Prepared by Dr. G. C. Vaughn, and sold at the Principal Office, 207 Main street, Buffalo, at wholesale and retail. No attention given to letters unless post paid—orders from regularly constituted Agents excepted; post paid letters, or verbal communications soliciting advice, promptly attended to gratis.

Offices devoted exclusively to the sale of this article—132 Nassau street, New York city; 295 Essex street, Salem, Mass., and by the principal Druggists throughout the United States and Canada, as agents.

Fort Wayne, A. B. Miller; Lima, J. F. Wicker; Goshen W. Hodge; Ligonier, A. B. Miller.
May 15, 1849. 3ly

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

A new supply for the Spring trade just received from New York, via Railroad. All articles warranted fresh and genuine. Call at No. 2 Hanna's block. C. R. WALKER.

SHAWLS.—A splendid lot of White Crape, Silk, Barage, and other fashionable Shawls just received, and offered very cheap.
May 6. B. MASON.

Storage, Forwarding & Commission.

WE have erected a large and commodious four story brick Warehouse, and are prepared to store any quantity of produce, &c. that may be entrusted to us, either for shipment or sale on commission.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
S. & W. S. EDSALL.
Oct. 3, 1847.

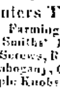
Cash for 20,000 Bushels OF WHEAT,
At the Empire Mills.

WE are prepared to pay Cash and the Highest Price for 20,000 bushels of good merchantable Wheat.

Farmers and Teamsters will save themselves much trouble and expense by driving directly up to the STONE MILLS and unloading; they will always get the highest price, and avoid the annoyance of being pestered by the barkers and whipper snappers from the Stores, who now infest our streets and are such a bore to all who bring wheat to our market. We are not much given to boasting; but as some of our neighbors are talking of wanting 10,000 bushels of wheat, we would inform wheat raisers that we can take in 20,000; as our Mill, besides being the best, is the biggest, the highest, and the strongest in the country. We have a convenient WAGON-YARD and STABLE, for teams coming to the Mill, and a HOUSE for the Teamsters; we always furnish feed for the horses, and occasionally throw in Supper and Breakfast for the drivers. This is nothing new with us—we have always thought it our duty to do so and should not now mention it if our neighbor had not set the example.

We keep constantly on hand FLOUR OF THE BEST QUALITY and all kinds of Mill Stuff; and promptly grind every thing in the shape of Custom Work—always excepting White Oak Tan Bark, or the "face of the Pear."
SAMUEL EDSALL,
Empire Mills at the Aqueduct.
Fort Wayne, Sept 6, 1848. 10tf

THE NEW YORK
HARDWARE STORE.

SIGN OF  THE PADLOCK.

IS now being replenished with a full stock of Hardware from the East, consisting of almost every article in that line that can be called for, consisting in part of every variety of

Carpenters Tools,

Building Materials, Farming Utensils, Anvils, Vices, Hammers, Smiths' Bellows, Shovels, Spades, Axes, Bed Screws, Rope, Clocks, Table and Tea Spoons, Mahogany, Glass, Black Walnut and Curled Maple Knobs.

Table and Pocket Cutlery,

Coffee Mills, Patent Balances from 400 to 1600 lbs., Frying Pans, SHOEMAKER'S TOOLS, Brass Kettles and Pails, Brass and Cast Iron Andirons, Brass, Steel and Iron Shovels and Tongs, Castings of all kinds. SADDLER'S GOODS of every kind and quality. A superior article of Ox, Cow, and Sheep Bells. COOPER'S TOOLS, including the Rochester make of Truss Hoops. Iron, Nails, Glass, and White Lead, in any quantity, either wholesale or retail. The best of Ames' Shovels and Spades, Wire Cloth for Fanning Mills, X Cut and Mill Saws, Scales, Weights and Measures for County Sealer—all to be sold cheaper than ever for Cash or Country Produce, (none use for credit.) Farmers will here find ready sale, and the highest price, for their Wheat, Corn, and Oats, which they are respectfully invited to bring along, while they are good.
P. P. BAILEY.
Fort Wayne, Ia., Sept. 19, 1846.